

Prospectus

# J.P. Morgan Money Market Funds

Reserve Shares

July 1, 2014

<b>JPMorgan Prime Money Market Fund</b>	Ticker: JRVXX
<b>JPMorgan Liquid Assets Money Market Fund</b>	Ticker: HPIXX
<b>JPMorgan U.S. Government Money Market Fund</b>	Ticker: RJGXX
<b>JPMorgan U.S. Treasury Plus Money Market Fund</b>	Ticker: HTIXX
<b>JPMorgan Federal Money Market Fund</b>	Ticker: JFRXX
<b>JPMorgan 100% U.S. Treasury Securities Money Market Fund</b>	Ticker: RJTXX
<b>JPMorgan Tax Free Money Market Fund</b>	Ticker: RTJXX
<b>JPMorgan Municipal Money Market Fund</b>	Ticker: OGIXX
<b>JPMorgan Michigan Municipal Money Market Fund</b>	Ticker: PEMXX
<b>JPMorgan New York Municipal Money Market Fund</b>	Ticker: JNYXX
<b>JPMorgan Ohio Municipal Money Market Fund</b>	Ticker: HOIXX

The Securities and Exchange Commission has not approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

**J.P.Morgan**  
Asset Management

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# JPMorgan Prime Money Market Fund

**Class/Ticker: Reserve/JRVXX**

## The Fund's Objective

The Fund aims to provide the highest possible level of current income while still maintaining liquidity and preserving capital.

## Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund.

<b>ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES</b> (Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)	
	<u>Reserve</u>
<b>Management Fees</b>	0.08%
<b>Distribution (Rule 12b-1) Fees</b>	0.25
<b>Other Expenses</b>	0.38
Shareholder Service Fees	0.30
Remainder of Other Expenses	<u>0.08</u>
<b>Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses</b>	0.71
<b>Fee Waivers and Expense Reimbursements<sup>1</sup></b>	<u>(0.01)</u>
<b>Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waivers and Expense Reimbursements<sup>1</sup></b>	0.70

<sup>1</sup> The Fund's adviser, administrator and distributor (the Service Providers) have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses of the Reserve Shares (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses, dividend expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, extraordinary expenses and expenses related to the Board of Trustees' deferred compensation plan) exceed 0.70% of their average daily net assets. This contract cannot be terminated prior to 7/1/15, at which time the Service Providers will determine whether or not to renew or revise it. In addition, the Fund's service providers may voluntarily waive or reimburse certain of their fees, as they may determine, from time to time.

## Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses are equal to the total annual fund operating expenses after fee waivers and expense reimbursements shown in the fee table through 6/30/15 and total annual fund operating expenses thereafter. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

<b>WHETHER OR NOT YOU SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:</b>				
	<u>1 Year</u>	<u>3 Years</u>	<u>5 Years</u>	<u>10 Years</u>
<b>RESERVE SHARES (\$)</b>	72	226	394	882

## The Fund's Main Investment Strategy

The Fund invests in high quality, short-term money market instruments which are issued and payable in U.S. dollars. The Fund principally invests in:

- high quality commercial paper and other short-term debt securities, including floating and variable rate demand notes of U.S. and foreign corporations,
- debt securities issued or guaranteed by qualified U.S. and foreign banks, including certificates of deposit, time deposits and other short-term securities,
- securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government, its agencies or instrumentalities,
- asset-backed securities,
- repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements, and
- taxable municipal obligations.

The Fund is a money market fund managed in the following manner:

- The Fund seeks to maintain a net asset value of \$1.00 per share.
- The dollar-weighted average maturity of the Fund will be 60 days or less and the dollar-weighted average life to maturity will be 120 days or less.
- The Fund will only buy securities that have remaining maturities of 397 days or less or securities otherwise permitted to be purchased because of maturity shortening provisions under applicable regulation.
- The Fund invests only in U.S. dollar-denominated securities.
- The Fund seeks to invest in securities that present minimal credit risk.

The Fund may invest significantly in securities with floating or variable rates of interest. Their yields will vary as interest rates change.

The Fund will concentrate its investments in the banking industry. Therefore, under normal conditions, the Fund will invest at least 25% of its total assets in securities issued by companies in the banking industry. The Fund may, however, invest less than 25% of its total assets in this industry as a temporary defensive measure.

The Fund's adviser seeks to develop an appropriate portfolio by considering the differences in yields among securities of different maturities, market sectors and issuers.

## The Fund's Main Investment Risks

The Fund is subject to management risk and the Fund may not achieve its objective if the adviser's expectations regarding particular securities or interest rates are not met.

# JPMorgan Prime Money Market Fund (continued)

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

**Interest Rate Risk.** Changes in short-term interest rates will cause changes to the Fund's yield. In addition, a low-interest rate environment may prevent the Fund from providing a positive yield or maintaining a stable net asset value of \$1.00 per share. Given the historically low interest rate environment, risks associated with rising rates are heightened.

**Credit Risk.** The Fund's investments are subject to the risk that an issuer or a counterparty will fail to make payments when due or default completely. If an issuer's or a counterparty's financial condition worsens, the credit quality of the issuer or counterparty may deteriorate making it difficult for the Fund to sell such investments.

**General Market Risk.** Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions.

**Mortgage-Related and Other Asset-Backed Securities Risk.** Mortgage-related and asset-backed securities are subject to certain other risks, including prepayment and call risks. During periods of difficult or frozen credit markets, significant changes in interest rates, or deteriorating economic conditions, mortgage-related and asset-backed securities may decline in value, face valuation difficulties, become more volatile and/or become illiquid. When mortgages and other obligations are prepaid and when securities are called, the Fund may have to reinvest in securities with a lower yield or fail to recover additional amounts (i.e., premiums) paid for securities with higher interest rates, resulting in an unexpected capital loss and/or a decrease in the amount of dividends and yield. In periods of rising interest rates, the Fund may be subject to extension risk, and may receive principal later than expected. As a result, in periods of rising interest rates, the Fund may exhibit additional volatility.

**Government Securities Risk.** The Fund invests in securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government or its agencies and instrumentalities (such as securities issued by the Government National Mortgage Association (Ginnie Mae), the Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae), or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac)). U.S. government securities are subject to market risk, interest rate risk and credit risk. Securities, such as those issued or guaran-

teed by Ginnie Mae or the U.S. Treasury, that are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States are guaranteed only as to the timely payment of interest and principal when held to maturity and the market prices for such securities will fluctuate. Notwithstanding that these securities are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, circumstances could arise that would prevent the payment of interest or principal. This would result in losses to the Fund. Securities issued or guaranteed by U.S. government related organizations, such as Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac, are not backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government and no assurance can be given that the U.S. government will provide financial support. Therefore, U.S. government related organizations may not have the funds to meet their payment obligations in the future. U.S. government securities include zero coupon securities, which tend to be subject to greater market risk than interest-paying securities of similar maturities.

**Municipal Obligations Risk.** The risk of a municipal obligation generally depends on the financial and credit status of the issuer. Changes in a municipality's financial health may make it difficult for the municipality to make interest and principal payments when due. This could decrease the Fund's income or hurt the ability to preserve capital and liquidity.

Under some circumstances, municipal obligations might not pay interest unless the state legislature or municipality authorizes money for that purpose. Some obligations, including municipal lease obligations, carry additional risks.

Municipal obligations may be more susceptible to downgrades or defaults during recessions or similar periods of economic stress. In addition, since some municipal obligations may be secured or guaranteed by banks and other institutions, the risk to the Fund could increase if the banking or financial sector suffers an economic downturn and/or if the credit ratings of the institutions issuing the guarantee are downgraded or at risk of being downgraded by a national rating organization. Such a downward revision or risk of being downgraded may have an adverse effect on the market prices of the obligations and thus the value of the Fund's investments. To the extent that the financial institutions securing the municipal obligations are located outside the U.S., these securities could be riskier than those backed by U.S. institutions because of possible political, social or economic instability, higher transaction costs, currency fluctuations, and possible delayed settlement.

In addition to being downgraded, an insolvent municipality may file for bankruptcy. The reorganization of a municipality's debts may significantly affect the rights of creditors and the value of the obligations issued by the municipality and the value of the Fund's investments.

There may be times that, in the opinion of the adviser, municipal money market securities of sufficient quality are not avail-

able for the Fund to be able to invest in accordance with its normal investment policies. As a temporary defensive position, the adviser may invest any portion of the Fund's assets in obligations subject to state and/or federal income tax, or may hold any portion of the Fund's assets in cash.

*When-Issued, Delayed Settlement and Forward Commitment Transactions Risk.* The Fund may purchase or sell securities which it is eligible to purchase or sell on a when-issued basis, may purchase and sell such securities for delayed delivery and may make contracts to purchase or sell such securities for a fixed price at a future date beyond normal settlement time (forward commitments). When-issued transactions, delayed delivery purchases and forward commitments involve the risk that the security the Fund buys will lose value prior to its delivery. There also is the risk that the security will not be issued or that the other party to the transaction will not meet its obligation. If this occurs, the Fund loses both the investment opportunity for the assets it set aside to pay for the security and any gain in the security's price.

*Redemption Risk.* The Fund could experience a loss when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices.

*Concentration Risk.* Because the Fund will invest a significant portion of its assets in securities of companies in the banking industry, developments affecting the banking industry will have a disproportionate impact on the Fund. These risks generally include interest rate risk, credit risk and risk associated with regulatory changes in the banking industry. The profitability of banks depends largely on the availability and cost of funds, which can change depending on economic conditions.

*Foreign Securities Risk.* U.S. dollar-denominated securities of foreign issuers or U.S. affiliates of foreign issuers may be subject to additional risks not faced by domestic issuers. These risks include political and economic risks, civil conflicts and war, greater volatility, expropriation and nationalization risks, sanctions or other measures by the United States or other governments, and regulatory issues facing issuers in such foreign countries. In certain markets where securities and other instruments are not traded "delivery versus payment," the Fund may not receive timely payment for securities or other instruments it has delivered and may be subject to increased risk that the counterparty will fail to make payments when due or default completely. Events and evolving conditions in certain economies or markets may alter the risks associated with investments tied to countries or regions that historically were perceived as comparatively stable becoming riskier and more volatile.

*Floating and Variable Rate Securities Risk.* Floating and variable rate securities provide for a periodic adjustment in the interest

rate paid on the securities. The rate adjustment intervals may be regular and range from daily up to annually, or may be based on an event, such as a change in the prime rate. Floating and variable rate securities may be subject to greater liquidity risk than other debt securities, meaning that there may be limitations on the Fund's ability to sell the securities at any given time. Such securities also may lose value.

*Net Asset Value Risk.* There is no assurance that the Fund will meet its investment objective of maintaining a net asset value of \$1.00 per share on a continuous basis. Furthermore, there can be no assurance that the Fund's affiliates will purchase distressed assets from the Fund, make capital infusions, enter into capital support agreements or take other actions to ensure that the Fund maintains a net asset value of \$1.00 per share. In the event any money market fund fails to maintain a stable net asset value, other money market funds, including the Fund, could face a universal risk of increased redemption pressures, potentially jeopardizing the stability of their net asset values. In general, certain other money market funds have in the past failed to maintain stable net asset values and there can be no assurance that such failures and resulting redemption pressures will not occur in the future.

*Repurchase Agreement Risk.* There is a risk that the counterparty to a repurchase agreement will default or otherwise become unable to honor a financial obligation and the value of your investment could decline as a result.

*Risk Associated with the Fund Holding Cash.* Although the Fund seeks to be fully invested, it may at times hold some of its assets in cash, which may hurt the Fund's performance.

*Risk of Regulation of Money Market Funds.* Money market funds are subject to diversity, liquidity, credit quality, and maturity requirements pursuant to Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") rules. The SEC and other regulatory agencies continue to review the regulation of money market funds, and may take additional regulatory action in the future. These changes may affect the securities and markets in which the Fund invests. These changes may also impact the Fund's ability to implement its investment strategies as well as its future operations, expenses and/or yields.

*Privately Placed Securities Risk.* Privately placed securities generally are less liquid than publicly traded securities and the Fund may not always be able to sell such securities without experiencing delays in finding buyers or reducing the sale price for such securities. The disposition of some of the securities held by the Fund may be restricted under federal securities laws. As a result, the Fund may not be able to dispose of such investments at a time when, or at a price at which, it desires to do so and may have to bear expenses of registering these securities, if necessary. These securities may also be difficult to value.

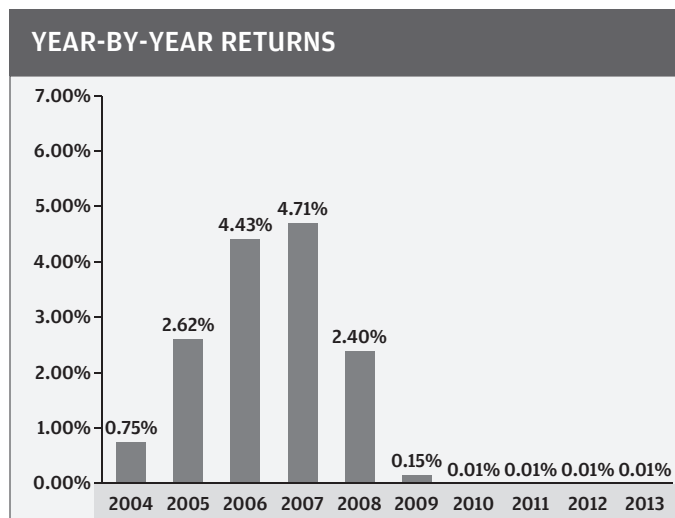
# JPMorgan Prime Money Market Fund (continued)

Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency. Although the Fund seeks to preserve the value of your investment at \$1.00 per share, it is possible to lose money by investing in the Fund.

## The Fund's Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund's Reserve Shares has varied from year to year for the past ten calendar years. The table shows the average annual total returns over the past one year, five years and ten years.

To obtain current yield information call 1-800-766-7722. Past performance is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future.



<b>Best Quarter</b>	3Q 2007	<b>1.19%</b>
<b>Worst Quarter</b>	3Q and 4Q 2009	<b>0.00%</b>
	1Q, 2Q, 3Q and 4Q 2010	
	1Q, 2Q, 3Q and 4Q 2011	
	1Q, 2Q, 3Q and 4Q 2012	
	1Q, 2Q, 3Q and 4Q 2013	

The Fund's year-to-date total return as of 3/31/14 was 0.00%.

## AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (For periods ended December 31, 2013)

	Past 1 Year	Past 5 Years	Past 10 Years
<b>RESERVE SHARES</b>	0.01%	0.04%	1.49%

## Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc.

## Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Purchase minimums

For Reserve Shares

To establish an account	\$10,000,000
To add to an account	No minimum levels

You may purchase or redeem shares on any business day that the Fund is open:

- Through your financial intermediary
- By writing to J.P. Morgan Institutional Funds Service Center, 500 Stanton Christiana Road, 3-OPS3, Newark, DE 19713
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Institutional Funds Service Center at 1-800-766-7722

## Tax Information

The Fund intends to make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in an IRA, 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

## Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the financial intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

# JPMorgan Liquid Assets Money Market Fund

**Class/Ticker: Reserve/HPIXX**

## The Fund's Objective

The Fund seeks current income with liquidity and stability of principal.

## Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund.

<b>ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES</b> (Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)	
	<b>Reserve</b>
<b>Management Fees</b>	0.08%
<b>Distribution (Rule 12b-1) Fees</b>	0.25
<b>Other Expenses</b>	0.40
Shareholder Service Fees	0.30
Remainder of Other Expenses	0.10
<b>Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses</b>	0.73
<b>Fee Waivers and Expense Reimbursements<sup>1</sup></b>	(0.03)
<b>Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waivers and Expense Reimbursements<sup>1</sup></b>	0.70

<sup>1</sup> The Fund's adviser, administrator and distributor (the Service Providers) have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses of the Reserve Shares (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses, dividend expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, extraordinary expenses and expenses related to the Board of Trustees' deferred compensation plan) exceed 0.70% of their average daily net assets. This contract cannot be terminated prior to 7/1/15, at which time the Service Providers will determine whether or not to renew or revise it. In addition, the Fund's service providers may voluntarily waive or reimburse certain of their fees, as they may determine, from time to time.

## Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses are equal to the total annual fund operating expenses after fee waivers and expense reimbursements shown in the fee table through 6/30/15 and total annual fund operating expenses thereafter. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

<b>WHETHER OR NOT YOU SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:</b>				
	<b>1 Year</b>	<b>3 Years</b>	<b>5 Years</b>	<b>10 Years</b>
<b>RESERVE SHARES (\$)</b>	72	230	403	904

## The Fund's Main Investment Strategy

The Fund invests in high quality, short-term money market instruments which are issued and payable in U.S. dollars. The Fund principally invests in:

- high quality commercial paper and other short-term debt securities, including floating and variable rate demand notes of U.S. and foreign corporations,
- debt securities issued or guaranteed by qualified U.S. and foreign banks, including certificates of deposit, time deposits and other short-term securities,
- securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government, its agencies or instrumentalities,
- asset-backed securities,
- repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements, and
- taxable municipal obligations.

The Fund is a money market fund managed in the following manner:

- The Fund seeks to maintain a net asset value of \$1.00 per share.
- The dollar-weighted average maturity of the Fund will be 60 days or less and the dollar-weighted average life to maturity will be 120 days or less.
- The Fund will only buy securities that have remaining maturities of 397 days or less or securities otherwise permitted to be purchased because of maturity shortening provisions under applicable regulation.
- The Fund invests only in U.S. dollar-denominated securities.
- The Fund seeks to invest in securities that present minimal credit risk.

The Fund may invest significantly in securities with floating or variable rates of interest. Their yields will vary as interest rates change.

The Fund will concentrate its investments in the financial services industry, including asset-backed commercial paper programs. Therefore, under normal conditions, the Fund will invest at least 25% of its total assets in securities issued by companies in the financial services industry, which includes banks, broker-dealers, finance companies and other issuers of asset-backed securities. The Fund may, however, invest less than 25% of its total assets in this industry if warranted due to adverse economic conditions or if investing less than 25% appears to be in the best interest of shareholders.

The Fund's adviser seeks to develop an appropriate portfolio by considering the differences in yields among securities of different maturities, market sectors and issuers.

# JPMorgan Liquid Assets Money Market Fund (continued)

## The Fund's Main Investment Risks

The Fund is subject to management risk and the Fund may not achieve its objective if the adviser's expectations regarding particular securities or interest rates are not met.

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

*Interest Rate Risk.* Changes in short-term interest rates will cause changes to the Fund's yield. In addition, a low-interest rate environment may prevent the Fund from providing a positive yield or maintaining a stable net asset value of \$1.00 per share. Given the historically low interest rate environment, risks associated with rising rates are heightened.

*Credit Risk.* The Fund's investments are subject to the risk that an issuer or a counterparty will fail to make payments when due or default completely. If an issuer's or a counterparty's financial condition worsens, the credit quality of the issuer or counterparty may deteriorate making it difficult for the Fund to sell such investments.

*General Market Risk.* Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions.

*Mortgage-Related and Other Asset-Backed Securities Risk.* Mortgage-related and asset-backed securities are subject to certain other risks, including prepayment and call risks. During periods of difficult or frozen credit markets, significant changes in interest rates, or deteriorating economic conditions, mortgage-related and asset-backed securities may decline in value, face valuation difficulties, become more volatile and/or become illiquid. When mortgages and other obligations are prepaid and when securities are called, the Fund may have to reinvest in securities with a lower yield or fail to recover additional amounts (i.e., premiums) paid for securities with higher interest rates, resulting in an unexpected capital loss and/or a decrease in the amount of dividends and yield. In periods of rising interest rates, the Fund may be subject to extension risk, and may receive principal later than expected. As a result, in periods of rising interest rates, the Fund may exhibit additional volatility.

*Government Securities Risk.* The Fund invests in securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government or its agencies

and instrumentalities (such as securities issued by the Government National Mortgage Association (Ginnie Mae), the Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae), or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac)). U.S. government securities are subject to market risk, interest rate risk and credit risk. Securities, such as those issued or guaranteed by Ginnie Mae or the U.S. Treasury, that are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States are guaranteed only as to the timely payment of interest and principal when held to maturity and the market prices for such securities will fluctuate. Notwithstanding that these securities are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, circumstances could arise that would prevent the payment of interest or principal. This would result in losses to the Fund. Securities issued or guaranteed by U.S. government related organizations, such as Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac, are not backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government and no assurance can be given that the U.S. government will provide financial support. Therefore, U.S. government related organizations may not have the funds to meet their payment obligations in the future. U.S. government securities include zero coupon securities, which tend to be subject to greater market risk than interest-paying securities of similar maturities.

*Municipal Obligations Risk.* The risk of a municipal obligation generally depends on the financial and credit status of the issuer. Changes in a municipality's financial health may make it difficult for the municipality to make interest and principal payments when due. This could decrease the Fund's income or hurt the ability to preserve capital and liquidity.

Under some circumstances, municipal obligations might not pay interest unless the state legislature or municipality authorizes money for that purpose. Some obligations, including municipal lease obligations, carry additional risks.

Municipal obligations may be more susceptible to downgrades or defaults during recessions or similar periods of economic stress. In addition, since some municipal obligations may be secured or guaranteed by banks and other institutions, the risk to the Fund could increase if the banking or financial sector suffers an economic downturn and/or if the credit ratings of the institutions issuing the guarantee are downgraded or at risk of being downgraded by a national rating organization. Such a downward revision or risk of being downgraded may have an adverse effect on the market prices of the obligations and thus the value of the Fund's investments. To the extent that the financial institutions securing the municipal obligations are located outside the U.S., these securities could be riskier than those backed by U.S. institutions because of possible political, social or economic instability, higher transaction costs, currency fluctuations, and possible delayed settlement.

In addition to being downgraded, an insolvent municipality may file for bankruptcy. The reorganization of a municipality's debts



may significantly affect the rights of creditors and the value of the obligations issued by the municipality and the value of the Fund's investments.

There may be times that, in the opinion of the adviser, municipal money market securities of sufficient quality are not available for the Fund to be able to invest in accordance with its normal investment policies. As a temporary defensive position, the adviser may invest any portion of the Fund's assets in obligations subject to state and/or federal income tax, or may hold any portion of the Fund's assets in cash.

*When-Issued, Delayed Settlement and Forward Commitment Transactions Risk.* The Fund may purchase or sell securities which it is eligible to purchase or sell on a when-issued basis, may purchase and sell such securities for delayed delivery and may make contracts to purchase or sell such securities for a fixed price at a future date beyond normal settlement time (forward commitments). When-issued transactions, delayed delivery purchases and forward commitments involve the risk that the security the Fund buys will lose value prior to its delivery. There also is the risk that the security will not be issued or that the other party to the transaction will not meet its obligation. If this occurs, the Fund loses both the investment opportunity for the assets it set aside to pay for the security and any gain in the security's price.

*Redemption Risk.* The Fund could experience a loss when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices.

*Concentration Risk.* Because the Fund will invest a significant portion of its assets in securities of companies in the financial services industry, developments affecting the financial services industry will have a disproportionate impact on the Fund. These risks generally include interest rate risk, credit risk and risk associated with regulatory changes in the financial services industry. In addition, financial services companies are highly dependent on the supply of short-term financing.

*Foreign Securities Risk.* U.S. dollar-denominated securities of foreign issuers or U.S. affiliates of foreign issuers may be subject to additional risks not faced by domestic issuers. These risks include political and economic risks, civil conflicts and war, greater volatility, expropriation and nationalization risks, sanctions or other measures by the United States or other governments, and regulatory issues facing issuers in such foreign countries. In certain markets where securities and other instruments are not traded "delivery versus payment," the Fund may not receive timely payment for securities or other instruments it has delivered and may be subject to increased risk that the counterparty will fail to make payments when due or default completely. Events and evolving conditions in certain economies or markets may alter

the risks associated with investments tied to countries or regions that historically were perceived as comparatively stable becoming riskier and more volatile.

*Floating and Variable Rate Securities Risk.* Floating and variable rate securities provide for a periodic adjustment in the interest rate paid on the securities. The rate adjustment intervals may be regular and range from daily up to annually, or may be based on an event, such as a change in the prime rate. Floating and variable rate securities may be subject to greater liquidity risk than other debt securities, meaning that there may be limitations on the Fund's ability to sell the securities at any given time. Such securities also may lose value.

*Net Asset Value Risk.* There is no assurance that the Fund will meet its investment objective of maintaining a net asset value of \$1.00 per share on a continuous basis. Furthermore, there can be no assurance that the Fund's affiliates will purchase distressed assets from the Fund, make capital infusions, enter into capital support agreements or take other actions to ensure that the Fund maintains a net asset value of \$1.00 per share. In the event any money market fund fails to maintain a stable net asset value, other money market funds, including the Fund, could face a universal risk of increased redemption pressures, potentially jeopardizing the stability of their net asset values. In general, certain other money market funds have in the past failed to maintain stable net asset values and there can be no assurance that such failures and resulting redemption pressures will not occur in the future.

*Repurchase Agreement Risk.* There is a risk that the counterparty to a repurchase agreement will default or otherwise become unable to honor a financial obligation and the value of your investment could decline as a result.

*Risk Associated with the Fund Holding Cash.* Although the Fund seeks to be fully invested, it may at times hold some of its assets in cash, which may hurt the Fund's performance.

*Risk of Regulation of Money Market Funds.* Money market funds are subject to diversity, liquidity, credit quality, and maturity requirements pursuant to Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") rules. The SEC and other regulatory agencies continue to review the regulation of money market funds, and may take additional regulatory action in the future. These changes may affect the securities and markets in which the Fund invests. These changes may also impact the Fund's ability to implement its investment strategies as well as its future operations, expenses and/or yields.

*Privately Placed Securities Risk.* Privately placed securities generally are less liquid than publicly traded securities and the Fund may not always be able to sell such securities without experiencing delays in finding buyers or reducing the sale price for such securities. The disposition of some of the securities held by the Fund may be restricted under federal securities laws. As a result,

# JPMorgan Liquid Assets Money Market Fund (continued)

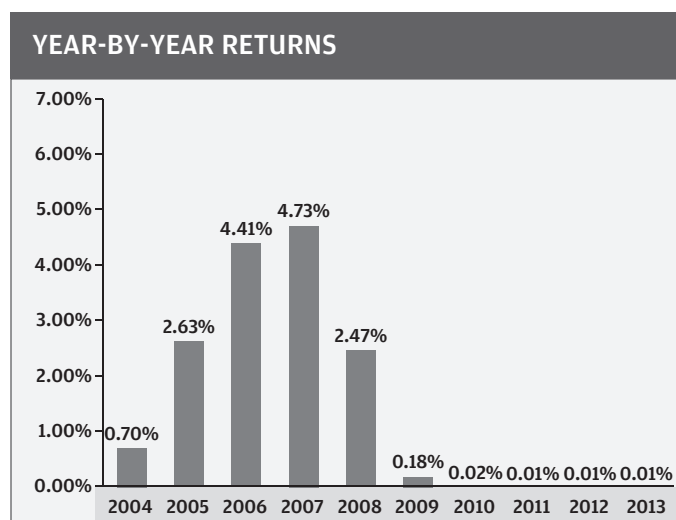
the Fund may not be able to dispose of such investments at a time when, or at a price at which, it desires to do so and may have to bear expenses of registering these securities, if necessary. These securities may also be difficult to value.

Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency. Although the Fund seeks to preserve the value of your investment at \$1.00 per share, it is possible to lose money by investing in the Fund.

## The Fund's Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund's Reserve Shares has varied from year to year for the past ten calendar years. The table shows the average annual total returns over the past one year, five years and ten years.

To obtain current yield information call 1-800-766-7722. Past performance is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future.



**Best Quarter** 3Q 2007 **1.20%**

**Worst Quarter** 3Q and 4Q 2009 **0.00%**

1Q, 2Q and 3Q 2010  
1Q, 2Q, 3Q and 4Q 2011  
1Q, 2Q, 3Q and 4Q 2012  
1Q, 2Q, 3Q and 4Q 2013

The Fund's year-to-date total return as of 3/31/14 was 0.00%.

## AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (For periods ended December 31, 2013)

	Past 1 Year	Past 5 Years	Past 10 Years
<b>RESERVE SHARES</b>	0.01%	0.05%	1.50%

## Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc.

## Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Purchase minimums

For Reserve Shares

To establish an account	\$10,000,000
To add to an account	No minimum levels

You may purchase or redeem shares on any business day that the Fund is open:

- Through your financial intermediary
- By writing to J.P. Morgan Institutional Funds Service Center, 500 Stanton Christiana Road, 3-OPS3, Newark, DE 19713
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Institutional Funds Service Center at 1-800-766-7722

## Tax Information

The Fund intends to make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in an IRA, 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

## Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the financial intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

# JPMorgan U.S. Government Money Market Fund

**Class/Ticker: Reserve/RJGXX**

## The Fund's Objective

The Fund seeks high current income with liquidity and stability of principal.

## Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund.

<b>ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES</b> (Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)	
	<u>Reserve</u>
<b>Management Fees</b>	0.08%
<b>Distribution (Rule 12b-1) Fees</b>	0.25
<b>Other Expenses</b>	0.38
Shareholder Service Fees	0.30
Remainder of Other Expenses	<u>0.08</u>
<b>Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses</b>	0.71
<b>Fee Waivers and Expense Reimbursements<sup>1</sup></b>	<u>(0.01)</u>
<b>Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waivers and Expense Reimbursements<sup>1</sup></b>	0.70

<sup>1</sup> The Fund's adviser, administrator and distributor (the Service Providers) have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses of the Reserve Shares (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses, dividend expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, extraordinary expenses and expenses related to the Board of Trustees' deferred compensation plan) exceed 0.70% of their average daily net assets. This contract cannot be terminated prior to 7/1/15, at which time the Service Providers will determine whether or not to renew or revise it. In addition, the Fund's service providers may voluntarily waive or reimburse certain of their fees, as they may determine, from time to time.

## Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses are equal to the total annual fund operating expenses after fee waivers and expense reimbursements shown in the fee table through 6/30/15 and total annual fund operating expenses thereafter. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

<b>WHETHER OR NOT YOU SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:</b>				
	<u>1 Year</u>	<u>3 Years</u>	<u>5 Years</u>	<u>10 Years</u>
<b>RESERVE SHARES (\$)</b>	72	226	394	882

## The Fund's Main Investment Strategy

Under normal conditions, the Fund invests its assets exclusively in:

- debt securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government, or by U.S. government agencies or instrumentalities, and
- repurchase agreements fully collateralized by U.S. Treasury and U.S. government securities.

The Fund is a money market fund managed in the following manner:

- The Fund seeks to maintain a net asset value of \$1.00 per share.
- The dollar-weighted average maturity of the Fund will be 60 days or less and the dollar-weighted average life to maturity will be 120 days or less.
- The Fund will only buy securities that have remaining maturities of 397 days or less or securities otherwise permitted to be purchased because of maturity shortening provisions under applicable regulation.
- The Fund invests only in U.S. dollar-denominated securities.
- The Fund seeks to invest in securities that present minimal credit risk.

The Fund may invest significantly in securities with floating or variable rates of interest. Their yields will vary as interest rates change.

The Fund's adviser seeks to develop an appropriate portfolio by considering the differences in yields among securities of different maturities, market sectors and issuers.

## The Fund's Main Investment Risks

The Fund is subject to management risk and the Fund may not achieve its objective if the adviser's expectations regarding particular securities or interest rates are not met.

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

*Interest Rate Risk.* Changes in short-term interest rates will cause changes to the Fund's yield. In addition, a low-interest rate environment may prevent the Fund from providing a positive yield or maintaining a stable net asset value of \$1.00 per share. Given the historically low interest rate environment, risks associated with rising rates are heightened.

*Credit Risk.* The Fund's investments are subject to the risk that an issuer or a counterparty will fail to make payments when

## JPMorgan U.S. Government Money Market Fund (continued)

due or default completely. If an issuer's or a counterparty's financial condition worsens, the credit quality of the issuer or counterparty may deteriorate making it difficult for the Fund to sell such investments.

*General Market Risk.* Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions.

*Mortgage-Related Securities Risk.* Mortgage-related securities are subject to certain other risks, including prepayment and call risks. During periods of difficult or frozen credit markets, significant changes in interest rates, or deteriorating economic conditions, mortgage-related securities may decline in value, face valuation difficulties, become more volatile and/or become illiquid. When mortgages and other obligations are prepaid and when securities are called, the Fund may have to reinvest in securities with a lower yield or fail to recover additional amounts (i.e., premiums) paid for securities with higher interest rates, resulting in an unexpected capital loss and/or a decrease in the amount of dividends and yield. In periods of rising interest rates, the Fund may be subject to extension risk, and may receive principal later than expected. As a result, in periods of rising interest rates, the Fund may exhibit additional volatility.

*Government Securities Risk.* The Fund invests in securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government or its agencies and instrumentalities (such as securities issued by the Government National Mortgage Association (Ginnie Mae), the Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae), or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac)). U.S. government securities are subject to market risk, interest rate risk and credit risk. Securities, such as those issued or guaranteed by Ginnie Mae or the U.S. Treasury, that are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States are guaranteed only as to the timely payment of interest and principal when held to maturity and the market prices for such securities will fluctuate. Notwithstanding that these securities are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, circumstances could arise that would prevent the payment of interest or principal. This would result in losses to the Fund. Securities issued or guaranteed by U.S. government related organizations, such as Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac, are not backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government and no assurance can be given that the U.S. government will provide financial support. Therefore, U.S. government related organizations may not have the funds to meet their payment obligations in the future. U.S. government securities include zero coupon securities, which tend to be subject to greater market risk than interest-paying securities of similar maturities.

*When-Issued, Delayed Settlement and Forward Commitment Transactions Risk.* The Fund may purchase or sell securities which it is eligible to purchase or sell on a when-issued basis, may purchase and sell such securities for delayed delivery and

may make contracts to purchase or sell such securities for a fixed price at a future date beyond normal settlement time (forward commitments). When-issued transactions, delayed delivery purchases and forward commitments involve the risk that the security the Fund buys will lose value prior to its delivery. There also is the risk that the security will not be issued or that the other party to the transaction will not meet its obligation. If this occurs, the Fund loses both the investment opportunity for the assets it set aside to pay for the security and any gain in the security's price.

*Redemption Risk.* The Fund could experience a loss when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices.

*Floating and Variable Rate Securities Risk:* Floating and variable rate securities provide for a periodic adjustment in the interest rate paid on the securities. The rate adjustment intervals may be regular and range from daily up to annually, or may be based on an event, such as a change in the prime rate. Floating and variable rate securities may be subject to greater liquidity risk than other debt securities, meaning that there may be limitations on the Fund's ability to sell the securities at any given time. Such securities also may lose value.

*Net Asset Value Risk.* There is no assurance that the Fund will meet its investment objective of maintaining a net asset value of \$1.00 per share on a continuous basis. Furthermore, there can be no assurance that the Fund's affiliates will purchase distressed assets from the Fund, make capital infusions, enter into capital support agreements or take other actions to ensure that the Fund maintains a net asset value of \$1.00 per share. In the event any money market fund fails to maintain a stable net asset value, other money market funds, including the Fund, could face a universal risk of increased redemption pressures, potentially jeopardizing the stability of their net asset values. In general, certain other money market funds have in the past failed to maintain stable net asset values and there can be no assurance that such failures and resulting redemption pressures will not occur in the future.

*Repurchase Agreement Risk.* There is a risk that the counterparty to a repurchase agreement will default or otherwise become unable to honor a financial obligation and the value of your investment could decline as a result.

*Risk Associated with the Fund Holding Cash.* Although the Fund seeks to be fully invested, it may at times hold some of its assets in cash, which may hurt the Fund's performance.

*State and Local Taxation Risk.* The Fund may invest in securities whose interest is subject to state and local income taxes. Consult your tax professional for more information.

*Risk of Regulation of Money Market Funds.* Money market funds are subject to diversity, liquidity, credit quality, and maturity

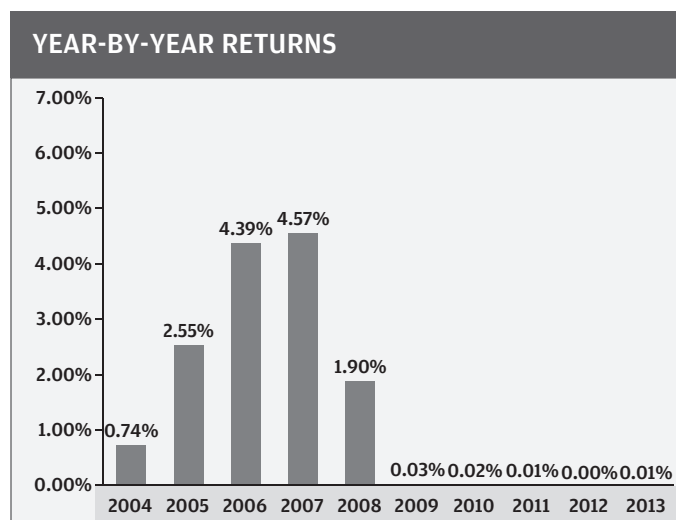
requirements pursuant to Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) rules. The SEC and other regulatory agencies continue to review the regulation of money market funds, and may take additional regulatory action in the future. These changes may affect the securities and markets in which the Fund invests. These changes may also impact the Fund’s ability to implement its investment strategies as well as its future operations, expenses and/or yields.

Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency. Although the Fund seeks to preserve the value of your investment at \$1.00 per share, it is possible to lose money by investing in the Fund.

### The Fund’s Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund’s Reserve Shares has varied from year to year for the past ten calendar years. The table shows the average annual total returns over the past one year, five years and ten years. The performance of Reserve Shares is based on the performance of Capital Shares prior to the inception of the Reserve Shares.

To obtain current yield information call 1-800-766-7722. Past performance is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future.



<b>Best Quarter</b>	4Q 2006	<b>1.17%</b>
<b>Worst Quarter</b>	2Q, 3Q and 4Q 2009	<b>0.00%</b>
	1Q and 2Q 2010	
	1Q, 2Q, 3Q and 4Q 2011	
	1Q, 2Q, 3Q and 4Q 2012	
	1Q, 2Q, 3Q and 4Q 2013	

The Fund’s year-to-date total return as of 3/31/14 was 0.00%.

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (For periods ended December 31, 2013)			
	Past 1 Year	Past 5 Years	Past 10 Years
<b>RESERVE SHARES</b>	0.01%	0.01%	1.41%

### Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc.

### Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

#### Purchase minimums

For Reserve Shares

To establish an account	\$10,000,000
To add to an account	No minimum levels

You may purchase or redeem shares on any business day that the Fund is open:

- Through your financial intermediary
- By writing to J.P. Morgan Institutional Funds Service Center, 500 Stanton Christiana Road, 3-OPS3, Newark, DE 19713
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Institutional Funds Service Center at 1-800-766-7722

### Tax Information

The Fund intends to make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in an IRA, 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

### Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the financial intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary’s website for more information.

# JPMorgan U.S. Treasury Plus Money Market Fund

**Class/Ticker: Reserve/HTIXX**

## The Fund's Objective

The Fund seeks current income with liquidity and stability of principal.

## Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund.

<b>ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES</b> (Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)	
	<b>Reserve</b>
<b>Management Fees</b>	0.08%
<b>Distribution (Rule 12b-1) Fees</b>	0.25
<b>Other Expenses</b>	0.38
<b>Shareholder Service Fees</b>	0.30
<b>Remainder of Other Expenses</b>	0.08
<b>Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses</b>	0.71
<b>Fee Waivers and Expense Reimbursements<sup>1</sup></b>	(0.01)
<b>Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waivers and Expense Reimbursements<sup>1</sup></b>	0.70

<sup>1</sup> The Fund's adviser, administrator and distributor (the Service Providers) have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses of the Reserve Shares (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses, dividend expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, extraordinary expenses and expenses related to the Board of Trustees' deferred compensation plan) exceed 0.70% of their average daily net assets. This contract cannot be terminated prior to 7/1/15, at which time the Service Providers will determine whether or not to renew or revise it. In addition, the Fund's service providers may voluntarily waive or reimburse certain of their fees, as they may determine, from time to time.

## Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses are equal to the total annual fund operating expenses after fee waivers and expense reimbursements shown in the fee table through 6/30/15 and total annual fund operating expenses thereafter. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

<b>WHETHER OR NOT YOU SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:</b>				
	<b>1 Year</b>	<b>3 Years</b>	<b>5 Years</b>	<b>10 Years</b>
<b>RESERVE SHARES (\$)</b>	72	226	394	882

## The Fund's Main Investment Strategy

Under normal conditions, the Fund invests its assets exclusively in:

- obligations of the U.S. Treasury, including Treasury bills, bonds and notes and other obligations issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Treasury, and
- repurchase agreements fully collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities.

The debt securities described above carry different interest rates, maturities and issue dates.

The Fund is a money market fund managed in the following manner:

- The Fund seeks to maintain a net asset value of \$1.00 per share.
- The dollar-weighted average maturity of the Fund will be 60 days or less and the dollar-weighted average life to maturity will be 120 days or less.
- The Fund will only buy securities that have remaining maturities of 397 days or less or securities otherwise permitted to be purchased because of maturity shortening provisions under applicable regulation.
- The Fund invests only in U.S. dollar-denominated securities.
- The Fund seeks to invest in securities that present minimal credit risk.

The Fund's adviser seeks to develop an appropriate portfolio by considering the differences in yields among securities of different maturities and issue dates.

## The Fund's Main Investment Risks

The Fund is subject to management risk and the Fund may not achieve its objective if the adviser's expectations regarding particular securities or interest rates are not met.

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

*Interest Rate Risk.* Changes in short-term interest rates will cause changes to the Fund's yield. In addition, a low-interest rate environment may prevent the Fund from providing a positive yield or maintaining a stable net asset value of \$1.00 per share. Given the historically low interest rate environment, risks associated with rising rates are heightened.

*Credit Risk.* The Fund's investments are subject to the risk that an issuer or a counterparty will fail to make payments when due or default completely. If an issuer's or a counterparty's financial condition worsens, the credit quality of the issuer or counterparty may deteriorate making it difficult for the Fund to sell such investments.

*General Market Risk.* Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions.

*Government Securities Risk.* The Fund invests in securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government or its agencies. U.S. government securities are subject to market risk, interest rate risk and credit risk. Securities, such as those issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Treasury, that are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States are guaranteed only as to the timely payment of interest and principal when held to maturity and the market prices for such securities will fluctuate. Notwithstanding that these securities are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, circumstances could arise that would prevent the payment of interest or principal. This would result in losses to the Fund. U.S. government securities include zero coupon securities, which tend to be subject to greater market risk than interest-paying securities of similar maturities.

*Redemption Risk.* The Fund could experience a loss when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices.

*Net Asset Value Risk.* There is no assurance that the Fund will meet its investment objective of maintaining a net asset value of \$1.00 per share on a continuous basis. Furthermore, there can be no assurance that the Fund's affiliates will purchase distressed assets from the Fund, make capital infusions, enter into capital support agreements or take other actions to ensure that the Fund maintains a net asset value of \$1.00 per share. In the event any money market fund fails to maintain a stable net asset value, other money market funds, including the Fund, could face a universal risk of increased redemption pressures,

potentially jeopardizing the stability of their net asset values. In general, certain other money market funds have in the past failed to maintain stable net asset values and there can be no assurance that such failures and resulting redemption pressures will not occur in the future.

*Repurchase Agreement Risk.* There is a risk that the counterparty to a repurchase agreement will default or otherwise become unable to honor a financial obligation and the value of your investment could decline as a result.

*Risk Associated with the Fund Holding Cash.* Although the Fund seeks to be fully invested, it may at times hold some of its assets in cash, which may hurt the Fund's performance.

*Risk of Regulation of Money Market Funds.* Money market funds are subject to diversity, liquidity, credit quality, and maturity requirements pursuant to Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") rules. The SEC and other regulatory agencies continue to review the regulation of money market funds, and may take additional regulatory action in the future. These changes may affect the securities and markets in which the Fund invests. These changes may also impact the Fund's ability to implement its investment strategies as well as its future operations, expenses and/or yields.

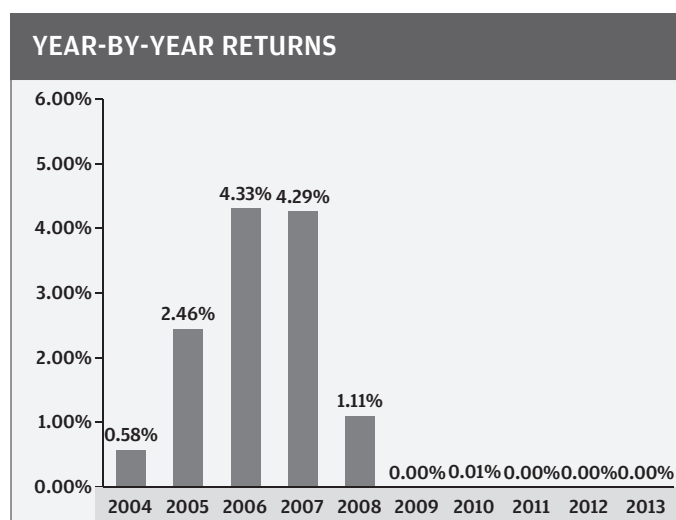
Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency. Although the Fund seeks to preserve the value of your investment at \$1.00 per share, it is possible to lose money by investing in the Fund.

## The Fund's Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund's Reserve Shares has varied from year to year for the past ten calendar years. The table shows the average annual total returns over the past one year, five years and ten years.

To obtain current yield information call 1-800-766-7722. Past performance is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future.

# JPMorgan U.S. Treasury Plus Money Market Fund (continued)



<b>Best Quarter</b>	4Q 2006	<b>1.17%</b>
<b>Worst Quarter</b>	1Q, 2Q, 3Q and 4Q 2009	<b>0.00%</b>
	1Q, 2Q, 3Q and 4Q 2010	
	1Q, 2Q, 3Q and 4Q 2011	
	1Q, 2Q, 3Q and 4Q 2012	
	1Q, 2Q, 3Q and 4Q 2013	

The Fund's year-to-date total return as of 3/31/14 was 0.00%.

**AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS**  
(For periods ended December 31, 2013)

	<u>Past 1 Year</u>	<u>Past 5 Years</u>	<u>Past 10 Years</u>
<b>RESERVE SHARES</b>	0.00%	0.00%	1.26%

## Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc.

## Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Purchase minimums

For Reserve Shares

To establish an account	\$10,000,000
To add to an account	No minimum levels

You may purchase or redeem shares on any business day that the Fund is open:

- Through your financial intermediary
- By writing to J.P. Morgan Institutional Funds Service Center, 500 Stanton Christiana Road, 3-OPS3, Newark, DE 19713
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Institutional Funds Service Center at 1-800-766-7722

## Tax Information

The Fund intends to make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in an IRA, 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

## Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the financial intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.



# JPMorgan Federal Money Market Fund

**Class/Ticker: Reserve/JFRXX**

## The Fund's Objective

The Fund aims to provide current income while still preserving capital and maintaining liquidity.

## Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund.

<b>ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES</b> (Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)	
	<u>Reserve</u>
<b>Management Fees</b>	0.08%
<b>Distribution (Rule 12b-1) Fees</b>	0.25
<b>Other Expenses</b>	0.41
Shareholder Service Fees	0.30
Remainder of Other Expenses	<u>0.11</u>
<b>Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses</b>	0.74
<b>Fee Waivers and Expense Reimbursements<sup>1</sup></b>	<u>(0.04)</u>
<b>Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waivers and Expense Reimbursements<sup>1</sup></b>	0.70

<sup>1</sup> The Fund's adviser, administrator and distributor (the Service Providers) have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses of the Reserve Shares (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses, dividend expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, extraordinary expenses and expenses related to the Board of Trustees' deferred compensation plan) exceed 0.70% of their average daily net assets. This contract cannot be terminated prior to 7/1/15, at which time the Service Providers will determine whether or not to renew or revise it. In addition, the Fund's service providers may voluntarily waive or reimburse certain of their fees, as they may determine, from time to time.

## Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses are equal to the total annual fund operating expenses after fee waivers and expense reimbursements shown in the fee table through 6/30/15 and total annual fund operating expenses thereafter. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

<b>WHETHER OR NOT YOU SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:</b>				
	<u>1 Year</u>	<u>3 Years</u>	<u>5 Years</u>	<u>10 Years</u>
<b>RESERVE SHARES (\$)</b>	72	233	408	915

## The Fund's Main Investment Strategy

Under normal conditions, the Fund invests its assets exclusively in:

- obligations of the U.S. Treasury, including Treasury bills, bonds and notes, and
- debt securities that certain U.S. government agencies or instrumentalities have either issued or guaranteed as to principal and interest.

The interest on these securities is generally exempt from state and local income taxes.

The Fund is a money market fund managed in the following manner:

- The Fund seeks to maintain a net asset value of \$1.00 per share.
- The dollar-weighted average maturity of the Fund will be 60 days or less and the dollar-weighted average life to maturity will be 120 days or less.
- The Fund will only buy securities that have remaining maturities of 397 days or less or securities otherwise permitted to be purchased because of maturity shortening provisions under applicable regulation.
- The Fund invests only in U.S. dollar-denominated securities.
- The Fund seeks to invest in securities that present minimal credit risk.

The Fund may invest significantly in securities with floating or variable rates of interest. Their yields will vary as interest rates change.

The Fund's adviser seeks to develop an appropriate portfolio by considering the differences in yields among securities of different maturities, market sectors and issuers.

## The Fund's Main Investment Risks

The Fund is subject to management risk and the Fund may not achieve its objective if the adviser's expectations regarding particular securities or interest rates are not met.

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

*Interest Rate Risk.* Changes in short-term interest rates will cause changes to the Fund's yield. In addition, a low-interest rate environment may prevent the Fund from providing a positive yield or maintaining a stable net asset value of \$1.00 per share. Given the historically low interest rate environment, risks associated with rising rates are heightened.

# JPMorgan Federal Money Market Fund (continued)

*Credit Risk.* The Fund's investments are subject to the risk that an issuer or a counterparty will fail to make payments when due or default completely. If an issuer's or a counterparty's financial condition worsens, the credit quality of the issuer or counterparty may deteriorate making it difficult for the Fund to sell such investments.

*General Market Risk.* Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions.

*Mortgage-Related Securities Risk.* Mortgage-related securities are subject to certain other risks, including prepayment and call risks. During periods of difficult or frozen credit markets, significant changes in interest rates, or deteriorating economic conditions, mortgage-related securities may decline in value, face valuation difficulties, become more volatile and/or become illiquid. When mortgages and other obligations are prepaid and when securities are called, the Fund may have to reinvest in securities with a lower yield or fail to recover additional amounts (i.e., premiums) paid for securities with higher interest rates, resulting in an unexpected capital loss and/or a decrease in the amount of dividends and yield. In periods of rising interest rates, the Fund may be subject to extension risk, and may receive principal later than expected. As a result, in periods of rising interest rates, the Fund may exhibit additional volatility.

*Government Securities Risk.* The Fund invests in securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government or its agencies and instrumentalities (such as securities issued by the Government National Mortgage Association (Ginnie Mae), the Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae), or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac)). U.S. government securities are subject to market risk, interest rate risk and credit risk. Securities, such as those issued or guaranteed by Ginnie Mae or the U.S. Treasury, that are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States are guaranteed only as to the timely payment of interest and principal when held to maturity and the market prices for such securities will fluctuate. Notwithstanding that these securities are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, circumstances could arise that would prevent the payment of interest or principal. This would result in losses to the Fund. Securities issued or guaranteed by U.S. government related organizations, such as Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac, are not backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government and no assurance can be given that the U.S. government will provide financial support. Therefore, U.S. government related organizations may not have the funds to meet their payment obligations in the future. U.S. government securities include zero coupon securities, which tend to be subject to greater market risk than interest-paying securities of similar maturities.

*When-Issued, Delayed Settlement and Forward Commitment Transactions Risk.* The Fund may purchase or sell securities

which it is eligible to purchase or sell on a when-issued basis, may purchase and sell such securities for delayed delivery and may make contracts to purchase or sell such securities for a fixed price at a future date beyond normal settlement time (forward commitments). When-issued transactions, delayed delivery purchases and forward commitments involve the risk that the security the Fund buys will lose value prior to its delivery. There also is the risk that the security will not be issued or that the other party to the transaction will not meet its obligation. If this occurs, the Fund loses both the investment opportunity for the assets it set aside to pay for the security and any gain in the security's price.

*Redemption Risk.* The Fund could experience a loss when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices.

*Floating and Variable Rate Securities Risk:* Floating and variable rate securities provide for a periodic adjustment in the interest rate paid on the securities. The rate adjustment intervals may be regular and range from daily up to annually, or may be based on an event, such as a change in the prime rate. Floating and variable rate securities may be subject to greater liquidity risk than other debt securities, meaning that there may be limitations on the Fund's ability to sell the securities at any given time. Such securities also may lose value.

*Net Asset Value Risk.* There is no assurance that the Fund will meet its investment objective of maintaining a net asset value of \$1.00 per share on a continuous basis. Furthermore, there can be no assurance that the Fund's affiliates will purchase distressed assets from the Fund, make capital infusions, enter into capital support agreements or take other actions to ensure that the Fund maintains a net asset value of \$1.00 per share. In the event any money market fund fails to maintain a stable net asset value, other money market funds, including the Fund, could face a universal risk of increased redemption pressures, potentially jeopardizing the stability of their net asset values. In general, certain other money market funds have in the past failed to maintain stable net asset values and there can be no assurance that such failures and resulting redemption pressures will not occur in the future.

*Risk Associated with the Fund Holding Cash.* Although the Fund seeks to be fully invested, it may at times hold some of its assets in cash, which may hurt the Fund's performance.

*State and Local Taxation Risk.* The Fund may invest in securities whose interest is subject to state and local income taxes. Consult your tax professional for more information.

*Risk of Regulation of Money Market Funds.* Money market funds are subject to diversity, liquidity, credit quality, and maturity requirements pursuant to Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") rules. The SEC and other regulatory agencies continue to review the regulation of money market funds, and may take

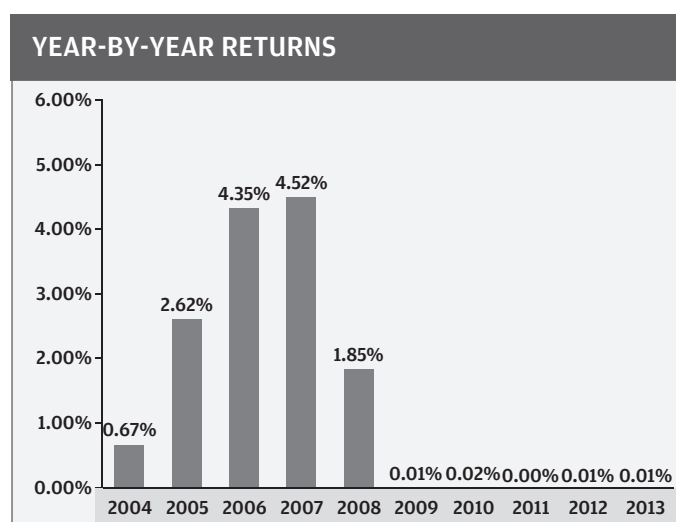
additional regulatory action in the future. These changes may affect the securities and markets in which the Fund invests. These changes may also impact the Fund's ability to implement its investment strategies as well as its future operations, expenses and/or yields.

Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency. Although the Fund seeks to preserve the value of your investment at \$1.00 per share, it is possible to lose money by investing in the Fund.

### The Fund's Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund's Reserve Shares has varied from year to year for the past ten calendar years. The table shows the average annual total returns over the past one year, five years and ten years. The performance of Reserve Shares is based on the performance of Morgan Shares prior to the inception of the Reserve Shares. The actual returns of Reserve Shares would have been lower than those shown because Reserve Shares have higher expenses than Morgan Shares.

To obtain current yield information call 1-800-766-7722. Past performance is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future.



<b>Best Quarter</b>	4Q 2006	<b>1.16%</b>
<b>Worst Quarter</b>	2Q, 3Q and 4Q 2009	<b>0.00%</b>
	1Q and 2Q 2010	
	1Q, 2Q, 3Q and 4Q 2011	
	1Q, 2Q, 3Q and 4Q 2012	
	1Q, 2Q, 3Q and 4Q 2013	

The Fund's year-to-date total return as of 3/31/14 was 0.00%.

### AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (For periods ended December 31, 2013)

	<u>Past 1 Year</u>	<u>Past 5 Years</u>	<u>Past 10 Years</u>
<b>RESERVE SHARES</b>	0.01%	0.01%	1.38%

### Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc.

### Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Purchase minimums

For Reserve Shares

To establish an account	\$10,000,000
To add to an account	\$25

You may purchase or redeem shares on any business day that the Fund is open:

- Through your financial intermediary
- By writing to J.P. Morgan Institutional Funds Service Center, 500 Stanton Christiana Road, 3-OPS3, Newark, DE 19713
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Institutional Funds Service Center at 1-800-766-7722

### Tax Information

The Fund intends to make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in an IRA, 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

### Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the financial intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

# JPMorgan 100% U.S. Treasury Securities Money Market Fund

**Class/Ticker: Reserve/RJTXX**

## The Fund's Objective

The Fund aims to provide the highest possible level of current income while still maintaining liquidity and providing maximum safety of principal.

## Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund.

<b>ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES</b> (Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)	
	<b>Reserve</b>
<b>Management Fees</b>	0.08%
<b>Distribution (Rule 12b-1) Fees</b>	0.25
<b>Other Expenses</b>	0.38
<b>Shareholder Service Fees</b>	0.30
<b>Remainder of Other Expenses</b>	0.08
<b>Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses</b>	0.71
<b>Fee Waivers and Expense Reimbursements<sup>1</sup></b>	(0.01)
<b>Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waivers and Expense Reimbursements<sup>1</sup></b>	0.70

<sup>1</sup> The Fund's adviser, administrator and distributor (the Service Providers) have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses of the Reserve Shares (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses, dividend expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, extraordinary expenses and expenses related to the Board of Trustees' deferred compensation plan) exceed 0.70% of their average daily net assets. This contract cannot be terminated prior to 7/1/15, at which time the Service Providers will determine whether or not to renew or revise it. In addition, the Fund's service providers may voluntarily waive or reimburse certain of their fees, as they may determine, from time to time.

## Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses are equal to the total annual fund operating expenses after fee waivers and expense reimbursements shown in the fee table through 6/30/15 and total annual fund operating expenses thereafter. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

## WHETHER OR NOT YOU SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:

	<u>1 Year</u>	<u>3 Years</u>	<u>5 Years</u>	<u>10 Years</u>
<b>RESERVE SHARES (\$)</b>	72	226	394	882

## The Fund's Main Investment Strategy

Under normal conditions, the Fund invests its assets exclusively in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, including Treasury bills, bonds and notes.

These investments carry different interest rates, maturities and issue dates. The interest on these securities is generally exempt from state and local income taxes. The Fund does not buy securities issued or guaranteed by agencies of the U.S. government.

The Fund is a money market fund managed in the following manner:

- The Fund seeks to maintain a net asset value of \$1.00 per share.
- The dollar-weighted average maturity of the Fund will be 60 days or less and the dollar-weighted average life to maturity will be 120 days or less.
- The Fund will only buy securities that have remaining maturities of 397 days or less or securities otherwise permitted to be purchased because of maturity shortening provisions under applicable regulation.
- The Fund seeks to invest in securities that present minimal credit risk.

The Fund's adviser seeks to develop an appropriate portfolio by considering the differences in yields among securities of different maturities and issue dates.

## The Fund's Main Investment Risks

The Fund is subject to management risk and the Fund may not achieve its objective if the adviser's expectations regarding particular securities or interest rates are not met.

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

*Interest Rate Risk.* Changes in short-term interest rates will cause changes to the Fund's yield. In addition, a low-interest rate environment may prevent the Fund from providing a positive yield or maintaining a stable net asset value of \$1.00 per share. Given the historically low interest rate environment, risks associated with rising rates are heightened.

*Credit Risk.* The Fund's investments are subject to the risk that an issuer or a counterparty will fail to make payments when due or default completely. If an issuer's or a counterparty's financial condition worsens, the credit quality of the issuer or counterparty may deteriorate making it difficult for the Fund to sell such investments.

*General Market Risk.* Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions.

*Government Securities Risk.* The Fund invests in securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government or its agencies. U.S. government securities are subject to market risk, interest rate risk and credit risk. Securities, such as those issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Treasury, that are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States are guaranteed only as to the timely payment of interest and principal when held to maturity and the market prices for such securities will fluctuate. Notwithstanding that these securities are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, circumstances could arise that would prevent the payment of interest or principal. This would result in losses to the Fund. U.S. government securities include zero coupon securities, which tend to be subject to greater market risk than interest-paying securities of similar maturities.

*Redemption Risk.* The Fund could experience a loss when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices

*Net Asset Value Risk.* There is no assurance that the Fund will meet its investment objective of maintaining a net asset value of \$1.00 per share on a continuous basis. Furthermore, there can be no assurance that the Fund's affiliates will purchase distressed assets from the Fund, make capital infusions, enter into capital support agreements or take other actions to ensure that the Fund maintains a net asset value of \$1.00 per share. In

the event any money market fund fails to maintain a stable net asset value, other money market funds, including the Fund, could face a universal risk of increased redemption pressures, potentially jeopardizing the stability of their net asset values. In general, certain other money market funds have in the past failed to maintain stable net asset values and there can be no assurance that such failures and resulting redemption pressures will not occur in the future.

*Risk Associated with the Fund Holding Cash.* Although the Fund seeks to be fully invested, it may at times hold some of its assets in cash, which may hurt the Fund's performance.

*Risk of Regulation of Money Market Funds.* Money market funds are subject to diversity, liquidity, credit quality, and maturity requirements pursuant to Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") rules. The SEC and other regulatory agencies continue to review the regulation of money market funds, and may take additional regulatory action in the future. These changes may affect the securities and markets in which the Fund invests. These changes may also impact the Fund's ability to implement its investment strategies as well as its future operations, expenses and/or yields.

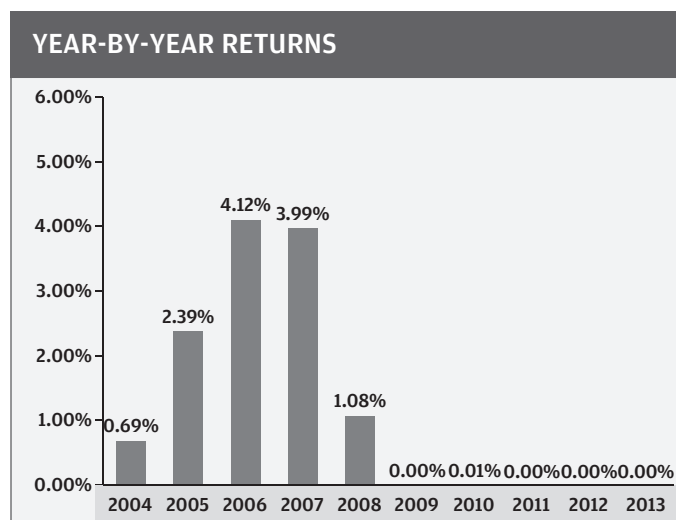
Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency. Although the Fund seeks to preserve the value of your investment at \$1.00 per share, it is possible to lose money by investing in the Fund.

## **The Fund's Past Performance**

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund's Reserve Shares has varied from year to year for the past ten calendar years. The table shows the average annual total returns over the past one year, five years and ten years. The performance of Reserve Shares is based on the performance of Morgan Shares prior to the inception of the Reserve Shares. The actual returns of Reserve Shares would have been lower than those shown because Reserve Shares have higher expenses than Morgan Shares.

To obtain current yield information call 1-800-766-7722. Past performance is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future.

# JPMorgan 100% U.S. Treasury Securities Money Market Fund (continued)



<b>Best Quarter</b>	3Q and 4Q 2006 1Q 2007	<b>1.09%</b>
<b>Worst Quarter</b>	1Q, 2Q, 3Q and 4Q 2009 1Q, 2Q and 3Q 2010 1Q, 2Q, 3Q and 4Q 2011 1Q, 2Q, 3Q and 4Q 2012 1Q, 2Q, 3Q and 4Q 2013	<b>0.00%</b>

The Fund's year-to-date total return as of 3/31/14 was 0.00%.

**AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS**  
(For periods ended December 31, 2013)

	<u>Past 1 Year</u>	<u>Past 5 Years</u>	<u>Past 10 Years</u>
<b>RESERVE SHARES</b>	0.00%	0.00%	1.21%

## Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc.

## Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Purchase minimums

For Reserve Shares

To establish an account	\$10,000,000
To add to an account	No minimum levels

You may purchase or redeem shares on any business day that the Fund is open:

- Through your financial intermediary
- By writing to J.P. Morgan Institutional Funds Service Center, 500 Stanton Christiana Road, 3-OPS3, Newark, DE 19713
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Institutional Funds Service Center at 1-800-766-7722

## Tax Information

The Fund intends to make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in an IRA, 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

## Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the financial intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

# JPMorgan Tax Free Money Market Fund

**Class/Ticker: Reserve/RTJXX**

## The Fund's Objective

The Fund aims to provide the highest possible level of current income which is excluded from gross income, while still preserving capital and maintaining liquidity.

## Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund.

<b>ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES</b> (Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)	
	<b>Reserve</b>
<b>Management Fees</b>	0.08%
<b>Distribution (Rule 12b-1) Fees</b>	0.25
<b>Other Expenses</b>	0.38
<b>Shareholder Service Fees</b>	0.30
<b>Remainder of Other Expenses</b>	0.08
<b>Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses</b>	0.71
<b>Fee Waivers and Expense Reimbursements<sup>1</sup></b>	(0.01)
<b>Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waivers and Expense Reimbursements<sup>1</sup></b>	0.70

<sup>1</sup> The Fund's adviser, administrator and distributor (the Service Providers) have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses of the Reserve Shares (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses, dividend expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, extraordinary expenses and expenses related to the Board of Trustees' deferred compensation plan) exceed 0.70% of their average daily net assets. This contract cannot be terminated prior to 7/1/15, at which time the Service Providers will determine whether or not to renew or revise it. In addition, the Fund's service providers may voluntarily waive or reimburse certain of their fees, as they may determine, from time to time.

## Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses are equal to the total annual fund operating expenses after fee waivers and expense reimbursements shown in the fee table through 6/30/15 and total annual fund operating expenses thereafter. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

## WHETHER OR NOT YOU SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:

	<u>1 Year</u>	<u>3 Years</u>	<u>5 Years</u>	<u>10 Years</u>
<b>RESERVE SHARES (\$)</b>	72	226	394	882

## The Fund's Main Investment Strategy

Under normal conditions, the Fund will try to invest its assets exclusively in municipal obligations, the interest on which is excluded from federal income taxes. As a fundamental policy, the Fund will invest at least 80% of the value of its Assets in municipal obligations. For purposes of this policy, "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes.

Municipal obligations are securities that are issued by or on behalf of states, territories and possessions of the United States, including the District of Columbia, and their respective authorities, agencies and other groups with authority to act for the municipalities.

The Fund generally invests in short-term money market instruments such as private activity and industrial development bonds, tax anticipation notes, municipal lease obligations and participations in pools of municipal obligations.

For purposes of the 80% policy above, the Fund will only invest in municipal obligations if the issuer receives assurances from legal counsel that the interest payable on the securities is exempt from federal income tax.

In addition to purchasing municipal obligations directly, the Fund may invest in municipal obligations by (1) purchasing instruments evidencing direct ownership of interest payments or principal payments, or both, on municipal obligations, such as tender option bonds, or (2) purchasing participation interests in all or part of specific holdings of municipal obligations, provided that the applicable issuer receives assurances from legal counsel that the interest payable on the securities is exempt from federal income tax.

The remaining 20% of the Fund's total assets may be invested in securities subject to federal income tax or the federal alternative minimum tax.

The Fund is a money market fund managed in the following manner:

- The Fund seeks to maintain a net asset value of \$1.00 per share.
- The dollar-weighted average maturity of the Fund will be 60 days or less and the dollar-weighted average life to maturity will be 120 days or less.

## JPMorgan Tax Free Money Market Fund (continued)

- The Fund will only buy securities that have remaining maturities of 397 days or less or securities otherwise permitted to be purchased because of maturity shortening provisions under applicable regulation.
- The Fund invests only in U.S. dollar-denominated securities.
- The Fund seeks to invest in securities that present minimal credit risk.

The Fund may invest significantly in securities with floating or variable rates of interest. Their yields will vary as interest rates change.

The Fund's adviser seeks to develop an appropriate portfolio by considering the differences in yields among securities of different maturities, market sectors and issuers.

### The Fund's Main Investment Risks

The Fund is subject to management risk and the Fund may not achieve its objective if the adviser's expectations regarding particular securities or interest rates are not met.

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

*Interest Rate Risk.* Changes in short-term interest rates will cause changes to the Fund's yield. In addition, a low-interest rate environment may prevent the Fund from providing a positive yield or maintaining a stable net asset value of \$1.00 per share. Given the historically low interest rate environment, risks associated with rising rates are heightened.

*Credit Risk.* The Fund's investments are subject to the risk that an issuer or a counterparty will fail to make payments when due or default completely. If an issuer's or a counterparty's financial condition worsens, the credit quality of the issuer or counterparty may deteriorate making it difficult for the Fund to sell such investments.

*General Market Risk.* Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions.

*Municipal Obligations Risk.* The risk of a municipal obligation generally depends on the financial and credit status of the issuer. Changes in a municipality's financial health may make it difficult for the municipality to make interest and principal

payments when due. This could decrease the Fund's income or hurt the ability to preserve capital and liquidity.

Under some circumstances, municipal obligations might not pay interest unless the state legislature or municipality authorizes money for that purpose. Some obligations, including municipal lease obligations, carry additional risks.

Municipal obligations may be more susceptible to downgrades or defaults during recessions or similar periods of economic stress. In addition, since some municipal obligations may be secured or guaranteed by banks and other institutions, the risk to the Fund could increase if the banking or financial sector suffers an economic downturn and/or if the credit ratings of the institutions issuing the guarantee are downgraded or at risk of being downgraded by a national rating organization. Such a downward revision or risk of being downgraded may have an adverse effect on the market prices of the obligations and thus the value of the Fund's investments. To the extent that the financial institutions securing the municipal obligations are located outside the U.S., these securities could be riskier than those backed by U.S. institutions because of possible political, social or economic instability, higher transaction costs, currency fluctuations, and possible delayed settlement.

In addition to being downgraded, an insolvent municipality may file for bankruptcy. The reorganization of a municipality's debts may significantly affect the rights of creditors and the value of the obligations issued by the municipality and the value of the Fund's investments.

There may be times that, in the opinion of the adviser, municipal money market securities of sufficient quality are not available for the Fund to be able to invest in accordance with its normal investment policies. As a temporary defensive position, the adviser may invest any portion of the Fund's assets in obligations subject to federal income tax, or may hold any portion of the Fund's assets in cash.

*Government Securities Risk.* The Fund invests in securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government or its agencies and instrumentalities (such as securities issued by the Government National Mortgage Association (Ginnie Mae), the Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae), or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac)). U.S. government securities are subject to market risk, interest rate risk and credit risk. Securities, such as those issued or guaranteed by Ginnie Mae or the U.S. Treasury, that are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States are guaranteed only as to the timely payment of interest and principal when held to maturity and the market prices for such securities will fluctuate. Notwithstanding that these securities are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, circumstances could arise that would prevent the payment of interest or principal. This would result in losses to the Fund. Securities issued or



guaranteed by U.S. government related organizations, such as Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac, are not backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government and no assurance can be given that the U.S. government will provide financial support. Therefore, U.S. government related organizations may not have the funds to meet their payment obligations in the future. U.S. government securities include zero coupon securities, which tend to be subject to greater market risk than interest-paying securities of similar maturities.

*Tax Risk.* The Fund may invest in securities whose interest is subject to federal income tax or the federal alternative minimum tax. Consult your tax professional for more information.

*Redemption Risk.* The Fund could experience a loss when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices.

*Floating and Variable Rate Securities Risk.* Floating and variable rate securities provide for a periodic adjustment in the interest rate paid on the securities. The rate adjustment intervals may be regular and range from daily up to annually, or may be based on an event, such as a change in the prime rate. Floating and variable rate securities may be subject to greater liquidity risk than other debt securities, meaning that there may be limitations on the Fund's ability to sell the securities at any given time. Such securities also may lose value.

*Structured Product Risk.* Structured products, such as tender option bonds, involve structural complexities and potential risks that may not be present where a municipal security is owned directly. These enhanced risks may include additional counterparty risk (the risk that the counterparty will not fulfill its contractual obligations) and call risk (the risk that the instruments will be called and the proceeds may need to be reinvested). Additionally, an active trading market for such instruments may not exist. To the extent that a structured product provides a put, a fund may receive a lower interest rate in return for such feature and will be subject to the risk that the put provider will be unable to honor the put feature (purchase the security). Finally, short-term municipal or tax-exempt structured products may present tax issues not presented by investments in other short-term municipal or tax-exempt securities. These issues might be resolved in a manner adverse to the Fund.

*Net Asset Value Risk.* There is no assurance that the Fund will meet its investment objective of maintaining a net asset value of \$1.00 per share on a continuous basis. Furthermore, there can be no assurance that the Fund's affiliates will purchase

distressed assets from the Fund, make capital infusions, enter into capital support agreements or take other actions to ensure that the Fund maintains a net asset value of \$1.00 per share. In the event any money market fund fails to maintain a stable net asset value, other money market funds, including the Fund, could face a universal risk of increased redemption pressures, potentially jeopardizing the stability of their net asset values. In general, certain other money market funds have in the past failed to maintain stable net asset values and there can be no assurance that such failures and resulting redemption pressures will not occur in the future.

*Risk Associated with the Fund Holding Cash.* Although the Fund seeks to be fully invested, it may at times hold some of its assets in cash, which may hurt the Fund's performance.

*Risk of Regulation of Money Market Funds.* Money market funds are subject to diversity, liquidity, credit quality, and maturity requirements pursuant to Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") rules. The SEC and other regulatory agencies continue to review the regulation of money market funds, and may take additional regulatory action in the future. These changes may affect the securities and markets in which the Fund invests. These changes may also impact the Fund's ability to implement its investment strategies as well as its future operations, expenses and/or yields.

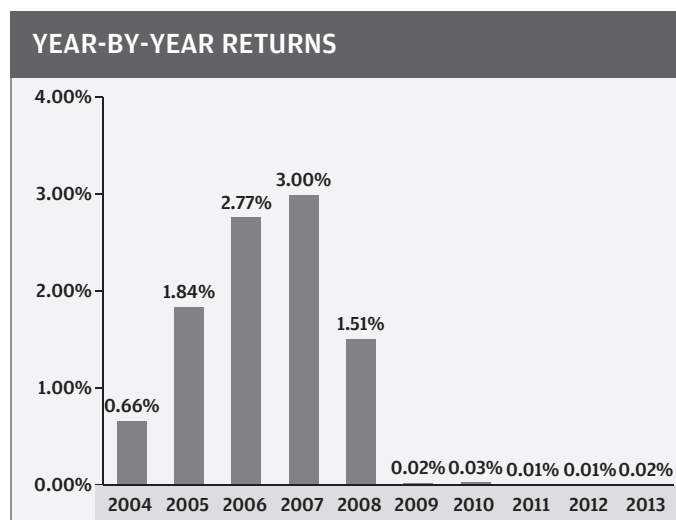
Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency. Although the Fund seeks to preserve the value of your investment at \$1.00 per share, it is possible to lose money by investing in the Fund.

## The Fund's Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund's Reserve Shares has varied from year to year for the past ten calendar years. The table shows the average annual total returns over the past one year, five years and ten years. The performance of Reserve Shares is based on the performance of Morgan Shares prior to the inception of the Reserve Shares. The actual returns of Reserve Shares would have been lower than those shown because Reserve Shares have higher expenses than Morgan Shares.

To obtain current yield information call 1-800-766-7722. Past performance is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future.

# JPMorgan Tax Free Money Market Fund (continued)



<b>Best Quarter</b>	2Q and 3Q 2007	<b>0.77%</b>
<b>Worst Quarter</b>	2Q, 3Q and 4Q 2009	<b>0.00%</b>
	1Q 2010	
	1Q, 2Q, 3Q and 4Q 2011	
	1Q, 2Q, 3Q and 4Q 2012	
	1Q, 2Q and 3Q 2013	

The Fund's year-to-date total return as of 3/31/14 was 0.00%.

**AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS**  
(For periods ended December 31, 2013)

	<u>Past 1 Year</u>	<u>Past 5 Years</u>	<u>Past 10 Years</u>
<b>RESERVE SHARES</b>	0.02%	0.02%	0.97%

## Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc.

## Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Purchase minimums

For Reserve Shares

To establish an account	\$10,000,000
To add to an account	No minimum levels

You may purchase or redeem shares on any business day that the Fund is open:

- Through your financial intermediary
- By writing to J.P. Morgan Institutional Funds Service Center, 500 Stanton Christiana Road, 3-OPS3, Newark, DE 19713
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Institutional Funds Service Center at 1-800-766-7722

## Tax Information

The Fund's distributions of interest on municipal obligations generally are not subject to federal income tax; however the Fund may distribute taxable dividends, including distributions of short-term capital gains, and long-term capital gains. In addition, interest on certain obligations may be subject to the federal alternative minimum tax. To the extent that the Fund's distributions are derived from interest on obligations that are not exempt from applicable state and local taxes, such distributions will be subject to such state and local taxes. When your investment is in an IRA, 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, you may be subject to federal income tax on ordinary income or capital gains upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

## Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the financial intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

# JPMorgan Municipal Money Market Fund

**Class/Ticker: Reserve/OGIXX**

## The Fund's Objective

The Fund seeks as high a level of current interest income exempt from federal income tax as is consistent with liquidity and stability of principal.

## Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund.

<b>ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES</b> (Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)	
	<b>Reserve</b>
<b>Management Fees</b>	0.08%
<b>Distribution (Rule 12b-1) Fees</b>	0.25
<b>Other Expenses</b>	0.39
<b>Shareholder Service Fees</b>	0.30
<b>Remainder of Other Expenses</b>	0.09
<b>Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses</b>	0.72
<b>Fee Waivers and Expense Reimbursements<sup>1</sup></b>	(0.02)
<b>Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waivers and Expense Reimbursements<sup>1</sup></b>	0.70

<sup>1</sup> The Fund's adviser, administrator and distributor (the Service Providers) have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses of the Reserve Shares (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses, dividend expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation or potential litigation, extraordinary expenses and expenses related to the Board of Trustees' deferred compensation plan) exceed 0.70% of their average daily net assets. This contract cannot be terminated prior to 7/1/15, at which time the Service Providers will determine whether or not to renew or revise it. In addition, the Fund's service providers may voluntarily waive or reimburse certain of their fees, as they may determine, from time to time.

## Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses are equal to the total annual fund operating expenses after fee waivers and expense reimbursements shown in the fee table through 6/30/15 and total annual fund operating expenses thereafter. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

## WHETHER OR NOT YOU SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:

	<u>1 Year</u>	<u>3 Years</u>	<u>5 Years</u>	<u>10 Years</u>
<b>RESERVE SHARES (\$)</b>	72	228	399	893

## The Fund's Main Investment Strategy

Under normal conditions, the Fund invests primarily in municipal obligations, the interest on which is excluded from federal income taxes. As a fundamental policy, the Fund will invest at least 80% of its net assets in such municipal securities. For purposes of this policy, the Fund's net assets include borrowings by the Fund for investment purposes.

Municipal obligations are securities that are issued by or on behalf of states, territories and possessions of the United States, including the District of Columbia, and their respective authorities, agencies and other groups with authority to act for the municipalities.

The Fund generally invests in short-term money market instruments such as private activity and industrial development bonds, tax anticipation notes, municipal lease obligations and participations in pools of municipal obligations.

For purposes of the 80% policy above, the Fund will only invest in municipal obligations if the issuer receives assurances from legal counsel that the interest payable on the securities is exempt from federal income tax.

In addition to purchasing municipal obligations directly, the Fund may invest in municipal obligations by (1) purchasing instruments evidencing direct ownership of interest payments or principal payments, or both, on municipal obligations, such as tender option bonds, or (2) purchasing participation interests in all or part of specific holdings of municipal obligations, provided that the applicable issuer receives assurances from legal counsel that the interest payable on the securities is exempt from federal income tax.

The Fund may invest up to 100% of its assets in municipal obligations that produce income subject to the federal alternative minimum tax.

Up to 20% of the Fund's total assets may be invested in securities subject to federal income tax, such as taxable money market instruments or repurchase agreements.

The Fund is a money market fund managed in the following manner:

- The Fund seeks to maintain a net asset value of \$1.00 per share.
- The dollar-weighted average maturity of the Fund will be 60 days or less and the dollar-weighted average life to maturity will be 120 days or less.

# JPMorgan Municipal Money Market Fund (continued)

- The Fund will only buy securities that have remaining maturities of 397 days or less or securities otherwise permitted to be purchased because of maturity shortening provisions under applicable regulation.
- The Fund invests only in U.S. dollar-denominated securities.
- The Fund seeks to invest in securities that present minimal credit risk.

The Fund may invest significantly in securities with floating or variable rates of interest. Their yields will vary as interest rates change.

The Fund's adviser seeks to develop an appropriate portfolio by considering the differences in yields among securities of different maturities, market sectors and issuers.

## The Fund's Main Investment Risks

The Fund is subject to management risk and the Fund may not achieve its objective if the adviser's expectations regarding particular securities or interest rates are not met.

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

*Interest Rate Risk.* Changes in short-term interest rates will cause changes to the Fund's yield. In addition, a low-interest rate environment may prevent the Fund from providing a positive yield or maintaining a stable net asset value of \$1.00 per share. Given the historically low interest rate environment, risks associated with rising rates are heightened.

*Credit Risk.* The Fund's investments are subject to the risk that an issuer or a counterparty will fail to make payments when due or default completely. If an issuer's or a counterparty's financial condition worsens, the credit quality of the issuer or counterparty may deteriorate making it difficult for the Fund to sell such investments.

*General Market Risk.* Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions.

*Municipal Obligations Risk.* The risk of a municipal obligation generally depends on the financial and credit status of the issuer. Changes in a municipality's financial health may make it difficult for the municipality to make interest and principal

payments when due. This could decrease the Fund's income or hurt the ability to preserve capital and liquidity.

Under some circumstances, municipal obligations might not pay interest unless the state legislature or municipality authorizes money for that purpose. Some obligations, including municipal lease obligations, carry additional risks.

Municipal obligations may be more susceptible to downgrades or defaults during recessions or similar periods of economic stress. In addition, since some municipal obligations may be secured or guaranteed by banks and other institutions, the risk to the Fund could increase if the banking or financial sector suffers an economic downturn and/or if the credit ratings of the institutions issuing the guarantee are downgraded or at risk of being downgraded by a national rating organization. Such a downward revision or risk of being downgraded may have an adverse effect on the market prices of the obligations and thus the value of the Fund's investments. To the extent that the financial institutions securing the municipal obligations are located outside the U.S., these securities could be riskier than those backed by U.S. institutions because of possible political, social or economic instability, higher transaction costs, currency fluctuations, and possible delayed settlement.

In addition to being downgraded, an insolvent municipality may file for bankruptcy. The reorganization of a municipality's debts may significantly affect the rights of creditors and the value of the obligations issued by the municipality and the value of the Fund's investments.

There may be times that, in the opinion of the adviser, municipal money market securities of sufficient quality are not available for the Fund to be able to invest in accordance with its normal investment policies. As a temporary defensive position, the adviser may invest any portion of the Fund's assets in obligations subject to federal income tax, or may hold any portion of the Fund's assets in cash.

*Government Securities Risk.* The Fund invests in securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government or its agencies and instrumentalities (such as securities issued by the Government National Mortgage Association (Ginnie Mae), the Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae), or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac)). U.S. government securities are subject to market risk, interest rate risk and credit risk. Securities, such as those issued or guaranteed by Ginnie Mae or the U.S. Treasury, that are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States are guaranteed only as to the timely payment of interest and principal when held to maturity and the market prices for such securities will fluctuate. Notwithstanding that these securities are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, circumstances could arise that would prevent the payment of interest or principal. This would result in losses to the Fund. Securities issued or

guaranteed by U.S. government related organizations, such as Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac, are not backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government and no assurance can be given that the U.S. government will provide financial support. Therefore, U.S. government related organizations may not have the funds to meet their payment obligations in the future. U.S. government securities include zero coupon securities, which tend to be subject to greater market risk than interest-paying securities of similar maturities.

*Tax Risk.* The Fund may invest in securities whose interest is subject to federal income tax or the federal alternative minimum tax. Consult your tax professional for more information.

*Redemption Risk.* The Fund could experience a loss when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices.

*Floating and Variable Rate Securities Risk.* Floating and variable rate securities provide for a periodic adjustment in the interest rate paid on the securities. The rate adjustment intervals may be regular and range from daily up to annually, or may be based on an event, such as a change in the prime rate. Floating and variable rate securities may be subject to greater liquidity risk than other debt securities, meaning that there may be limitations on the Fund's ability to sell the securities at any given time. Such securities also may lose value.

*Structured Product Risk.* Structured products, such as tender option bonds, involve structural complexities and potential risks that may not be present where a municipal security is owned directly. These enhanced risks may include additional counterparty risk (the risk that the counterparty will not fulfill its contractual obligations) and call risk (the risk that the instruments will be called and the proceeds may need to be reinvested). Additionally, an active trading market for such instruments may not exist. To the extent that a structured product provides a put, a fund may receive a lower interest rate in return for such feature and will be subject to the risk that the put provider will be unable to honor the put feature (purchase the security). Finally, short-term municipal or tax-exempt structured products may present tax issues not presented by investments in other short-term municipal or tax-exempt securities. These issues might be resolved in a manner adverse to the Fund.

*Net Asset Value Risk.* There is no assurance that the Fund will meet its investment objective of maintaining a net asset value of \$1.00 per share on a continuous basis. Furthermore, there can be no assurance that the Fund's affiliates will purchase

distressed assets from the Fund, make capital infusions, enter into capital support agreements or take other actions to ensure that the Fund maintains a net asset value of \$1.00 per share. In the event any money market fund fails to maintain a stable net asset value, other money market funds, including the Fund, could face a universal risk of increased redemption pressures, potentially jeopardizing the stability of their net asset values. In general, certain other money market funds have in the past failed to maintain stable net asset values and there can be no assurance that such failures and resulting redemption pressures will not occur in the future.

*Repurchase Agreement Risk.* There is a risk that the counterparty to a repurchase agreement will default or otherwise become unable to honor a financial obligation and the value of your investment could decline as a result.

*Risk Associated with the Fund Holding Cash.* Although the Fund seeks to be fully invested, it may at times hold some of its assets in cash, which may hurt the Fund's performance.

*Risk of Regulation of Money Market Funds.* Money market funds are subject to diversity, liquidity, credit quality, and maturity requirements pursuant to Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") rules. The SEC and other regulatory agencies continue to review the regulation of money market funds, and may take additional regulatory action in the future. These changes may affect the securities and markets in which the Fund invests. These changes may also impact the Fund's ability to implement its investment strategies as well as its future operations, expenses and/or yields.

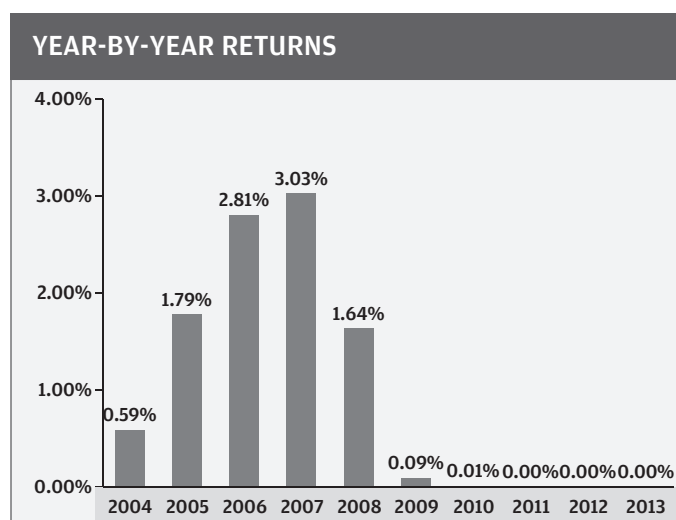
Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency. Although the Fund seeks to preserve the value of your investment at \$1.00 per share, it is possible to lose money by investing in the Fund.

## The Fund's Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund's Reserve Shares has varied from year to year for the past ten calendar years. The table shows the average annual total returns over the past one year, five years and ten years.

To obtain current yield information call 1-800-766-7722. Past performance is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future.

# JPMorgan Municipal Money Market Fund (continued)



<b>Best Quarter</b>	2Q and 3Q 2007	<b>0.77%</b>
<b>Worst Quarter</b>	3Q and 4Q 2009	<b>0.00%</b>
	1Q, 2Q and 3Q 2010	
	1Q, 2Q, 3Q and 4Q 2011	
	1Q, 2Q, 3Q and 4Q 2012	
	1Q, 2Q, 3Q and 4Q 2013	

The Fund's year-to-date total return as of 3/31/14 was 0.00%.

**AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS**  
(For periods ended December 31, 2013)

	<u>Past 1 Year</u>	<u>Past 5 Years</u>	<u>Past 10 Years</u>
<b>RESERVE SHARES</b>	0.00%	0.02%	0.99%

## Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc.

## Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Purchase minimums

For Reserve Shares

To establish an account	\$10,000,000
To add to an account	No minimum levels

You may purchase or redeem shares on any business day that the Fund is open:

- Through your financial intermediary
- By writing to J.P. Morgan Institutional Funds Service Center, 500 Stanton Christiana Road, 3-OPS3, Newark, DE 19713
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Institutional Funds Service Center at 1-800-766-7722

## Tax Information

The Fund's distributions of interest on municipal obligations generally are not subject to federal income tax; however the Fund may distribute taxable dividends, including distributions of short-term capital gains, and long-term capital gains. In addition, interest on certain obligations may be subject to the federal alternative minimum tax. To the extent that the Fund's distributions are derived from interest on obligations that are not exempt from applicable state and local taxes, such distributions will be subject to such state and local taxes. When your investment is in an IRA, 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, you may be subject to federal income tax on ordinary income or capital gains upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

## Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the financial intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

# JPMorgan Michigan Municipal Money Market Fund

**Class/Ticker: Reserve/PEMXX**

## The Fund's Objective

The Fund seeks as high a level of current interest income exempt from federal income tax and Michigan personal income tax as is consistent with capital preservation and stability of principal.

## Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund.

<b>ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES</b> (Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)	
	<b>Reserve</b>
<b>Management Fees</b>	0.08%
<b>Distribution (Rule 12b-1) Fees</b>	0.25
<b>Other Expenses</b>	0.46
Shareholder Service Fees	0.30
Remainder of Other Expenses	0.16
<b>Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses</b>	0.79
<b>Fee Waivers and Expense Reimbursements<sup>1</sup></b>	(0.09)
<b>Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waivers and Expense Reimbursements<sup>1</sup></b>	0.70

<sup>1</sup> The Fund's adviser, administrator and distributor (the Service Providers) have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses of Reserve Shares (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses, dividend expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, extraordinary expenses and expenses related to the Board of Trustees' deferred compensation plan) exceed 0.70% of their average daily net assets. This contract cannot be terminated prior to 7/1/15, at which time the Service Providers will determine whether or not to renew or revise it. In addition, the Fund's service providers may voluntarily waive or reimburse certain of their fees, as they may determine, from time to time.

## Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses are equal to the total annual fund operating expenses after fee waivers and expense reimbursements shown in the fee table through 6/30/15 and total annual fund operating expenses thereafter. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

## WHETHER OR NOT YOU SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:

	<u>1 Year</u>	<u>3 Years</u>	<u>5 Years</u>	<u>10 Years</u>
<b>RESERVE SHARES (\$)</b>	72	243	430	970

## The Fund's Main Investment Strategy

Under normal conditions, the Fund invests primarily in municipal obligations, the income from which is exempt from both federal income tax and Michigan personal income tax. As a fundamental policy, the Fund will invest at least 80% of its Assets in such municipal securities. For purposes of this policy, "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes.

For purposes of the 80% policy above, the Fund will only invest in municipal obligations if the issuer receives assurances from legal counsel that the interest payable on the securities is exempt from federal income tax and Michigan personal income tax. Municipal obligations in which the Fund may invest are securities that are issued by the State of Michigan, its political subdivisions, authorities, and agencies, as well as by Puerto Rico, other U.S. territories and their political subdivisions.

The Fund generally invests in short-term money market instruments, such as private activity and industrial development bonds, tax anticipation notes, municipal lease obligations and participations in pools of municipal obligations.

In addition to purchasing municipal obligations directly, the Fund may invest in municipal obligations by (1) purchasing instruments evidencing direct ownership of interest payments or principal payments, or both, on municipal obligations, such as tender option bonds, or (2) purchasing participation interests in all or part of specific holdings of municipal obligations, provided that the applicable issuer receives assurances from legal counsel that the interest payable on the securities is exempt from federal income tax and Michigan personal income tax.

The Fund may invest up to 100% of its assets in municipal obligations that produce income subject to the federal alternative minimum tax.

Up to 20% of the Fund's total assets may be invested in non-Michigan municipal obligations, subject to Michigan personal income taxes, or in securities subject to federal income tax, such as taxable money market instruments or repurchase agreements.

The Fund is a money market fund managed in the following manner:

- The Fund seeks to maintain a net asset value of \$1.00 per share.

# JPMorgan Michigan Municipal Money Market Fund (continued)

- The dollar-weighted average maturity of the Fund will be 60 days or less and the dollar-weighted average life to maturity will be 120 days or less.
- The Fund will only buy securities that have remaining maturities of 397 days or less or securities otherwise permitted to be purchased because of maturity shortening provisions under applicable regulation.
- The Fund invests only in U.S. dollar-denominated securities.
- The Fund seeks to invest in securities that present minimal credit risk.

The Fund may invest significantly in securities with floating or variable rates of interest. Their yields will vary as interest rates change.

The Fund's adviser seeks to develop an appropriate portfolio by considering the differences in yields among securities of different maturities, market sectors and issuers.

The Fund is non-diversified.

## The Fund's Main Investment Risks

The Fund is subject to management risk and the Fund may not achieve its objective if the adviser's expectations regarding particular securities or interest rates are not met.

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

*Interest Rate Risk.* Changes in short-term interest rates will cause changes to the Fund's yield. In addition, a low-interest rate environment may prevent the Fund from providing a positive yield or maintaining a stable net asset value of \$1.00 per share. Given the historically low interest rate environment, risks associated with rising rates are heightened.

*Credit Risk.* The Fund's investments are subject to the risk that an issuer or a counterparty will fail to make payments when due or default completely. If an issuer's or a counterparty's financial condition worsens, the credit quality of the issuer or counterparty may deteriorate making it difficult for the Fund to sell such investments.

*General Market Risk.* Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions.

*Risk of Michigan Obligations.* Because the Fund invests primarily in municipal obligations issued by the State of Michigan, its political subdivisions, authorities, and agencies, its performance will be affected by the fiscal and economic health of that state and its municipalities. Provisions of Michigan's Constitution that limit the taxing and spending authority of Michigan's governmental entities may impair the ability of Michigan issuers to pay principal and/or interest on their obligations. Additionally, Michigan is heavily dependent on the manufacturing sector and may be sensitive to economic problems affecting the sector.

*Municipal Obligations Risk.* The risk of a municipal obligation generally depends on the financial and credit status of the issuer. Changes in a municipality's financial health may make it difficult for the municipality to make interest and principal payments when due. This could decrease the Fund's income or hurt the ability to preserve capital and liquidity.

Under some circumstances, municipal obligations might not pay interest unless the state legislature or municipality authorizes money for that purpose. Some obligations, including municipal lease obligations, carry additional risks.

Municipal obligations may be more susceptible to downgrades or defaults during recessions or similar periods of economic stress. In addition, since some municipal obligations may be secured or guaranteed by banks and other institutions, the risk to the Fund could increase if the banking or financial sector suffers an economic downturn and/or if the credit ratings of the institutions issuing the guarantee are downgraded or at risk of being downgraded by a national rating organization. Such a downward revision or risk of being downgraded may have an adverse effect on the market prices of the obligations and thus the value of the Fund's investments. To the extent that the financial institutions securing the municipal obligations are located outside the U.S., these securities could be riskier than those backed by U.S. institutions because of possible political, social or economic instability, higher transaction costs, currency fluctuations, and possible delayed settlement.

In addition to being downgraded, an insolvent municipality may file for bankruptcy. The reorganization of a municipality's debts may significantly affect the rights of creditors and the value of the obligations issued by the municipality and the value of the Fund's investments.

There may be times that, in the opinion of the adviser, municipal money market securities of sufficient quality are not available for the Fund to be able to invest in accordance with its normal investment policies. As a temporary defensive position, the adviser may invest any portion of the Fund's assets in obligations subject to state and/or federal income tax, or may hold any portion of the Fund's assets in cash.



*Geographic Focus Risk.* As a single state money market fund, the Fund is less diversified than other money market funds. This is because a single state money market fund is allowed by Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) rules to invest a significantly greater portion than other money market funds of its assets in one issuer. Because of these rules and the relatively small number of issuers of a particular state's municipal securities, the Fund's performance is more affected by the success of one or a few issuers than is the performance of a more diversified fund.

*Government Securities Risk.* The Fund invests in securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government or its agencies and instrumentalities (such as securities issued by the Government National Mortgage Association (Ginnie Mae), the Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae), or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac)). U.S. government securities are subject to market risk, interest rate risk and credit risk. Securities, such as those issued or guaranteed by Ginnie Mae or the U.S. Treasury, that are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States are guaranteed only as to the timely payment of interest and principal when held to maturity and the market prices for such securities will fluctuate. Notwithstanding that these securities are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, circumstances could arise that would prevent the payment of interest or principal. This would result in losses to the Fund. Securities issued or guaranteed by U.S. government related organizations, such as Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac, are not backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government and no assurance can be given that the U.S. government will provide financial support. Therefore, U.S. government related organizations may not have the funds to meet their payment obligations in the future. U.S. government securities include zero coupon securities, which tend to be subject to greater market risk than interest-paying securities of similar maturities.

*Tax Risk.* The Fund may invest in securities whose interest is subject to federal income tax, the federal alternative minimum tax or Michigan personal income taxes. Consult your tax professional for more information.

*Redemption Risk.* The Fund could experience a loss when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices.

*Structured Product Risk.* Structured products, such as tender option bonds, involve structural complexities and potential risks that may not be present where a municipal security is owned directly. These enhanced risks may include additional counterparty risk (the risk that the counterparty will not fulfill its contractual obligations) and call risk (the risk that the instruments will be called and the proceeds may need to be

reinvested). Additionally, an active trading market for such instruments may not exist. To the extent that a structured product provides a put, a fund may receive a lower interest rate in return for such feature and will be subject to the risk that the put provider will be unable to honor the put feature (purchase the security). Finally, short-term municipal or tax-exempt structured products may present tax issues not presented by investments in other short-term municipal or tax-exempt securities. These issues might be resolved in a manner adverse to the Fund.

*Floating and Variable Rate Securities Risk.* Floating and variable rate securities provide for a periodic adjustment in the interest rate paid on the securities. The rate adjustment intervals may be regular and range from daily up to annually, or may be based on an event, such as a change in the prime rate. Floating and variable rate securities may be subject to greater liquidity risk than other debt securities, meaning that there may be limitations on the Fund's ability to sell the securities at any given time. Such securities also may lose value.

*Net Asset Value Risk.* There is no assurance that the Fund will meet its investment objective of maintaining a net asset value of \$1.00 per share on a continuous basis. Furthermore, there can be no assurance that the Fund's affiliates will purchase distressed assets from the Fund, make capital infusions, enter into capital support agreements or take other actions to ensure that the Fund maintains a net asset value of \$1.00 per share. In the event any money market fund fails to maintain a stable net asset value, other money market funds, including the Fund, could face a universal risk of increased redemption pressures, potentially jeopardizing the stability of their net asset values. In general, certain other money market funds have in the past failed to maintain stable net asset values and there can be no assurance that such failures and resulting redemption pressures will not occur in the future.

*Repurchase Agreement Risk.* There is a risk that the counterparty to a repurchase agreement will default or otherwise become unable to honor a financial obligation and the value of your investment could decline as a result.

*Risk Associated with the Fund Holding Cash.* Although the Fund seeks to be fully invested, it may at times hold some of its assets in cash, which may hurt the Fund's performance.

*Non-Diversified Fund Risk.* Since the Fund is non-diversified, it may invest a greater percentage of its assets in a particular issuer or group of issuers than a diversified fund would. This increased investment in fewer issuers may result in the Fund's shares being more sensitive to economic results among those issuing the securities.

*Risk of Regulation of Money Market Funds.* Money market funds are subject to diversity, liquidity, credit quality, and maturity requirements pursuant to Securities and Exchange Commission

# JPMorgan Michigan Municipal Money Market Fund (continued)

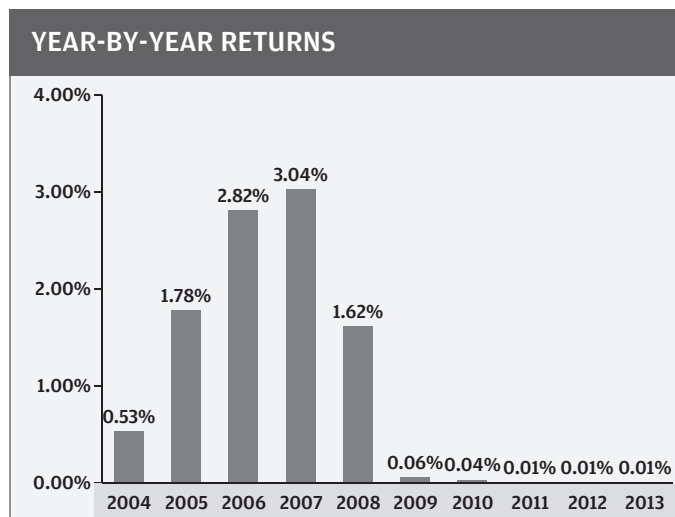
("SEC") rules. The SEC and other regulatory agencies continue to review the regulation of money market funds, and may take additional regulatory action in the future. These changes may affect the securities and markets in which the Fund invests. These changes may also impact the Fund's ability to implement its investment strategies as well as its future operations, expenses and/or yields.

Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency. Although the Fund seeks to preserve the value of your investment at \$1.00 per share, it is possible to lose money by investing in the Fund.

## The Fund's Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund's Reserve Shares has varied from year to year for the past ten calendar years. The table shows the average annual total returns over the past one year, five years and ten years.

To obtain current yield information call 1-800-766-7722. Past performance is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future.



<b>Best Quarter</b>	2Q and 3Q 2007	<b>0.78%</b>
<b>Worst Quarter</b>	2Q, 3Q and 4Q 2009	<b>0.00%</b>
	1Q 2010	
	2Q, 3Q and 4Q 2011	
	1Q, 2Q and 3Q 2012	
	1Q, 2Q and 3Q 2013	

The Fund's year-to-date total return as of 3/31/14 was 0.00%.

## AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (For periods ended December 31, 2013)

	Past 1 Year	Past 5 Years	Past 10 Years
<b>RESERVE SHARES</b>	0.01%	0.03%	0.99%

## Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc.

## Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

### Purchase minimums

For Reserve Shares

To establish an account	\$10,000,000
To add to an account	No minimum levels

You may purchase or redeem shares on any business day that the Fund is open:

- Through your financial intermediary
- By writing to J.P. Morgan Institutional Funds Service Center, 500 Stanton Christiana Road, 3-OPS3, Newark, DE 19713
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Institutional Funds Service Center at 1-800-766-7722

## Tax Information

The Fund's distributions of interest on municipal obligations generally are not subject to federal income tax; however the Fund may distribute taxable dividends, including distributions of short-term capital gains, and long-term capital gains. In addition, interest on certain obligations may be subject to the federal alternative minimum tax. To the extent that the Fund's distributions are derived from interest on obligations that are not exempt from applicable state and local taxes, such distributions will be subject to such state and local taxes. When your investment is in an IRA, 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, you may be subject to federal income tax on ordinary income or capital gains upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

## Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the financial intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

# JPMorgan New York Municipal Money Market Fund

**Class/Ticker: Reserve/JNYXX**

## The Fund's Objective

The Fund aims to provide the highest possible level of current income which is excluded from gross income and exempt from New York State and New York City personal income taxes, while still preserving capital and maintaining liquidity.

## Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund.

<b>ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES</b> (Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)	
	<b>Reserve</b>
<b>Management Fees</b>	0.08%
<b>Distribution (Rule 12b-1) Fees</b>	0.25
<b>Other Expenses</b>	0.40
<b>Shareholder Service Fees</b>	0.30
<b>Remainder of Other Expenses</b>	0.10
<b>Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses</b>	0.73
<b>Fee Waivers and Expense Reimbursements<sup>1</sup></b>	(0.03)
<b>Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waivers and Expense Reimbursements<sup>1</sup></b>	0.70

<sup>1</sup> The Fund's adviser, administrator and distributor (the Service Providers) have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses of Reserve Shares (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses, dividend expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation and potential litigation, extraordinary expenses and expenses related to the Board of Trustees' deferred compensation plan) exceed 0.70% of their average daily net assets. This contract cannot be terminated prior to 7/1/15, at which time the Service Providers will determine whether or not to renew or revise it. In addition, the Fund's service providers may voluntarily waive or reimburse certain of their fees, as they may determine, from time to time.

## Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses are equal to the total annual fund operating expenses after fee waivers and expense reimbursements shown in the fee table through 6/30/15 and total annual fund operating expenses thereafter. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

## WHETHER OR NOT YOU SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:

	<u>1 Year</u>	<u>3 Years</u>	<u>5 Years</u>	<u>10 Years</u>
<b>RESERVE SHARES (\$)</b>	72	230	403	904

## The Fund's Main Investment Strategy

Under normal conditions, the Fund invests primarily in municipal obligations, the interest on which is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes, exempt from New York State and New York City personal income taxes and is not subject to the federal alternative minimum tax on individuals. As a fundamental policy, the Fund normally invests at least 80% of the value of its Assets in such municipal obligations. For purposes of this policy, "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes.

For purposes of the 80% policy above, the Fund will only invest in municipal obligations if the issuer receives assurances from legal counsel that the interest payable on the securities is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes, exempt from New York State and New York City personal income taxes and is not subject to the federal alternative minimum tax on individuals. Municipal obligations in which the Fund may invest are securities that are issued by the State of New York, its political subdivisions, authorities, and agencies, as well as by Puerto Rico, other U.S. territories and their political subdivisions.

The Fund generally invests in short-term money market instruments such as private activity and industrial development bonds, tax anticipation notes, municipal lease obligations and participations in pools of municipal obligations.

In addition to purchasing municipal obligations directly, the Fund may invest in municipal obligations by (1) purchasing instruments evidencing direct ownership of interest payments or principal payments, or both, on municipal obligations, such as tender option bonds, or (2) purchasing participation interests in all or part of specific holdings of municipal obligations, provided that the applicable issuer receives assurances from legal counsel that the interest payable on the securities is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes, exempt from New York State and New York City personal income taxes and is not subject to the federal alternative minimum tax on individuals.

Up to 20% of the Fund's total assets may be invested in non-New York municipal obligations, subject to New York State and/or City personal income taxes, or in securities subject to federal income tax or the federal alternative minimum tax, such as taxable money market instruments or repurchase agreements.

# JPMorgan New York Municipal Money Market Fund (continued)

The Fund is a money market fund managed in the following manner:

- The Fund seeks to maintain a net asset value of \$1.00 per share.
- The dollar-weighted average maturity of the Fund will be 60 days or less and the dollar-weighted average life to maturity will be 120 days or less.
- The Fund will only buy securities that have remaining maturities of 397 days or less or securities otherwise permitted to be purchased because of maturity shortening provisions under applicable regulation.
- The Fund invests only in U.S. dollar-denominated securities.
- The Fund seeks to invest in securities that present minimal credit risk.

The Fund may invest significantly in securities with floating or variable rates of interest. Their yields will vary as interest rates change.

The Fund's adviser seeks to develop an appropriate portfolio by considering the differences in yields among securities of different maturities, market sectors and issuers.

## The Fund's Main Investment Risks

The Fund is subject to management risk and the Fund may not achieve its objective if the adviser's expectations regarding particular securities or interest rates are not met.

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

*Interest Rate Risk.* Changes in short-term interest rates will cause changes to the Fund's yield. In addition, a low-interest rate environment may prevent the Fund from providing a positive yield or maintaining a stable net asset value of \$1.00 per share. Given the historically low interest rate environment, risks associated with rising rates are heightened.

*Credit Risk.* The Fund's investments are subject to the risk that an issuer or a counterparty will fail to make payments when due or default completely. If an issuer's or a counterparty's financial condition worsens, the credit quality of the issuer or counterparty may deteriorate making it difficult for the Fund to sell such investments.

*General Market Risk.* Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one coun-

try or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions.

*Risk of New York Obligations.* Because the Fund invests primarily in municipal obligations issued by the State of New York, its political subdivisions, authorities, and agencies, its performance will be affected by the fiscal and economic health of that state and its municipalities. As the nation's financial capital, New York's economy is heavily dependent on the financial sector, and may be sensitive to economic problems affecting the sector.

*Municipal Obligations Risk.* The risk of a municipal obligation generally depends on the financial and credit status of the issuer. Changes in a municipality's financial health may make it difficult for the municipality to make interest and principal payments when due. This could decrease the Fund's income or hurt the ability to preserve capital and liquidity.

Under some circumstances, municipal obligations might not pay interest unless the state legislature or municipality authorizes money for that purpose. Some obligations, including municipal lease obligations, carry additional risks.

Municipal obligations may be more susceptible to downgrades or defaults during recessions or similar periods of economic stress. In addition, since some municipal obligations may be secured or guaranteed by banks and other institutions, the risk to the Fund could increase if the banking or financial sector suffers an economic downturn and/or if the credit ratings of the institutions issuing the guarantee are downgraded or at risk of being downgraded by a national rating organization. Such a downward revision or risk of being downgraded may have an adverse effect on the market prices of the obligations and thus the value of the Fund's investments. To the extent that the financial institutions securing the municipal obligations are located outside the U.S., these securities could be riskier than those backed by U.S. institutions because of possible political, social or economic instability, higher transaction costs, currency fluctuations, and possible delayed settlement.

In addition to being downgraded, an insolvent municipality may file for bankruptcy. The reorganization of a municipality's debts may significantly affect the rights of creditors and the value of the obligations issued by the municipality and the value of the Fund's investments.

There may be times that, in the opinion of the adviser, municipal money market securities of sufficient quality are not available for the Fund to be able to invest in accordance with its normal investment policies. As a temporary defensive position, the adviser may invest any portion of the Fund's assets in obligations subject to state and/or federal income tax, or may hold any portion of the Fund's assets in cash.

*Geographic Focus Risk.* As a single state money market fund, the Fund is less diversified than other money market funds.

This is because a single state money market fund is allowed by Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) rules to invest a significantly greater portion than other money market funds of its assets in one issuer. Because of these rules and the relatively small number of issuers of a particular state's municipal securities, the Fund's performance is more affected by the success of one or a few issuers than is the performance of a more diversified fund.

*Government Securities Risk.* The Fund invests in securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government or its agencies and instrumentalities (such as securities issued by the Government National Mortgage Association (Ginnie Mae), the Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae), or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac)). U.S. government securities are subject to market risk, interest rate risk and credit risk. Securities, such as those issued or guaranteed by Ginnie Mae or the U.S. Treasury, that are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States are guaranteed only as to the timely payment of interest and principal when held to maturity and the market prices for such securities will fluctuate. Notwithstanding that these securities are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, circumstances could arise that would prevent the payment of interest or principal. This would result in losses to the Fund. Securities issued or guaranteed by U.S. government related organizations, such as Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac, are not backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government and no assurance can be given that the U.S. government will provide financial support. Therefore, U.S. government related organizations may not have the funds to meet their payment obligations in the future. U.S. government securities include zero coupon securities, which tend to be subject to greater market risk than interest-paying securities of similar maturities.

*Tax Risk.* The Fund may invest in securities whose interest is subject to federal income tax, the federal alternative minimum tax or New York State or New York City personal income taxes. Consult your tax professional for more information.

*Redemption Risk.* The Fund could experience a loss when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices.

*Structured Product Risk.* Structured products, such as tender option bonds, involve structural complexities and potential risks that may not be present where a municipal security is owned directly. These enhanced risks may include additional counterparty risk (the risk that the counterparty will not fulfill its contractual obligations) and call risk (the risk that the instruments will be called and the proceeds may need to be reinvested). Additionally, an active trading market for such instruments may not exist. To the extent that a structured product provides a put, a fund may receive a lower interest

rate in return for such feature and will be subject to the risk that the put provider will be unable to honor the put feature (purchase the security). Finally, short-term municipal or tax-exempt structured products may present tax issues not presented by investments in other short-term municipal or tax-exempt securities. These issues might be resolved in a manner adverse to the Fund.

*Floating and Variable Rate Securities Risk.* Floating and variable rate securities provide for a periodic adjustment in the interest rate paid on the securities. The rate adjustment intervals may be regular and range from daily up to annually, or may be based on an event, such as a change in the prime rate. Floating and variable rate securities may be subject to greater liquidity risk than other debt securities, meaning that there may be limitations on the Fund's ability to sell the securities at any given time. Such securities also may lose value.

*Concentration Risk.* The Fund may invest more than 25% of its total assets in securities which rely on similar projects for their income stream. As a result, the Fund could be more susceptible to developments which affect those projects.

*Net Asset Value Risk.* There is no assurance that the Fund will meet its investment objective of maintaining a net asset value of \$1.00 per share on a continuous basis. Furthermore, there can be no assurance that the Fund's affiliates will purchase distressed assets from the Fund, make capital infusions, enter into capital support agreements or take other actions to ensure that the Fund maintains a net asset value of \$1.00 per share. In the event any money market fund fails to maintain a stable net asset value, other money market funds, including the Fund, could face a universal risk of increased redemption pressures, potentially jeopardizing the stability of their net asset values. In general, certain other money market funds have in the past failed to maintain stable net asset values and there can be no assurance that such failures and resulting redemption pressures will not occur in the future.

*Repurchase Agreement Risk.* There is a risk that the counterparty to a repurchase agreement will default or otherwise become unable to honor a financial obligation and the value of your investment could decline as a result.

*Risk Associated with the Fund Holding Cash.* Although the Fund seeks to be fully invested, it may at times hold some of its assets in cash, which may hurt the Fund's performance.

*Risk of Regulation of Money Market Funds.* Money market funds are subject to diversity, liquidity, credit quality, and maturity requirements pursuant to Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") rules. The SEC and other regulatory agencies continue to review the regulation of money market funds, and may take additional regulatory action in the future. These changes may affect the securities and markets in which the Fund invests. These changes may also impact the Fund's ability to implement

# JPMorgan New York Municipal Money Market Fund (continued)

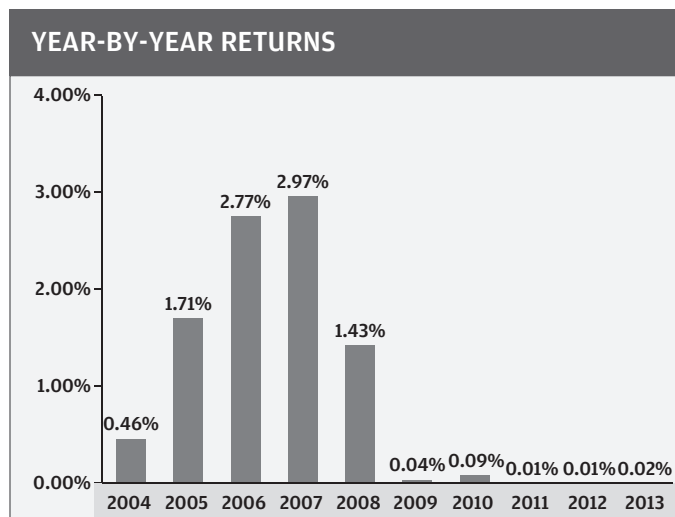
its investment strategies as well as its future operations, expenses and/or yields.

Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency. Although the Fund seeks to preserve the value of your investment at \$1.00 per share, it is possible to lose money by investing in the Fund.

## The Fund's Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund's Reserve Shares has varied from year to year for the past ten calendar years. The table shows the average annual total returns over the past one year, five years and ten years.

To obtain current yield information call 1-800-766-7722. Past performance is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future.



<b>Best Quarter</b>	2Q and 3Q 2007	<b>0.76%</b>
<b>Worst Quarter</b>	3Q and 4Q 2009	<b>0.00%</b>
	1Q 2010	
	2Q, 3Q and 4Q 2011	
	1Q, 2Q, 3Q and 4Q 2012	
	1Q, 2Q and 3Q 2013	

The Fund's year-to-date total return as of 3/31/14 was 0.00%.

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (For periods ended December 31, 2013)			
	Past 1 Year	Past 5 Years	Past 10 Years
<b>RESERVE SHARES</b>	0.02%	0.03%	0.94%

## Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc.

## Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Purchase minimums

For Reserve Shares	
To establish an account	\$10,000,000
To add to an account	No minimum levels

You may purchase or redeem shares on any business day that the Fund is open:

- Through your financial intermediary
- By writing to J.P. Morgan Institutional Funds Service Center, 500 Stanton Christiana Road, 3-OPS3, Newark, DE 19713
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Institutional Funds Service Center at 1-800-766-7722

## Tax Information

The Fund's distributions of interest on municipal obligations generally are not subject to federal income tax; however the Fund may distribute taxable dividends, including distributions of short-term capital gains, and long-term capital gains. In addition, interest on certain obligations may be subject to the federal alternative minimum tax. To the extent that the Fund's distributions are derived from interest on obligations that are not exempt from applicable state and local taxes, such distributions will be subject to such state and local taxes. When your investment is in an IRA, 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, you may be subject to federal income tax on ordinary income or capital gains upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

## Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the financial intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

# JPMorgan Ohio Municipal Money Market Fund

**Class/Ticker: Reserve/HOIXX**

## The Fund's Objective

The Fund seeks as high a level of current interest income exempt from federal income tax and Ohio personal income tax as is consistent with capital preservation and stability of principal.

## Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund.

<b>ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES</b> (Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)	
	<u>Reserve</u>
<b>Management Fees</b>	0.08%
<b>Distribution (Rule 12b-1) Fees</b>	0.25
<b>Other Expenses</b>	0.59
Shareholder Service Fees	0.30
Remainder of Other Expenses	0.29
<b>Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses</b>	0.92
<b>Fee Waivers and Expense Reimbursements<sup>1</sup></b>	(0.22)
<b>Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waivers and Expense Reimbursements<sup>1</sup></b>	0.70

<sup>1</sup> The Fund's adviser, administrator and distributor (the Service Providers) have contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses of Reserve Shares (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses, dividend expenses related to short sales, interest, taxes, expenses related to litigation or potential litigation, extraordinary expenses and expenses related to the Board of Trustees' deferred compensation plan) exceed 0.70% of their average daily net assets. This contract cannot be terminated prior to 7/1/15, at which time the Service Providers will determine whether or not to renew or revise it. In addition, the Fund's service providers may voluntarily waive or reimburse certain of their fees, as they may determine, from time to time.

## Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses are equal to the total annual fund operating expenses after fee waivers and expense reimbursements shown in the fee table through 6/30/15 and total annual fund operating expenses thereafter. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

## WHETHER OR NOT YOU SELL YOUR SHARES, YOUR COST WOULD BE:

	<u>1 Year</u>	<u>3 Years</u>	<u>5 Years</u>	<u>10 Years</u>
<b>RESERVE SHARES (\$)</b>	72	271	488	1,111

## The Fund's Main Investment Strategy

Under normal conditions, the Fund invests primarily in municipal obligations, the income from which is exempt from both federal income tax and Ohio personal income tax. As a fundamental policy, the Fund will invest at least 80% of its Assets in such municipal securities. For purposes of this policy, "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes.

For purposes of the 80% policy above, the Fund will only invest in municipal obligations if the issuer receives assurances from legal counsel that the interest payable on the securities is exempt from federal income tax and Ohio personal income tax. Municipal obligations in which the Fund may invest are securities that are issued by the State of Ohio, its political subdivisions, authorities, and agencies, as well as by Puerto Rico, other U.S. territories and their political subdivisions.

The Fund generally invests in short-term money market instruments, such as private activity and industrial development bonds, tax anticipation notes, municipal lease obligations and participations in pools of municipal obligations.

In addition to purchasing municipal obligations directly, the Fund may invest in municipal obligations by (1) purchasing instruments evidencing direct ownership of interest payments or principal payments, or both, on municipal obligations, such as tender option bonds, or (2) purchasing participation interests in all or part of specific holdings of municipal obligations, provided that the applicable issuer receives assurances from legal counsel that the interest payable on the securities is exempt from federal income tax and Ohio personal income tax.

The Fund may invest up to 100% of its assets in municipal obligations that produce income subject to the federal alternative minimum tax.

Up to 20% of the Fund's total assets may be invested in non-Ohio municipal obligations, subject to Ohio personal income taxes, or in securities subject to federal income tax, such as taxable money market instruments or repurchase agreements.

The Fund is a money market fund managed in the following manner:

- The Fund seeks to maintain a net asset value of \$1.00 per share.

# JPMorgan Ohio Municipal Money Market Fund (continued)

- The dollar-weighted average maturity of the Fund will be 60 days or less and the dollar-weighted average life to maturity will be 120 days or less.
- The Fund will only buy securities that have remaining maturities of 397 days or less or securities otherwise permitted to be purchased because of maturity shortening provisions under applicable regulation.
- The Fund invests only in U.S. dollar-denominated securities.
- The Fund seeks to invest in securities that present minimal credit risk.

The Fund may invest significantly in securities with floating or variable rates of interest. Their yields will vary as interest rates change.

The Fund's adviser seeks to develop an appropriate portfolio by considering the differences in yields among securities of different maturities, market sectors and issuers.

The Fund is non-diversified.

## The Fund's Main Investment Risks

The Fund is subject to management risk and the Fund may not achieve its objective if the adviser's expectations regarding particular securities or interest rates are not met.

An investment in this Fund or any other fund may not provide a complete investment program. The suitability of an investment in the Fund should be considered based on the investment objective, strategies and risks described in this prospectus, considered in light of all of the other investments in your portfolio, as well as your risk tolerance, financial goals and time horizons. You may want to consult with a financial advisor to determine if this Fund is suitable for you.

*Interest Rate Risk.* Changes in short-term interest rates will cause changes to the Fund's yield. In addition, a low-interest rate environment may prevent the Fund from providing a positive yield or maintaining a stable net asset value of \$1.00 per share. Given the historically low interest rate environment, risks associated with rising rates are heightened.

*Credit Risk.* The Fund's investments are subject to the risk that an issuer or a counterparty will fail to make payments when due or default completely. If an issuer's or a counterparty's financial condition worsens, the credit quality of the issuer or counterparty may deteriorate making it difficult for the Fund to sell such investments.

*General Market Risk.* Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions.

*Risk of Ohio Obligations.* Because the Fund invests primarily in municipal obligations issued by the State of Ohio, its political subdivisions, authorities, and agencies, its performance will be affected by the fiscal and economic health of that state and its municipalities. Provisions of Ohio's Constitution that limit the taxing and spending authority of Ohio's governmental entities may impair the ability of Ohio issuers to pay principal and/or interest on their obligations. Additionally, Ohio is heavily dependent on the manufacturing sector and may be sensitive to economic problems affecting the sector.

*Municipal Obligations Risk.* The risk of a municipal obligation generally depends on the financial and credit status of the issuer. Changes in a municipality's financial health may make it difficult for the municipality to make interest and principal payments when due. This could decrease the Fund's income or hurt the ability to preserve capital and liquidity.

Under some circumstances, municipal obligations might not pay interest unless the state legislature or municipality authorizes money for that purpose. Some obligations, including municipal lease obligations, carry additional risks.

Municipal obligations may be more susceptible to downgrades or defaults during recessions or similar periods of economic stress. In addition, since some municipal obligations may be secured or guaranteed by banks and other institutions, the risk to the Fund could increase if the banking or financial sector suffers an economic downturn and/or if the credit ratings of the institutions issuing the guarantee are downgraded or at risk of being downgraded by a national rating organization. Such a downward revision or risk of being downgraded may have an adverse effect on the market prices of the obligations and thus the value of the Fund's investments. To the extent that the financial institutions securing the municipal obligations are located outside the U.S., these securities could be riskier than those backed by U.S. institutions because of possible political, social or economic instability, higher transaction costs, currency fluctuations, and possible delayed settlement.

In addition to being downgraded, an insolvent municipality may file for bankruptcy. The reorganization of a municipality's debts may significantly affect the rights of creditors and the value of the obligations issued by the municipality and the value of the Fund's investments.

There may be times that, in the opinion of the adviser, municipal money market securities of sufficient quality are not available for the Fund to be able to invest in accordance with its normal investment policies. As a temporary defensive position, the adviser may invest any portion of the Fund's assets in obligations subject to state and/or federal income tax, or may hold any portion of the Fund's assets in cash.

*Geographic Focus Risk.* As a single state money market fund, the Fund is less diversified than other money market funds.



This is because a single state money market fund is allowed by Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) rules to invest a significantly greater portion than other money market funds of its assets in one issuer. Because of these rules and the relatively small number of issuers of a particular state's municipal securities, the Fund's performance is more affected by the success of one or a few issuers than is the performance of a more diversified fund.

*Government Securities Risk.* The Fund invests in securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government or its agencies and instrumentalities (such as securities issued by the Government National Mortgage Association (Ginnie Mae), the Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae), or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac)). U.S. government securities are subject to market risk, interest rate risk and credit risk. Securities, such as those issued or guaranteed by Ginnie Mae or the U.S. Treasury, that are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States are guaranteed only as to the timely payment of interest and principal when held to maturity and the market prices for such securities will fluctuate. Notwithstanding that these securities are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, circumstances could arise that would prevent the payment of interest or principal. This would result in losses to the Fund. Securities issued or guaranteed by U.S. government related organizations, such as Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac, are not backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government and no assurance can be given that the U.S. government will provide financial support. Therefore, U.S. government related organizations may not have the funds to meet their payment obligations in the future. U.S. government securities include zero coupon securities, which tend to be subject to greater market risk than interest-paying securities of similar maturities.

*Tax Risk.* The Fund may invest in securities whose interest is subject to federal income tax, the federal alternative minimum tax or Ohio personal income taxes. Consult your tax professional for more information.

*Redemption Risk.* The Fund could experience a loss when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are unusually large or frequent or occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices.

*Structured Product Risk.* Structured products, such as tender option bonds, involve structural complexities and potential risks that may not be present where a municipal security is owned directly. These enhanced risks may include additional counterparty risk (the risk that the counterparty will not fulfill its contractual obligations) and call risk (the risk that the instruments will be called and the proceeds may need to be reinvested). Additionally, an active trading market for such instruments may not exist. To the extent that a structured product provides a put, a fund may receive a lower interest

rate in return for such feature and will be subject to the risk that the put provider will be unable to honor the put feature (purchase the security). Finally, short-term municipal or tax-exempt structured products may present tax issues not presented by investments in other short-term municipal or tax-exempt securities. These issues might be resolved in a manner adverse to the Fund.

*Floating and Variable Rate Securities Risk.* Floating and variable rate securities provide for a periodic adjustment in the interest rate paid on the securities. The rate adjustment intervals may be regular and range from daily up to annually, or may be based on an event, such as a change in the prime rate. Floating and variable rate securities may be subject to greater liquidity risk than other debt securities, meaning that there may be limitations on the Fund's ability to sell the securities at any given time. Such securities also may lose value.

*Net Asset Value Risk.* There is no assurance that the Fund will meet its investment objective of maintaining a net asset value of \$1.00 per share on a continuous basis. Furthermore, there can be no assurance that the Fund's affiliates will purchase distressed assets from the Fund, make capital infusions, enter into capital support agreements or take other actions to ensure that the Fund maintains a net asset value of \$1.00 per share. In the event any money market fund fails to maintain a stable net asset value, other money market funds, including the Fund, could face a universal risk of increased redemption pressures, potentially jeopardizing the stability of their net asset values. In general, certain other money market funds have in the past failed to maintain stable net asset values and there can be no assurance that such failures and resulting redemption pressures will not occur in the future.

*Repurchase Agreement Risk.* There is a risk that the counterparty to a repurchase agreement will default or otherwise become unable to honor a financial obligation and the value of your investment could decline as a result.

*Risk Associated with the Fund Holding Cash.* Although the Fund seeks to be fully invested, it may at times hold some of its assets in cash, which may hurt the Fund's performance.

*Non-Diversified Fund Risk.* Since the Fund is non-diversified, it may invest a greater percentage of its assets in a particular issuer or group of issuers than a diversified fund would. This increased investment in fewer issuers may result in the Fund's shares being more sensitive to economic results among those issuing the securities.

*Risk of Regulation of Money Market Funds.* Money market funds are subject to diversity, liquidity, credit quality, and maturity requirements pursuant to Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") rules. The SEC and other regulatory agencies continue to review the regulation of money market funds, and may take additional regulatory action in the future. These changes may

# JPMorgan Ohio Municipal Money Market Fund (continued)

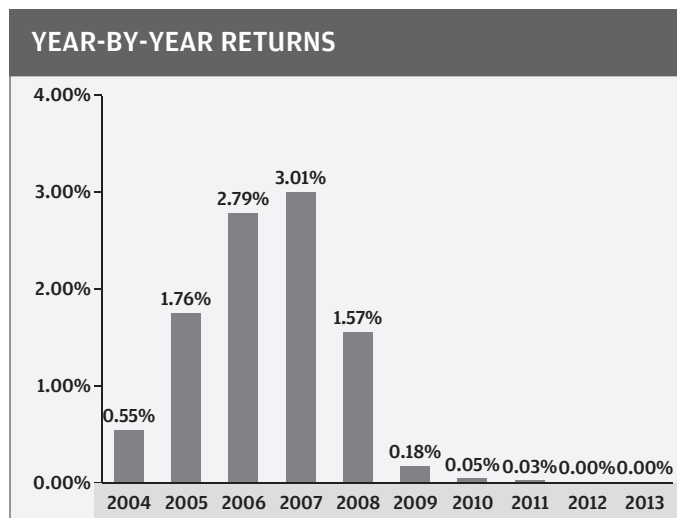
affect the securities and markets in which the Fund invests. These changes may also impact the Fund's ability to implement its investment strategies as well as its future operations, expenses and/or yields.

Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency. Although the Fund seeks to preserve the value of your investment at \$1.00 per share, it is possible to lose money by investing in the Fund.

## The Fund's Past Performance

This section provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund's Reserve Shares has varied from year to year for the past ten calendar years. The table shows the average annual total returns over the past one year, five years and ten years.

To obtain current yield information call 1-800-766-7722. Past performance is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future.



<b>Best Quarter</b>	2Q and 3Q 2007	<b>0.77%</b>
<b>Worst Quarter</b>	3Q 2009	<b>0.00%</b>
	1Q 2010	
	2Q, 3Q and 4Q 2011	
	1Q, 2Q, 3Q and 4Q 2012	
	1Q, 2Q, 3Q and 4Q 2013	

The Fund's year-to-date total return as of 3/31/14 was 0.00%.

## AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (For periods ended December 31, 2013)

	<u>Past 1 Year</u>	<u>Past 5 Years</u>	<u>Past 10 Years</u>
<b>RESERVE SHARES</b>	0.00%	0.05%	0.99%

## Management

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc.

## Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Purchase minimums

For Reserve Shares

To establish an account	\$10,000,000
To add to an account	No minimum levels

You may purchase or redeem shares on any business day that the Fund is open:

- Through your financial intermediary
- By writing to J.P. Morgan Institutional Funds Service Center, 500 Stanton Christiana Road, 3-OPS3, Newark, DE 19713
- After you open an account, by calling J.P. Morgan Institutional Funds Service Center at 1-800-766-7722

## Tax Information

The Fund's distributions of interest on municipal obligations generally are not subject to federal income tax; however the Fund may distribute taxable dividends, including distributions of short-term capital gains, and long-term capital gains. In addition, interest on certain obligations may be subject to the federal alternative minimum tax. To the extent that the Fund's distributions are derived from interest on obligations that are not exempt from applicable state and local taxes, such distributions will be subject to such state and local taxes. When your investment is in an IRA, 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment plan, you may be subject to federal income tax on ordinary income or capital gains upon withdrawal from the tax-advantaged investment plan.

## Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the financial intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

# More About the Funds

## ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE FUNDS' INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

### Prime Money Market Fund

The Fund invests in high quality, short-term money market instruments which are issued and payable in U.S. dollars. The Fund principally invests in:

- high quality commercial paper and other short-term debt securities, including floating and variable rate demand notes of U.S. and foreign corporations,
- debt securities issued or guaranteed by qualified U.S. and foreign banks, including certificates of deposit, time deposits and other short-term securities,
- securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government, its agencies or instrumentalities,
- asset-backed securities,
- repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements, and
- taxable municipal obligations.

The Fund is a money market fund managed in the following manner:

- The Fund seeks to maintain a net asset value of \$1.00 per share.
- The dollar-weighted average maturity of the Fund will be 60 days or less and the dollar-weighted average life to maturity will be 120 days or less.
- The Fund will only buy securities that have remaining maturities of 397 days or less or securities otherwise permitted to be purchased because of maturity shortening provisions under applicable regulation.
- The Fund invests only in U.S. dollar-denominated securities.
- The Fund seeks to invest in securities that present minimal credit risk.

The Fund may invest significantly in securities with floating or variable rates of interest. Their yields will vary as interest rates change.

The Fund will concentrate its investments in the banking industry. Therefore, under normal conditions, the Fund will invest at least 25% of its total assets in securities issued by companies in the banking industry. The Fund may, however, invest less than 25% of its total assets in this industry as a temporary defensive measure.

The Fund's adviser seeks to develop an appropriate portfolio by considering the differences in yields among securities of different maturities, market sectors and issuers.

### Liquid Assets Money Market Fund

The Fund invests in high quality, short-term money market instruments which are issued and payable in U.S. dollars. The Fund principally invests in:

- high quality commercial paper and other short-term debt securities, including floating and variable rate demand notes of U.S. and foreign corporations,
- debt securities issued or guaranteed by qualified U.S. and foreign banks, including certificates of deposit, time deposits and other short-term securities,
- securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government, its agencies or instrumentalities,
- asset-backed securities,
- repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements, and
- taxable municipal obligations.

The Fund is a money market fund managed in the following manner:

- The Fund seeks to maintain a net asset value of \$1.00 per share.
- The dollar-weighted average maturity of the Fund will be 60 days or less and the dollar-weighted average life to maturity will be 120 days or less.
- The Fund will only buy securities that have remaining maturities of 397 days or less or securities otherwise permitted to be purchased because of maturity shortening provisions under applicable regulation.
- The Fund invests only in U.S. dollar-denominated securities.
- The Fund seeks to invest in securities that present minimal credit risk.

The Fund may invest significantly in securities with floating or variable rates of interest. Their yields will vary as interest rates change.

The Fund will concentrate its investments in the financial services industry, including asset-backed commercial paper programs. Therefore, under normal conditions, the Fund will invest at least 25% of its total assets in securities issued by companies in the financial services industry, which includes banks, broker-dealers, finance companies and other issuers of asset-backed securities. The Fund may, however, invest less than 25% of its total assets in this industry if warranted due to adverse economic conditions or if investing less than 25% appears to be in the best interest of shareholders.

The Fund's adviser seeks to develop an appropriate portfolio by considering the differences in yields among securities of different maturities, market sectors and issuers.

## More About the Funds (continued)

### U.S. Government Money Market Fund

Under normal conditions, the Fund invests its assets exclusively in:

- debt securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government, or by U.S. government agencies or instrumentalities, and
- repurchase agreements fully collateralized by U.S. Treasury and U.S. government securities.

The Fund is a money market fund managed in the following manner:

- The Fund seeks to maintain a net asset value of \$1.00 per share.
- The dollar-weighted average maturity of the Fund will be 60 days or less and the dollar-weighted average life to maturity will be 120 days or less.
- The Fund will only buy securities that have remaining maturities of 397 days or less or securities otherwise permitted to be purchased because of maturity shortening provisions under applicable regulation.
- The Fund invests only in U.S. dollar-denominated securities.
- The Fund seeks to invest in securities that present minimal credit risk.

The Fund may invest significantly in securities with floating or variable rates of interest. Their yields will vary as interest rates change.

The Fund's adviser seeks to develop an appropriate portfolio by considering the differences in yields among securities of different maturities, market sectors and issuers.

### U.S. Treasury Plus Money Market Fund

Under normal conditions, the Fund invests its assets exclusively in:

- obligations of the U.S. Treasury, including Treasury bills, bonds and notes and other obligations issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Treasury, and
- repurchase agreements fully collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities.

The debt securities described above carry different interest rates, maturities and issue dates.

The Fund is a money market fund managed in the following manner:

- The Fund seeks to maintain a net asset value of \$1.00 per share.
- The dollar-weighted average maturity of the Fund will be 60 days or less and the dollar-weighted average life to maturity will be 120 days or less.

- The Fund will only buy securities that have remaining maturities of 397 days or less or securities otherwise permitted to be purchased because of maturity shortening provisions under applicable regulation.
- The Fund invests only in U.S. dollar-denominated securities.
- The Fund seeks to invest in securities that present minimal credit risk.

The Fund's adviser seeks to develop an appropriate portfolio by considering the differences in yields among securities of different maturities and issue dates.

### Federal Money Market Fund

Under normal conditions, the Fund invests its assets exclusively in:

- obligations of the U.S. Treasury, including Treasury bills, bonds and notes, and
- debt securities that certain U.S. government agencies or instrumentalities have either issued or guaranteed as to principal and interest.

The interest on these securities is generally exempt from state and local income taxes.

The Fund is a money market fund managed in the following manner:

- The Fund seeks to maintain a net asset value of \$1.00 per share.
- The dollar-weighted average maturity of the Fund will be 60 days or less and the dollar-weighted average life to maturity will be 120 days or less.
- The Fund will only buy securities that have remaining maturities of 397 days or less or securities otherwise permitted to be purchased because of maturity shortening provisions under applicable regulation.
- The Fund invests only in U.S. dollar-denominated securities.
- The Fund seeks to invest in securities that present minimal credit risk.

The Fund may invest significantly in securities with floating or variable rates of interest. Their yields will vary as interest rates change.

The Fund's adviser seeks to develop an appropriate portfolio by considering the differences in yields among securities of different maturities, market sectors and issuers.

### 100% U.S. Treasury Securities Money Market Fund

Under normal conditions, the Fund invests its assets exclusively in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, including Treasury bills, bonds and notes.

These investments carry different interest rates, maturities and issue dates. The interest on these securities is generally exempt from state and local income taxes. The Fund does not buy securities issued or guaranteed by agencies of the U.S. government.

The Fund is a money market fund managed in the following manner:

- The Fund seeks to maintain a net asset value of \$1.00 per share.
- The dollar-weighted average maturity of the Fund will be 60 days or less and the dollar-weighted average life to maturity will be 120 days or less.
- The Fund will only buy securities that have remaining maturities of 397 days or less or securities otherwise permitted to be purchased because of maturity shortening provisions under applicable regulation.
- The Fund seeks to invest in securities that present minimal credit risk.

The Fund's adviser seeks to develop an appropriate portfolio by considering the differences in yields among securities of different maturities and issue dates.

### **Tax Free Money Market Fund**

Under normal conditions, the Fund will try to invest its assets exclusively in municipal obligations, the interest on which is excluded from federal income taxes. As a fundamental policy, the Fund will invest at least 80% of the value of its Assets in municipal obligations. For purposes of this policy, "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes.

Municipal obligations are securities that are issued by or on behalf of states, territories and possessions of the United States, including the District of Columbia, and their respective authorities, agencies and other groups with authority to act for the municipalities.

The Fund generally invests in short-term money market instruments such as private activity and industrial development bonds, tax anticipation notes, municipal lease obligations and participations in pools of municipal obligations.

For purposes of the 80% policy above, the Fund will only invest in municipal obligations if the issuer receives assurances from legal counsel that the interest payable on the securities is exempt from federal income tax.

In addition to purchasing municipal obligations directly, the Fund may invest in municipal obligations by (1) purchasing instruments evidencing direct ownership of interest payments or principal payments, or both, on municipal obligations, such as tender option bonds, or (2) purchasing participation

interests in all or part of specific holdings of municipal obligations, provided that the applicable issuer receives assurances from legal counsel that the interest payable on the securities is exempt from federal income tax.

The remaining 20% of the Fund's total assets may be invested in securities subject to federal income tax or the federal alternative minimum tax.

The Fund is a money market fund managed in the following manner:

- The Fund seeks to maintain a net asset value of \$1.00 per share.
- The dollar-weighted average maturity of the Fund will be 60 days or less and the dollar-weighted average life to maturity will be 120 days or less.
- The Fund will only buy securities that have remaining maturities of 397 days or less or securities otherwise permitted to be purchased because of maturity shortening provisions under applicable regulation.
- The Fund invests only in U.S. dollar-denominated securities.
- The Fund seeks to invest in securities that present minimal credit risk.

The Fund may invest significantly in securities with floating or variable rates of interest. Their yields will vary as interest rates change.

The Fund's adviser seeks to develop an appropriate portfolio by considering the differences in yields among securities of different maturities, market sectors and issuers.

### **Municipal Money Market Fund**

Under normal conditions, the Fund invests primarily in municipal obligations, the interest on which is excluded from federal income taxes. As a fundamental policy, the Fund will invest at least 80% of its net assets in such municipal securities. For purposes of this policy, the Fund's net assets include borrowings by the Fund for investment purposes.

Municipal obligations are securities that are issued by or on behalf of states, territories and possessions of the United States, including the District of Columbia, and their respective authorities, agencies and other groups with authority to act for the municipalities.

The Fund generally invests in short-term money market instruments such as private activity and industrial development bonds, tax anticipation notes, municipal lease obligations and participations in pools of municipal obligations.

For purposes of the 80% policy above, the Fund will only invest in municipal obligations if the issuer receives assurances from

## More About the Funds (continued)

legal counsel that the interest payable on the securities is exempt from federal income tax.

In addition to purchasing municipal obligations directly, the Fund may invest in municipal obligations by (1) purchasing instruments evidencing direct ownership of interest payments or principal payments, or both, on municipal obligations, such as tender option bonds, or (2) purchasing participation interests in all or part of specific holdings of municipal obligations, provided that the applicable issuer receives assurances from legal counsel that the interest payable on the securities is exempt from federal income tax.

The Fund may invest up to 100% of its assets in municipal obligations that produce income subject to the federal alternative minimum tax.

Up to 20% of the Fund's total assets may be invested in securities subject to federal income tax, such as taxable money market instruments or repurchase agreements.

The Fund is a money market fund managed in the following manner:

- The Fund seeks to maintain a net asset value of \$1.00 per share.
- The dollar-weighted average maturity of the Fund will be 60 days or less and the dollar-weighted average life to maturity will be 120 days or less.
- The Fund will only buy securities that have remaining maturities of 397 days or less or securities otherwise permitted to be purchased because of maturity shortening provisions under applicable regulation.
- The Fund invests only in U.S. dollar-denominated securities.
- The Fund seeks to invest in securities that present minimal credit risk.

The Fund may invest significantly in securities with floating or variable rates of interest. Their yields will vary as interest rates change.

The Fund's adviser seeks to develop an appropriate portfolio by considering the differences in yields among securities of different maturities, market sectors and issuers.

### Michigan Municipal Money Market Fund

Under normal conditions, the Fund invests primarily in municipal obligations, the income from which is exempt from both federal income tax and Michigan personal income tax. As a fundamental policy, the Fund will invest at least 80% of its Assets in such municipal securities. For purposes of this policy, "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes.

For purposes of the 80% policy above, the Fund will only invest in municipal obligations if the issuer receives assurances from legal counsel that the interest payable on the securities is exempt from federal income tax and Michigan personal income tax. Municipal obligations in which the Fund may invest are securities that are issued by the State of Michigan, its political subdivisions, authorities, and agencies, as well as by Puerto Rico, other U.S. territories and their political subdivisions.

The Fund generally invests in short-term money market instruments, such as private activity and industrial development bonds, tax anticipation notes, municipal lease obligations and participations in pools of municipal obligations.

In addition to purchasing municipal obligations directly, the Fund may invest in municipal obligations by (1) purchasing instruments evidencing direct ownership of interest payments or principal payments, or both, on municipal obligations, such as tender option bonds, or (2) purchasing participation interests in all or part of specific holdings of municipal obligations, provided that the applicable issuer receives assurances from legal counsel that the interest payable on the securities is exempt from federal income tax and Michigan personal income tax.

The Fund may invest up to 100% of its assets in municipal obligations that produce income subject to the federal alternative minimum tax.

Up to 20% of the Fund's total assets may be invested in non-Michigan municipal obligations, subject to Michigan personal income taxes, or in securities subject to federal income tax, such as taxable money market instruments or repurchase agreements.

The Fund is a money market fund managed in the following manner:

- The Fund seeks to maintain a net asset value of \$1.00 per share.
- The dollar-weighted average maturity of the Fund will be 60 days or less and the dollar-weighted average life to maturity will be 120 days or less.
- The Fund will only buy securities that have remaining maturities of 397 days or less or securities otherwise permitted to be purchased because of maturity shortening provisions under applicable regulation.
- The Fund invests only in U.S. dollar-denominated securities.
- The Fund seeks to invest in securities that present minimal credit risk.

The Fund may invest significantly in securities with floating or variable rates of interest. Their yields will vary as interest rates change.

The Fund's adviser seeks to develop an appropriate portfolio by considering the differences in yields among securities of different maturities, market sectors and issuers.

The Fund is non-diversified.

### **New York Municipal Money Market Fund**

Under normal conditions, the Fund invests primarily in municipal obligations, the interest on which is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes, exempt from New York State and New York City personal income taxes and is not subject to the federal alternative minimum tax on individuals. As a fundamental policy, the Fund normally invests at least 80% of the value of its Assets in such municipal obligations. For purposes of this policy, "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes.

For purposes of the 80% policy above, the Fund will only invest in municipal obligations if the issuer receives assurances from legal counsel that the interest payable on the securities is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes, exempt from New York State and New York City personal income taxes and is not subject to the federal alternative minimum tax on individuals. Municipal obligations in which the Fund may invest are securities that are issued by the State of New York, its political subdivisions, authorities, and agencies, as well as by Puerto Rico, other U.S. territories and their political subdivisions.

The Fund generally invests in short-term money market instruments such as private activity and industrial development bonds, tax anticipation notes, municipal lease obligations and participations in pools of municipal obligations.

In addition to purchasing municipal obligations directly, the Fund may invest in municipal obligations by (1) purchasing instruments evidencing direct ownership of interest payments or principal payments, or both, on municipal obligations, such as tender option bonds, or (2) purchasing participation interests in all or part of specific holdings of municipal obligations, provided that the applicable issuer receives assurances from legal counsel that the interest payable on the securities is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes, exempt from New York State and New York City personal income taxes and is not subject to the federal alternative minimum tax on individuals.

Up to 20% of the Fund's total assets may be invested in non-New York municipal obligations, subject to New York State and/or City personal income taxes, or in securities subject to federal income tax or the federal alternative minimum tax, such as taxable money market instruments or repurchase agreements.

The Fund is a money market fund managed in the following manner:

- The Fund seeks to maintain a net asset value of \$1.00 per share.
- The dollar-weighted average maturity of the Fund will be 60 days or less and the dollar-weighted average life to maturity will be 120 days or less.
- The Fund will only buy securities that have remaining maturities of 397 days or less or securities otherwise permitted to be purchased because of maturity shortening provisions under applicable regulation.
- The Fund invests only in U.S. dollar-denominated securities.
- The Fund seeks to invest in securities that present minimal credit risk.

The Fund may invest significantly in securities with floating or variable rates of interest. Their yields will vary as interest rates change.

The Fund's adviser seeks to develop an appropriate portfolio by considering the differences in yields among securities of different maturities, market sectors and issuers.

### **Ohio Municipal Money Market Fund**

Under normal conditions, the Fund invests primarily in municipal obligations, the income from which is exempt from both federal income tax and Ohio personal income tax. As a fundamental policy, the Fund will invest at least 80% of its Assets in such municipal securities. For purposes of this policy, "Assets" means net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes.

For purposes of the 80% policy above, the Fund will only invest in municipal obligations if the issuer receives assurances from legal counsel that the interest payable on the securities is exempt from federal income tax and Ohio personal income tax. Municipal obligations in which the Fund may invest are securities that are issued by the State of Ohio, its political subdivisions, authorities, and agencies, as well as by Puerto Rico, other U.S. territories and their political subdivisions.

The Fund generally invests in short-term money market instruments, such as private activity and industrial development bonds, tax anticipation notes, municipal lease obligations and participations in pools of municipal obligations.

In addition to purchasing municipal obligations directly, the Fund may invest in municipal obligations by (1) purchasing instruments evidencing direct ownership of interest payments or principal payments, or both, on municipal obligations, such as tender option bonds, or (2) purchasing participation interests in all or part of specific holdings of municipal obligations, provided that the applicable issuer receives assurances from

## More About the Funds (continued)

legal counsel that the interest payable on the securities is exempt from federal income tax and Ohio personal income tax.

The Fund may invest up to 100% of its assets in municipal obligations that produce income subject to the federal alternative minimum tax.

Up to 20% of the Fund's total assets may be invested in non-Ohio municipal obligations, subject to Ohio personal income taxes, or in securities subject to federal income tax, such as taxable money market instruments or repurchase agreements.

The Fund is a money market fund managed in the following manner:

- The Fund seeks to maintain a net asset value of \$1.00 per share.
- The dollar-weighted average maturity of the Fund will be 60 days or less and the dollar-weighted average life to maturity will be 120 days or less.
- The Fund will only buy securities that have remaining maturities of 397 days or less or securities otherwise permitted to be purchased because of maturity shortening provisions under applicable regulation.
- The Fund invests only in U.S. dollar-denominated securities.
- The Fund seeks to invest in securities that present minimal credit risk.

The Fund may invest significantly in securities with floating or variable rates of interest. Their yields will vary as interest rates change.

The Fund's adviser seeks to develop an appropriate portfolio by considering the differences in yields among securities of different maturities, market sectors and issuers.

The Fund is non-diversified.

### Each of the Funds

Each Fund may utilize these investment strategies to a greater or lesser degree.

Each Fund is a money market fund managed to meet the requirements of Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act of 1940. Within these requirements, each Fund is managed in the following manner:

- Each Fund seeks to maintain a net asset value of \$1.00 per share.
- The dollar-weighted average maturity of each Fund will be 60 days or less, and the dollar-weighted average life to maturity will be 120 days or less. For a discussion of dollar weighted average maturity and dollar-weighted average life to maturity, please see page 65.

- Each Fund will only buy securities that have remaining maturities of 397 days or less as determined under Rule 2a-7.
- Each Fund invests only in U.S. dollar-denominated securities.
- Each taxable Fund will not acquire any security other than a daily liquid asset unless, immediately following such purchase, at least 10% of its total assets would be invested in daily liquid assets and each Fund will not acquire any security other than a weekly liquid asset unless, immediately following such purchase, at least 30% of its total assets would be invested in weekly liquid assets. "Daily liquid assets" include (i) cash; (ii) direct obligations of the U.S. Government; and (iii) securities that will mature or are subject to a demand feature that is exercisable and payable within one business day. "Weekly liquid assets" include (i) cash; (ii) direct obligations of the U.S. Government; (iii) Government securities issued by a person controlled or supervised by and acting as an instrumentality of the Government of the United States pursuant to authority granted by the Congress of the United States, that are issued at a discount to the principal amount to be repaid at maturity and have a remaining maturity of 60 days or less; and (iv) securities that will mature or are subject to a demand feature that is exercisable and payable within five business days.
- Each Fund seeks to invest in securities that present minimal credit risk. With regard to Prime Money Market Fund, Liquid Assets Money Market Fund, Tax Free Money Market Fund, Municipal Money Market Fund, Michigan Municipal Money Market Fund, New York Municipal Money Market Fund and Ohio Municipal Money Market Fund, these securities will:
  - have one of the two highest short-term ratings from at least two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations, or one such rating if only one nationally recognized statistical rating organization rates that security;
  - have an additional third party guarantee in order to meet the rating requirements; or
  - be considered of comparable quality by J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (JPMIM), the Funds' adviser, if the security is not rated.

All of the Funds that are permitted to invest in repurchase agreements may engage in repurchase agreement transactions that are collateralized by cash or government securities. The repurchase agreements in which the Funds invest may be with counterparties that are not rated "first tier" under Rule 2a-7. The Liquid Assets Money Market Fund and Prime Money Market Fund may, in addition, engage in repurchase agreement transactions that are collateralized by money market instruments, debt securities, loan participations or other securities, including equity securities and securities that are rated below investment grade by the requisite nationally recognized statistical rating



organizations or unrated securities of comparable quality. High yield securities (known as junk bonds) are considered to be speculative and are subject to greater risk of loss, greater sensitivity to interest rate and economic changes, valuation difficulties and potential illiquidity.

The 100% U.S. Treasury Securities Money Market Fund will provide shareholders with at least 60 days' prior notice of any change to its policy to, under normal conditions, invest its assets exclusively in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, including Treasury bills, bonds and notes. The Federal Money Market Fund will provide shareholders with at least 60 days' prior notice of any changes to its policy to, under normal conditions, invest its assets exclusively in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, including Treasury bills, bonds and notes, and debt securities that certain U.S. government agencies or instrumentalities have either issued or guaranteed as to principal and interest.

#### FUNDAMENTAL INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES

An investment objective is fundamental if it cannot be changed without the consent of a majority of the outstanding shares of the Fund. The investment objective for each of the Liquid Assets Money Market Fund, U.S. Government Money Market Fund, U.S. Treasury Plus Money Market Fund, Municipal Money Market Fund, Michigan Municipal Money Market Fund and Ohio Municipal Money Market Fund is fundamental. The investment objective for each of the Prime Money Market Fund, Federal Money Market Fund, 100% U.S. Treasury Securities Money Market Fund, Tax Free Money Market Fund and New York Municipal Money Market Fund is non-fundamental and may be changed without the consent of a majority of the outstanding shares of that Fund.

#### INVESTMENT RISKS

There can be no assurance that a Fund will achieve its investment objective.

The main risks associated with investing in the Funds are summarized in "Risk/Return Summaries" at the front of this prospectus. More detailed descriptions of the main risks and additional risks of the Funds are described below.

Please note that the Funds also may use strategies that are not described in this section, but which are described in the Statement of Additional Information.

**Interest Rate Risk.** Although each Fund is generally less sensitive to interest rate changes than are funds that invest in longer-term securities, changes in short-term interest rates will cause changes to that Fund's yield. In addition, a low-interest rate environment may prevent a Fund from providing a positive yield or maintaining a stable net asset value of \$1.00 per share. Many factors can cause interest rates to rise. Some examples

include central bank monetary policy, rising inflation rates and general economic conditions. Given the historically low interest rate environment, risks associated with rising rates are heightened.

**Credit Risk.** There is a risk that the issuer of a security, or the counterparty to a contract, repurchase agreement or other investment, will default or otherwise become unable to honor a financial obligation. The price and liquidity of a security can also be adversely affected if either its credit status or the market environment generally deteriorates and the probability of default rises. The value of your investment could decline as a result of these events.

**Mortgage-Related and Other Asset-Backed Securities Risk.** (applicable to Prime Money Market Fund, Liquid Assets Money Market Fund, U.S. Government Money Market Fund and Federal Money Market Fund) Mortgage-related and asset-backed securities are subject to certain other risks. The value of these securities will be influenced by the factors affecting the housing market and the assets underlying such securities. As a result, during periods of difficult or frozen credit markets, significant changes in interest rates, or deteriorating economic conditions, mortgage-related and asset-backed securities may decline in value, face valuation difficulties, become more volatile and/or become illiquid. Additionally, during such periods and also under normal conditions, these securities are also subject to prepayment and call risk. Gains and losses associated with prepayments will increase/decrease the income available for distributions by a Fund and the Fund's yield. When mortgages and other obligations are prepaid and when securities are called, a Fund may have to reinvest in securities with a lower yield or fail to recover additional amounts (i.e., premiums) paid for securities with higher interest rates, resulting in an unexpected capital loss and/or a decrease in the amount of dividends and yields. In periods of rising interest rates, a Fund may be subject to extension risk, and may receive principal later than expected. As a result, in periods of rising interest rates, a Fund may exhibit additional volatility. Some of these securities may receive little or no collateral protection from the underlying assets and are thus subject to the risk of default described under "**Credit Risk**".

**Government Securities Risk.** The Funds invest in securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government or its agencies and instrumentalities (such as securities issued by the Government National Mortgage Association (Ginnie Mae), the Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae), or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac)). U.S. government securities are subject to market risk, interest rate risk and credit risk. Securities, such as those issued or guaranteed by Ginnie Mae or the U.S. Treasury, that are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States are guaranteed only as to the timely payment of interest and principal when held to

## More About the Funds (continued)

maturity and the market prices for such securities will fluctuate. Notwithstanding that these securities are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, circumstances could arise that would prevent the payment of interest or principal. This would result in losses to a Fund. Securities issued or guaranteed by U.S. government related organizations, such as Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac, are not backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government and no assurance can be given that the U.S. government will provide financial support. Therefore, U.S. government related organizations may not have the funds to meet their payment obligations in the future. U.S. government securities include zero coupon securities, which tend to be subject to greater market risk than interest-paying securities of similar maturities.

**Redemption Risk.** A Fund could experience a loss when selling securities to meet redemption requests by shareholders. The risk of loss increases if the redemption requests are large or frequent, occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices for the securities sold, or when the securities a Fund wishes to or is required to sell are illiquid. A Fund may be unable to sell illiquid securities at its desired time or price. Illiquidity can be caused by a drop in overall market trading volume, an inability to find a ready buyer, or legal restrictions on the securities' resale. Other market participants may be attempting to sell debt securities at the same time as a Fund, causing downward pricing pressure and contributing to illiquidity. The capacity for bond dealers to engage in trading or "make a market" in debt securities has not kept pace with the growth of bond markets. This could potentially lead to decreased liquidity and increased volatility in the debt markets. Certain securities that were liquid when purchased may later become illiquid, particularly in times of overall economic distress.

**Repurchase Agreement Risk.** There is a risk that the counterparty to a repurchase agreement will default or otherwise become unable to honor a financial obligation and the value of your investment could decline as a result.

A repurchase agreement is subject to the risk that the seller may fail to repurchase the security. In the event of default by the seller under a repurchase agreement construed to be a collateralized loan, the underlying securities would not be owned by a Fund, but would only constitute collateral for the seller's obligation to pay the repurchase price. Therefore, a Fund may suffer time delays and incur costs in connection with the disposition of the collateral. For example, certain repurchase agreements a Fund may enter into may or may not be subject to an automatic stay in bankruptcy proceedings. As a result of the automatic stay, to the extent applicable, a Fund could be prohibited from selling the collateral in the event of a counterparty's bankruptcy unless the Fund is able to obtain the approval of the bankruptcy court. In addition, to the extent that a repurchase agreement is secured by collateral other than

cash and government securities ("Non-Traditional Collateral"), these risks may be magnified and the value of Non-Traditional Collateral may be more volatile or less liquid thereby increasing the risk that a Fund will be unable to recover fully in the event of a counterparty's default. High yield securities (known as junk bonds) are considered to be speculative and are subject to greater risk of loss, greater sensitivity to interest rate and economic changes, valuation difficulties and potential illiquidity.

**Foreign Securities Risk.** (applicable to Prime Money Market Fund and Liquid Assets Money Market Fund) To the extent that a Fund invests in foreign securities, these investments are subject to special risks in addition to those of U.S. investments. These risks include political and economic risks, civil conflicts and war, greater volatility, expropriation and nationalization risks, sanctions or other measures by the United States or other governments, higher transaction costs, delayed settlement, possible foreign controls on investment and less stringent investor protection and disclosure standards of some foreign markets, all of which could adversely affect a Fund's investments in a foreign country. The securities markets of many foreign countries are relatively small, with a limited number of companies representing a small number of industries. In certain markets where securities and other instruments are not traded "delivery versus payment," a Fund may not receive timely payment for securities or other instruments it has delivered and may be subject to increased risk that the counterparty will fail to make payments when due or default completely. Events and evolving conditions in certain economies or markets may alter the risks associated with investments tied to countries or regions that historically were perceived as comparatively stable becoming riskier and more volatile.

**Structured Product Risk.** (applicable to Tax Free Money Market Fund, Municipal Money Market Fund, Michigan Municipal Money Market Fund, New York Municipal Money Market Fund and Ohio Municipal Money Market Fund) Structured products, such as tender option bonds, involve structural complexities and potential risks that may not be present where a municipal security is owned directly. These enhanced risks may include additional counterparty risk (the risk that the counterparty will not fulfill its contractual obligations) and call risk (the risk that the instruments will be called and the proceeds may need to be reinvested). Additionally, an active trading market for such instruments may not exist. To the extent that a structured product provides a put, a fund may receive a lower interest rate in return for such feature and will be subject to the risk that the put provider will be unable to honor the put feature (purchase the security). Finally, short-term municipal or tax-exempt structured products may present tax issues not presented by investments in other short-term municipal or tax-exempt securities. These issues might be resolved in a manner adverse to a Fund.

**Floating and Variable Rate Securities Risk.** Floating and variable rate securities provide for a periodic adjustment in the interest rate paid on the securities. The rate adjustment intervals may be regular and range from daily up to annually, or may be based on an event, such as a change in the prime rate. Floating and variable rate securities may be subject to greater liquidity risk than other debt securities, meaning that there may be limitations on a Fund's ability to sell the securities at any given time. Such securities also may lose value.

**Municipal Obligations Risk.** (applicable to Prime Money Market Fund, Liquid Assets Money Market Fund, Tax Free Money Market Fund, Municipal Money Market Fund, Michigan Municipal Money Market Fund, New York Municipal Money Market Fund and Ohio Municipal Money Market Fund) The risk of a municipal obligation generally depends on the financial and credit status of the issuer. Changes in a municipality's financial health may make it difficult for the municipality to make interest and principal payments when due. A number of municipalities have had significant financial problems recently, and these and other municipalities could, potentially, continue to experience significant financial problems resulting from lower tax revenues and/or decreased aid from state and local governments in the event of an economic downturn. This could decrease a Fund's income or hurt the ability to preserve capital and liquidity.

Under some circumstances, municipal obligations might not pay interest unless the state legislature or municipality authorizes money for that purpose. Some obligations, including municipal lease obligations, carry additional risks. For example, they may be difficult to trade or interest payments may be tied only to a specific stream of revenue.

Municipal obligations may be more susceptible to downgrades or defaults during recessions or similar periods of economic stress. Factors contributing to the economic stress on municipalities may include lower property tax collections as a result of lower home values, lower sales tax revenue as a result of consumers cutting back spending, and lower income tax revenue as a result of a higher unemployment rate. In addition, since some municipal obligations may be secured or guaranteed by banks and other institutions, the risk to a Fund could increase if the banking or financial sector suffers an economic downturn and/or if the credit ratings of the institutions issuing the guarantee are downgraded or at risk of being downgraded by a national rating organization. If such events were to occur, the value of the security could decrease or the value could be lost entirely, and it may be difficult or impossible for a Fund to sell the security at the time and the price that normally prevails in the market. Such a downward revision or risk of being downgraded may have an adverse effect on the market prices of the obligations and thus the value of a Fund's investments. To the extent that the financial institutions securing the municipal obligations are located outside the U.S., these obligations could

be riskier than those backed by U.S. institutions because of possible political, social or economic instability, higher transaction costs, currency fluctuations, and possible delayed settlement.

In addition to being downgraded, an insolvent municipality may file for bankruptcy. For example, Chapter 9 of the Bankruptcy Code provides a financially distressed municipality protection from its creditors while it develops and negotiates a plan for reorganizing its debts. "Municipality" is defined broadly by the Bankruptcy Code as a "political subdivision or public agency or instrumentality of a state" and may include various issuers of obligations in which a Fund invests. The reorganization of a municipality's debts may include extending debt maturities, reducing the amount of principal or interest, refinancing the debt or taking other measures, which may significantly affect the rights of creditors and the value of the obligations issued by the municipality and the value of a Fund's investments.

There may be times that, in the opinion of the adviser, municipal money market securities of sufficient quality are not available for a Fund to be able to invest in accordance with its normal investment policies.

Interest on municipal obligations, while generally exempt from federal income tax, may not be exempt from federal alternative minimum tax.

**When-Issued, Delayed Settlement and Forward Commitment Transactions Risk.** (applicable to Prime Money Market Fund, Liquid Assets Money Market Fund, U.S. Government Money Market Fund and Federal Money Market Fund) The Fund may purchase or sell securities which it is eligible to purchase or sell on a when-issued basis, may purchase and sell such securities for delayed delivery and may make contracts to purchase or sell such securities for a fixed price at a future date beyond normal settlement time (forward commitments). When-issued transactions, delayed delivery purchases and forward commitments involve the risk that the security the Fund buys will lose value prior to its delivery. There also is the risk that the security will not be issued or that the other party to the transaction will not meet its obligation. If this occurs, the Fund loses both the investment opportunity for the assets it set aside to pay for the security and any gain in the security's price.

**Privately Placed Securities Risk.** (applicable to Prime Money Market Fund and Liquid Assets Money Market Fund) Privately placed securities generally are less liquid than publicly traded securities and a Fund may not always be able to sell such securities without experiencing delays in finding buyers or reducing the sale price for such securities. The disposition of some of the securities held by a Fund may be restricted under federal securities laws. As a result, a Fund may not be able to dispose of such investments at a time when, or at a price at which, it desires to do so and may have to bear expenses of registering

## More About the Funds (continued)

these securities, if necessary. These securities may also be difficult to value.

**Risk of Michigan Obligations.** (applicable to Michigan Municipal Money Market Fund) Because the Fund invests primarily in municipal obligations issued by the State of Michigan, its political subdivisions, authorities, and agencies, its performance will be affected by the fiscal and economic health of that state and its municipalities. Provisions of Michigan's Constitution that limit the taxing and spending authority of Michigan's governmental entities may impair the ability of Michigan issuers to pay principal and/or interest on their obligations. Additionally, Michigan is heavily dependent on the manufacturing sector and may be sensitive to economic problems affecting the sector.

During the recent recession, Michigan experienced a significant economic downturn. Although some signs of recovery have emerged, this recovery may be slow as the state continues to face financial difficulties due to weakened economic conditions. Any deterioration of Michigan's fiscal situation could increase the risk of investing in Michigan municipal securities, including the risk of potential issuer default, and could heighten the risk that the prices of Michigan municipal securities, and the Fund's net asset value and/or yield, will experience greater volatility. Furthermore, any such deterioration could result in a downgrade of the credit rating of an issuer of Michigan municipal securities. Future downgrades could reduce the market value of the securities held by the Fund, which could adversely affect the Fund's performance.

**Risk of New York Obligations.** (applicable to New York Municipal Money Market Fund) Because the Fund invests primarily in municipal obligations issued by the State of New York, its political subdivisions, authorities, and agencies, its performance will be affected by the fiscal and economic health of that state and its municipalities. Additionally, as the nation's financial capital, New York's economy is heavily dependent on the financial sector and may be sensitive to economic problems affecting the sector. New York also faces a particularly large degree of uncertainty from interest rate risk and equity market volatility. The New York economy tends to be more sensitive to monetary policy actions and to movements in the national and world economies than the economies of other states.

During the recent recession, New York experienced a significant economic downturn. Although some signs of recovery have emerged, this recovery may be slow as the state continues to face financial difficulties due to weakened economic conditions. Any deterioration of New York's fiscal situation could increase the risk of investing in New York municipal securities, including the risk of potential issuer default, and could heighten the risk that the prices of New York municipal securities, and the Fund's net asset value and/or yield, will experience greater volatility. Furthermore, any such deterioration could result in a downgrade of the credit rating of an issuer of

New York municipal securities. Future downgrades could reduce the market value of the securities held by the Fund, which could adversely affect the Fund's performance.

**Risk of Ohio Obligations.** (Applicable to Ohio Municipal Money Market Fund) Because the Fund invests primarily in municipal obligations issued by the State of Ohio, its political subdivisions, authorities, and agencies, its performance will be affected by the fiscal and economic health of that state and its municipalities. Provisions of Ohio's Constitution that limit the taxing and spending authority of Ohio's governmental entities may impair the ability of Ohio issuers to pay principal and/or interest on their obligations. Additionally, Ohio is heavily dependent on the transportation and manufacturing sectors and may be sensitive to economic problems affecting those sectors.

During the recent recession, Ohio experienced a significant economic downturn. Although some signs of recovery have emerged, this recovery may be slow as the state continues to face financial difficulties due to weakened economic conditions. Any deterioration of Ohio's fiscal situation could increase the risk of investing in Ohio municipal securities, including the risk of potential issuer default, and could heighten the risk that the prices of Ohio municipal securities, and the Fund's net asset value and/or yield, will experience greater volatility. Furthermore, any such deterioration could result in a downgrade of the credit rating of an issuer of Ohio municipal securities. Future downgrades could reduce the market value of the securities held by the Fund, which could adversely affect the Fund's performance.

For more information about risks associated with the types of investments that the Funds purchase, please read the Statement of Additional Information.

### TEMPORARY DEFENSIVE POSITIONS

For liquidity and to respond to unusual market conditions, the Funds may hold all or most of their total assets in cash for temporary defensive purposes. This may result in a lower yield and prevent the Funds from meeting their investment objectives.

### U.S. Treasury Plus Money Market Fund and 100% U.S. Treasury Securities Money Market Fund

As a temporary defensive measure, each Fund may invest up to 20% of its total assets in (1) debt securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government or its agencies or instrumentalities, and (2) repurchase agreements that are secured with collateral issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government or its agencies or instrumentalities.

### Federal Money Market Fund

As a temporary defensive measure, the Fund may invest up to 20% of its total assets in (1) repurchase agreements that are

secured by U.S. Treasury securities, and (2) repurchase agreements that are secured with collateral issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government or its agencies or instrumentalities.

### **Tax Free Money Market Fund**

Up to 20% of the Fund's total assets may be invested in securities subject to federal income tax or the federal alternative minimum tax, such as taxable money market instruments or repurchase agreements. The Fund may exceed this 20% limit for temporary defensive purposes.

### **Municipal Money Market Fund**

Up to 20% of the Fund's total net assets may be invested in securities subject to federal income tax, such as taxable money market instruments or repurchase agreements. The Fund may exceed this 20% limit for temporary defensive purposes.

### **Michigan Municipal Money Market Fund**

Up to 20% of the Fund's total assets may be invested in non-Michigan municipal obligations, subject to Michigan personal income taxes, or in securities subject to federal income tax, such as taxable money market instruments or repurchase agreements. The Fund may exceed this limit for temporary defensive purposes. For example, when suitable municipal obligations are unavailable the Fund may buy municipal obligations from other states. These would generally be subject to Michigan personal income taxes.

### **New York Municipal Money Market Fund**

Up to 20% of the Fund's total assets may be invested in non-New York municipal obligations, subject to New York personal income taxes, or in securities subject to federal income tax or the federal alternative minimum tax, such as taxable money market instruments or repurchase agreements. The Fund may exceed this limit for temporary defensive purposes. For example, when suitable municipal obligations are unavailable the Fund may buy municipal obligations from other states. These would generally be subject to New York State and New York City personal income taxes.

### **Ohio Municipal Money Market Fund**

Up to 20% of the Fund's total assets may be invested in non-Ohio municipal obligations, subject to Ohio personal income taxes, or in securities subject to federal income tax, such as taxable money market instruments or repurchase agreements. The Fund may exceed this limit for temporary defensive purposes. For example, when suitable municipal obligations are unavailable the Fund may buy municipal obligations from other states. These would generally be subject to Ohio personal income taxes.

### **Temporary Defensive Position Risk**

#### **Prime Money Market Fund, Liquid Assets Money Market Fund and U.S. Government Money Market Fund**

If a Fund departs from its investment policies during temporary defensive periods or to meet redemptions, it may not achieve its investment objective.

#### **U.S. Treasury Plus Money Market Fund**

If the Fund departs from its investment policies during temporary defensive periods or to meet redemptions, it may not achieve its investment objective.

Investments in the securities enumerated as investments permissible as a temporary defensive measure above pose additional risks. Investments in securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government or its agencies and instrumentalities may include Ginnie Mae, Fannie Mae, or Freddie Mac securities. Securities issued or guaranteed by Ginnie Mae, Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac are not issued directly by the U.S. government. Ginnie Mae is a wholly-owned U.S. corporation that is authorized to guarantee, with the full faith and credit of the U.S. government, the timely payment of principal and interest of its securities. By contrast, securities issued or guaranteed by U.S. government-related organizations such as Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac are not backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government. No assurance can be given that the U.S. government would provide financial support to its agencies and instrumentalities if not required to do so by law.

Investments in securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government or its agencies and instrumentalities may also be subject to prepayment and call risk. The issuers of mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities and other callable securities may be able to repay principal in advance, especially when interest rates fall. Changes in prepayment rates can affect the return on investment and yield of these securities. When mortgages and other obligations are prepaid and when securities are called, the Fund may have to reinvest in securities with a lower yield. Additionally, for securities issued by agencies and instrumentalities that are not backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government, the Fund may fail to recover additional amounts (i.e., premiums) paid for securities with higher interest rates, resulting in an unexpected capital loss. Mortgage-related and asset-backed securities are subject to certain other risks. The value of these securities will be influenced by the factors affecting the housing market and the assets underlying such securities. As a result, during periods of declining asset value, difficult or frozen credit markets, swings in interest rates, or deteriorating economic conditions, mortgage-related and asset-backed securities may decline in value, face valuation difficulties, become more volatile and/or become illiquid. Furthermore, some asset-backed securities may have additional risk because they may receive little or no collateral protection from the underlying assets, and are also subject to the risk of default.

## More About the Funds (continued)

The addition of repurchase agreements will cause additional state tax consequences to shareholders of the Fund. Consult your tax professional for more information.

### **Federal Money Market Fund**

If the Fund departs from its investment policies during temporary defensive periods or to meet redemptions, it may not achieve its investment objective.

Investments in the securities enumerated as investments permissible as a temporary defensive measure above pose additional risks.

There is a risk that the counterparty to a repurchase agreement will default or otherwise become unable to honor a financial obligation and the value of your investment could decline as a result.

### **100% U.S. Treasury Securities Money Market Fund**

If the Fund departs from its investment policies during temporary defensive periods or to meet redemptions, it may not achieve its investment objective.

Investments in the securities enumerated as investments permissible as a temporary defensive measure above pose additional risks. Investments in securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government or its agencies and instrumentalities may include Ginnie Mae, Fannie Mae, or Freddie Mac securities. Securities issued or guaranteed by Ginnie Mae, Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac are not issued directly by the U.S. government. Ginnie Mae is a wholly-owned U.S. corporation that is authorized to guarantee, with the full faith and credit of the U.S. government, the timely payment of principal and interest of its securities. By contrast, securities issued or guaranteed by U.S. government-related organizations such as Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac are not backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government. No assurance can be given that the U.S. government would provide financial support to its agencies and instrumentalities if not required to do so by law.

Investments in securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government or its agencies and instrumentalities may also be subject to prepayment and call risk. The issuers of mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities and other callable securities may be able to repay principal in advance, especially when interest rates fall. Changes in prepayment rates can affect the return on investment and yield of these securities. When mortgages and other obligations are prepaid and when securities are called, the Fund may have to reinvest in securities with a lower yield. Additionally, for securities issued by agencies and instrumentalities that are not backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government, the Fund may fail to recover additional amounts (i.e., premiums) paid for securities with higher interest rates, resulting in an unexpected capital loss. Mortgage-related and asset-backed securities are

subject to certain other risks. The value of these securities will be influenced by the factors affecting the housing market and the assets underlying such securities. As a result, during periods of declining asset value, difficult or frozen credit markets, swings in interest rates, or deteriorating economic conditions, mortgage-related and asset-backed securities may decline in value, face valuation difficulties, become more volatile and/or become illiquid. Furthermore, some asset-backed securities may have additional risk because they may receive little or no collateral protection from the underlying assets, and are also subject to the risk of default.

There is a risk that the counterparty to a repurchase agreement will default or otherwise become unable to honor a financial obligation and the value of your investment could decline as a result.

The addition of repurchase agreements will cause additional state tax consequences to shareholders of the Fund. Consult your tax professional for more information.

### **Tax-Free Money Market Fund, Municipal Money Market Fund, Michigan Municipal Money Market Fund, New York Municipal Money Market Fund and Ohio Municipal Money Market Fund**

If a Fund departs from its investment policies during temporary defensive periods or to meet redemptions, it may not achieve its investment objective and may produce taxable income.

### **ADDITIONAL HISTORICAL PERFORMANCE INFORMATION**

Some of the companies that provide services to the Funds have in the past agreed not to collect some expenses and to reimburse others. Without these agreements, the performance figures would have been lower than those shown.

Each Fund is a money market fund managed to meet the requirements of Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act of 1940. Effective May 28, 2010, Rule 2a-7 was amended to impose new liquidity, credit quality, and maturity requirements on all money market funds. Fund performance shown prior to May 28, 2010 is based on SEC rules then in-effect and is not an indication of future returns.

### **U.S. Government Money Market Fund**

Historical performance for the Reserve Shares prior to 1/1/06 in the bar chart and 2/19/05 in the table is based on the performance of the Fund's Capital Shares, which invest in the same portfolio of securities. Capital Shares are not offered in this prospectus. Prior class performance for the Capital Shares has been adjusted to reflect differences in expenses between Capital Shares and Reserve Shares.

### **Federal Money Market Fund**

Historical performance for the Reserve Shares prior to 1/1/06 in the bar chart and 2/19/05 in the table is based on the performance of the Fund's Morgan Shares, which invest in the same portfolio of securities. Morgan Shares are not offered in this prospectus. The actual returns of Reserve Shares would have been lower than those shown because Reserve Shares have higher expenses than Morgan Shares.

### **100% U.S. Treasury Securities Money Market Fund**

Historical performance for the Reserve Shares prior to 1/1/06 in the bar chart and 2/19/05 in the table is based on the performance of the Fund's Morgan Shares, which invest in the

same portfolio of securities. Morgan Shares are not offered in this prospectus. The actual returns of Reserve Shares would have been lower than those shown because Reserve Shares have higher expenses than Morgan Shares.

### **Tax Free Money Market Fund**

Historical performance for the Reserve Shares prior to 1/1/06 in the bar chart and 2/19/05 in the table is based on the performance of the Fund's Morgan Shares, which invest in the same portfolio of securities. Morgan Shares are not offered in this prospectus. The actual returns of Reserve Shares would have been lower than those shown because Reserve Shares have higher expenses than Morgan Shares.

# The Fund's Management and Administration

The following Funds are series of JPMorgan Trust I (JPMT I), a Delaware statutory trust:

Prime Money Market Fund  
 Federal Money Market Fund  
 100% U.S. Treasury Securities Money Market Fund  
 Tax Free Money Market Fund  
 New York Municipal Money Market Fund

The following Funds are series of JPMorgan Trust II (JPMT II), a Delaware statutory trust:

Liquid Assets Money Market Fund  
 U.S. Government Money Market Fund  
 U.S. Treasury Plus Money Market Fund  
 Municipal Money Market Fund  
 Michigan Municipal Money Market Fund  
 Ohio Municipal Money Market Fund

Each Trust is governed by Trustees who are responsible for overseeing all business activities for the Funds. In addition to the Funds, each Trust consists of other series representing separate investment funds (each, a "J.P. Morgan Fund").

Each of the Funds operates in a multiple class structure. A multiple class fund is an open-end investment company that issues two or more classes of shares representing interests in the same investment portfolio.

Each class in a multiple class fund can set its own transaction minimums and may vary with respect to expenses for distribution, administration and shareholder services. This means that one class could offer access to a Fund on different terms than another class. Certain classes may be more appropriate for a particular investor.

Each Fund may issue other classes of shares that have different expense levels and performance and different requirements for who may invest. Call 1-800-766-7722 to obtain more information concerning all of the Funds' other share classes. A Financial Intermediary (as described below) who receives compensation for selling Fund shares may receive a different amount of compensation for sales of different classes of shares.

## The Funds' Investment Adviser

J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (JPMIM) acts as investment adviser to the Funds and makes the day-to-day investment decisions for the Funds.

JPMIM is a wholly-owned subsidiary of JPMorgan Asset Management Holdings Inc., which is a wholly-owned subsidiary of JPMorgan Chase & Co. (JPMorgan Chase), a bank holding company. JPMIM is located at 270 Park Avenue, New York, NY 10017.

During the most recent fiscal period ended 2/28/14, JPMIM was paid management fees (net of waivers, if any), as shown below, as a percentage of average daily net assets:

<b>Prime Money Market Fund</b>	0.08%
<b>Liquid Assets Money Market Fund</b>	0.08
<b>U.S. Government Money Market Fund</b>	0.01
<b>U.S. Treasury Plus Money Market Fund</b>	0.01
<b>Federal Money Market Fund</b>	0.00
<b>100% U.S. Treasury Securities Money Market Fund</b>	0.00
<b>Tax Free Money Market Fund</b>	0.03
<b>Municipal Money Market Fund</b>	0.07
<b>Michigan Municipal Money Market Fund</b>	0.02
<b>New York Municipal Money Market Fund</b>	0.03
<b>Ohio Municipal Money Market Fund</b>	0.00

A discussion of the basis the Board of Trustees of each Trust used in reapproving the investment advisory agreements for the Funds is available in the semi-annual reports for the most recent fiscal period ended August 31.

## The Funds' Administrator

JPMorgan Funds Management, Inc. (the Administrator) provides administrative services and oversees the other service providers of the Funds. The Administrator receives a pro-rata portion of the following annual fee on behalf of each Fund for administrative services: 0.10% of the first \$100 billion of average daily net assets of all money market funds in the J.P. Morgan Funds Complex plus 0.05% of average daily net assets of such Funds over \$100 billion.

## The Funds' Shareholder Servicing Agent

JPMT I and JPMT II, on behalf of the Funds, have entered into a shareholder servicing agreement with JPMorgan Distribution Services, Inc. (JPMDS) under which JPMDS has agreed to provide certain support services to the Funds' shareholders. For performing these services, JPMDS, as shareholder servicing agent, receives an annual fee of 0.30% of the average daily net assets of Reserve Shares of each Fund. JPMDS may enter into service agreements with Financial Intermediaries under which it will pay all or a portion of the 0.30% annual fee to such entities for performing shareholder and administrative services. The amount payable for "service fees" (as defined by the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA) does not exceed 0.25% of the average annual net assets attributable to the Reserve Shares of each Fund.

## The Funds' Distributor

JPMDS (the Distributor) is the distributor for the Funds. The Distributor is an affiliate of JPMIM and the Administrator.



Each of the Funds has adopted a Rule 12b-1 distribution plan under which they pay annual distribution fees of up to 0.25% of the average daily net assets attributable to Reserve Shares.

Rule 12b-1 fees are paid by the Funds to the Distributor as compensation for its services and expenses in connection with the sale and distribution of Fund shares. The Distributor in turn pays all or part of these Rule 12b-1 fees to Financial Intermediaries that have agreements with the Distributor to sell shares of the Funds. The Distributor may pay Rule 12b-1 fees to its affiliates. Payments are not tied to the amount of actual expenses incurred.

Because Rule 12b-1 expenses are paid out of a Fund's assets on an ongoing basis, over time these fees will increase the cost of your investment and may cost you more than other types of sales charges.

### **Additional Compensation to Financial Intermediaries**

JPMIM, JPMDS and, from time to time, other affiliates of JPMorgan Chase may also, at their own expense and out of their own legitimate profits, provide additional cash payments to Financial Intermediaries whose customers invest in shares of the J.P. Morgan Funds. For this purpose, Financial Intermediaries include financial advisors, investment advisers, brokers, financial planners, banks, insurance companies,

retirement or 401(k) plan administrators and others, including various affiliates of JPMorgan Chase, that have entered into agreements with JPMDS. These additional cash payments are payments over and above any sales charges (including Rule 12b-1 fees), shareholder servicing, sub-transfer agency and/or networking fees that are paid to such Financial Intermediaries, as described elsewhere in this prospectus. These additional cash payments are generally made to Financial Intermediaries that provide shareholder, sub-transfer agency or administrative services or marketing support. Marketing support may include access to sales meetings, sales representatives and Financial Intermediary management representatives, inclusion of the J.P. Morgan Funds on a sales list, or other sales programs and/or for training and educating a Financial Intermediary's employees. These additional cash payments also may be made as an expense reimbursement in cases where the Financial Intermediary provides shareholder services to J.P. Morgan Fund shareholders. JPMIM and JPMDS may also pay cash compensation in the form of finders' fees that vary depending on the J.P. Morgan Fund and the dollar amount of shares sold. Such additional compensation may provide such Financial Intermediaries with an incentive to favor sales of shares of the J.P. Morgan Funds over other investment options they make available to their customers. See the Statement of Additional Information for more information.

# How Your Account Works

## BUYING FUND SHARES

You do not pay any sales charge (sometimes called a load) when you buy Reserve Shares of these Funds.

The price you pay for your shares is the net asset value (NAV) per share of the class. NAV is the value of everything a class of a Fund owns, minus everything the class owes, divided by the number of shares of that class held by investors. The Funds seek to maintain a stable NAV per share of \$1.00. Each Fund uses the amortized cost method to value its portfolio of securities provided that certain conditions are met, including that the Fund's Board of Trustees continues to believe that the amortized cost valuation fairly reflects the market-based net asset value per share of the Fund. This method provides more stability in valuations. However, it may also result in periods during which the stated value of a security is different than the price the Fund would receive if it sold the investment.

The NAV of each class of shares is generally calculated as of each cut-off time each day the Funds are accepting orders. You will pay the next NAV per share calculated after the J.P. Morgan Institutional Funds Service Center accepts your order.

Reserve Shares may be purchased by Financial Intermediaries (see below) that are paid to assist investors in establishing accounts, executing transactions and monitoring their investment.

You may purchase Fund shares through your Financial Intermediary. Financial Intermediaries may include financial advisors, investment advisers, brokers, financial planners, banks, insurance companies, retirement or 401(k) plan administrators and others, including various affiliates of JPMorgan Chase, that have entered into agreements with JPMDS as Distributor and/or shareholder servicing agent. Shares purchased this way will typically be held for you by the Financial Intermediary. Financial Intermediaries or such other organizations may impose eligibility requirements for each of their clients or customers investing in the Funds, including investment minimum requirements, which may be the same as or different from the requirements for investors purchasing directly from the Funds. You may also purchase shares directly from J.P. Morgan Institutional Funds Service Center.

Shares are available on any business day that the Federal Reserve Bank of New York (Federal Reserve) is open, except as noted below. In addition to weekends, the Federal Reserve is closed on the following national holidays: New Year's Day, Martin Luther King, Jr. Day, Presidents' Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Columbus Day, Veterans Day, Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day. A Fund may also close on days when the Federal Reserve is open and the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) is closed, such as Good Friday. On any business day when the Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association (SIFMA) recommends that the securities markets close trading early, a Fund may close early.

On occasion, the NYSE closes before 4:00 p.m. Eastern Time (ET). When the NYSE closes early, a Fund may also elect to close early and purchase orders accepted by the Fund after the early closing will be effective the following business day. Each Fund, however, may elect to remain open following an early close of the NYSE. If your purchase order is accepted by the Fund before the Fund's close on a day when the NYSE closes early but the Fund remains open, or on a day when the Fund is open but the NYSE is not, it will become effective following the Fund's next calculation of its NAV. Purchase orders accepted after a Fund's final calculation of NAV for the day will be effective the following business day.

The NAV of each class of shares is generally calculated as of the following times each day the Funds are accepting purchase orders and redemption requests (each such time, including the final of such times each day, a cut-off time): for each of Prime Money Market Fund, Liquid Assets Money Market Fund, U.S. Government Money Market Fund and U.S. Treasury Plus Money Market Fund, 8:00 a.m., 9:00 a.m., 10:00 a.m., 11:00 a.m., 12:00 p.m., 1:00 p.m., 2:00 p.m., 3:00 p.m., 4:00 p.m. and 5:00 p.m. ET; for each of Federal Money Market Fund and 100% U.S. Treasury Securities Money Market Fund, 8:00 a.m., 9:00 a.m., 10:00 a.m., 11:00 a.m., 12:00 p.m., 1:00 p.m. and 2:00 p.m. ET; and for each of Tax Free Money Market Fund, Municipal Money Market Fund, Michigan Municipal Money Market Fund, New York Municipal Money Market Fund and Ohio Municipal Money Market Fund, 8:00 a.m., 9:00 a.m., 10:00 a.m., 11:00 a.m. and 12:00 p.m. ET.

If a Fund accepts your purchase order and receives payment the same day, as described below, your order will be processed at the price calculated at the next cut-off time and you will be entitled to all dividends declared on that day. If the Fund accepts your purchase order after the final cut-off time for a day, it will be processed at the next day's first calculated price. If the Fund does not receive payment on the same day that your order is placed, as described below, you will not be entitled to any dividends declared on that day.

The Funds have the right to refuse any purchase order or to stop offering shares for sale at any time. In addition, in its discretion, the Board of Trustees of the Funds may elect to calculate the price of a Fund's shares once per day. Under certain circumstances, the Board of Trustees has delegated to management the ability to temporarily suspend one or more cut-off times for a Fund, other than the last cut-off time of the day.

Share ownership is electronically recorded; therefore, no certificate will be issued.

If a Financial Intermediary holds your shares, it is the responsibility of the Financial Intermediary to send your purchase order and payment to a Fund by the applicable deadlines. Your Financial Intermediary may have earlier cut-off times for

purchase orders. In addition, your Financial Intermediary may be closed at times when the Fund is open. Your order through a Financial Intermediary will be processed at the NAV next calculated following receipt of the order from the Financial Intermediary and acceptance by a Fund. In the event that the order is accepted by a Financial Intermediary that a Fund has authorized to accept orders on its behalf, as described herein, the order will be priced at the Fund's NAV next calculated after it is accepted by the Financial Intermediary. In such cases, if requested by a Fund, a Financial Intermediary will be responsible for providing information with regard to the time that such order for purchase, redemption or exchange was received. Orders submitted through a Financial Intermediary that has not received such authorization will be priced at the Fund's NAV next calculated after it receives the order from the Financial Intermediary and accepts it, which may not occur on the day submitted to the Financial Intermediary.

In order to receive a dividend on the day that you submit your order, a Fund must receive "federal funds" or other immediately available funds by the close of the Federal Reserve wire transfer system (normally, 6:00 p.m. ET) on the same business day the purchase order is placed. In the event that an order is placed by a cut-off time specified above and payment through federal funds or other immediately available funds is not received by the Fund by the close of the Federal Reserve wire transfer system or other immediately available funds that same day, you will not accrue a dividend on that day and the Fund reserves the right to cancel your purchase order and you will be liable for any resulting losses or fees incurred by the Fund or the Fund's transfer agent. If you pay by other acceptable methods, before the final cut-off time on a day, we will process your order that day, but you will not receive any dividends declared on that day. Payments received electronically from Financial Intermediaries on your behalf for trades accepted by the Fund will begin to receive dividends the day payment is received by the Fund.

To open an account, buy or sell shares or get fund information, call:

**J.P. Morgan Institutional Funds Service Center  
1-800-766-7722**

### **Minimum Investments**

Reserve Shares are subject to a \$10,000,000 minimum investment requirement per Fund. There is no minimum level for subsequent purchases.

Investment minimums may be waived for certain types of retirement accounts (e.g., 401(k) or 403(b)) as well as for certain fee-based programs. The Funds reserve the right to waive any investment minimum. For further information on investment minimum waivers, call 1-800-766-7722.

### **General**

The J.P. Morgan money market funds (including the Funds in this prospectus) are intended for short-term investment horizons, and do not monitor for market timers or prohibit short-term trading activity. Although these Funds are managed in a manner that is consistent with their investment objectives, frequent trading by shareholders may disrupt their management and increase their expenses.

Federal law requires all financial institutions to obtain, verify and record information that identifies each person who opens an account. When you open an account, we will ask for your name, residential or business street address, date of birth (for an individual) and other information that will allow us to identify you, including your social security number, tax identification number or other identifying number. The Funds cannot waive these requirements. The Funds are required by law to reject your Account Application if the required identifying information is not provided.

We will attempt to collect any missing information required on the Account Application by contacting either you or your Financial Intermediary. If we cannot obtain this information within the established time frame, your Account Application will be rejected. Amounts received prior to receipt of the required information will be held uninvested and will be returned to you without interest if your Account Application is rejected. If the required information is obtained, your investment will be accepted and you will pay the NAV per share next calculated after all of the required information is received.

Once we have received all of the required information, federal law requires us to verify your identity. After an account is opened, we may restrict your ability to purchase additional shares until your identity is verified. If we are unable to verify your identity within a reasonable time, the Funds reserve the right to close your account at the current NAV per share. If your account is closed for this reason, your shares will be redeemed at the NAV per share next calculated after the account is closed.

Send the completed Account Application and a check to:

**J.P. Morgan Institutional Funds Service Center  
500 Stanton Christiana Road, 3-OP53  
Newark, DE 19713**

All checks must be in U.S. dollars. The Funds do not accept credit cards, cash, starter checks, money orders or credit card checks. The Funds reserve the right to refuse "third-party" checks and checks drawn on non-U.S. financial institutions even if payment may be effected through a U.S. financial institution. Checks made payable to any individual or company and endorsed to J.P. Morgan Funds or a Fund are considered third-party checks. The redemption of shares purchased through J.P. Morgan Institutional Funds Service Center by check or an

## How Your Account Works (continued)

Automated Clearing House (ACH) transaction is subject to certain limitations. See “Selling Fund Shares.”

### All checks must be made payable to one of the following:

- J.P. Morgan Funds; or
- The specific Fund in which you are investing.

Your purchase may be canceled if your check does not clear and you will be responsible for any expenses and losses to the Funds.

If you choose to pay by wire, please call 1-800-766-7722 to notify the Funds of your purchase and authorize your financial institution to wire funds to:

Boston Financial Data Services  
2000 Crown Colony Drive  
Quincy, MA 02169  
ATTN: J.P. Morgan Institutional Funds Service Center  
ABA 021 000 021  
DDA 323 125 832  
FBO Your J.P. Morgan Fund  
(EX: JPMORGAN ABC FUND-RESERVE)  
Your Fund Number & Account Number  
(EX: FUND 123-ACCOUNT 123456789)  
Your Account Registration  
(EX: JOHN SMITH & MARY SMITH, JTWROS)

Orders paid by wire may be canceled if J.P. Morgan Institutional Funds Service Center does not receive payment by a Fund’s final cut-off time on the day that you placed your order. You will be responsible for any expenses and losses to the Funds.

You can buy shares in one of two ways:

### Through Your Financial Intermediary

Tell your Financial Intermediary which Funds you want to buy and they will contact us. Your Financial Intermediary may charge you a fee and may offer additional services, such as special purchase and redemption programs, “sweep” programs, cash advances and redemption checks. Some Financial Intermediaries charge a single fee that covers all services.

Your purchase through a Financial Intermediary will be processed at the NAV next calculated following receipt of the order from the Financial Intermediary and acceptance by a Fund, which may not occur on the day submitted to the Financial Intermediary. In addition, orders placed through a Financial Intermediary are subject to the timing requirements relating to payment for shares described above. Your Financial Intermediary may impose different minimum investments and earlier cut-off times for the submission of orders.

Your Financial Intermediary may be paid by JPMDS to assist you in establishing your account, executing transactions and monitoring your investment. Financial Intermediaries may

provide the following services in connection with their customers’ investments in the Funds:

- Acting directly or through an agent, as the sole shareholder of record.
- Maintaining account records for customers.
- Processing orders to purchase, redeem or exchange shares for customers.
- Responding to inquiries from shareholders.
- Assisting customers with investment procedures.

The Funds have authorized one or more Financial Intermediaries to accept purchase and redemption orders on their behalf. Such Financial Intermediaries are authorized to designate other intermediaries to accept purchase and redemption orders on a Fund’s behalf. The Funds will be deemed to have received a purchase order when such Financial Intermediary or, if applicable, such Financial Intermediary’s authorized designee, accepts the order. Such orders will be priced at the Fund’s NAV next calculated after it is accepted by the Financial Intermediary. In such cases, if requested by a Fund, a Financial Intermediary will be responsible for providing information with regard to the time that such order for purchase was received.

Orders submitted through a Financial Intermediary that has not received such authorization to accept orders on the Funds’ behalf will be priced at the Fund’s NAV next calculated after it receives the order from the Financial Intermediary and accepts it, which may not occur on the day submitted to the Financial Intermediary. Since not all Financial Intermediaries have received such authorization, you may wish to contact your Financial Intermediary to determine if it has received such authorization.

### Through the J.P. Morgan Institutional Funds Service Center

Call 1-800-766-7722

Or

Complete the Account Application and mail it along with a check for the amount you want to invest to:

**J.P. Morgan Institutional Funds Service Center**  
**500 Stanton Christiana Road, 3-OPS3**  
**Newark, DE 19713**

J.P. Morgan Institutional Funds Service Center will accept your order when federal funds, a wire, a check or ACH transaction is received together with a completed Account Application or other instructions in proper form.

If you purchase shares through a Financial Intermediary, you may be required to complete additional forms or follow additional procedures. You should contact your Financial Intermediary regarding purchases, exchanges and redemptions.

Shares of the Funds have not been registered for sale outside of the United States. This prospectus is not intended for distribution to prospective investors outside of the United States. The Funds generally do not market or sell shares to investors domiciled outside of the United States, even, with regard to individuals, if they are citizens or lawful permanent residents of the United States.

## **SELLING FUND SHARES**

You can sell or redeem your shares on any day that the Funds are open for business. You will receive the NAV per share calculated at the next cut-off time after the Fund receives your order.

A redemption order must be in good order and supported by all appropriate documentation and information in proper form, including the name of the registered shareholder and your account number. The Funds may refuse to honor incomplete orders.

Under normal circumstances, if a Fund receives your order before the Fund's final daily cut-off time, the Fund will make available to you the proceeds that same business day by wire. Proceeds may be made available throughout the day following the calculation of NAVs. For trades submitted through a Financial Intermediary, it is the responsibility of each Financial Intermediary to submit orders to the Fund by the final daily cut-off time in order to receive proceeds that same business day by wire. Otherwise, except as set forth in the section "Suspension of Redemptions" below, your redemption proceeds will be paid within seven days (one day for the JPMorgan Prime Money Market Fund and the JPMorgan Liquid Assets Money Market Fund) after the Fund receives the redemption order. Shareholders that redeem shares and purchase additional shares on the same day will receive dividends as set forth above under "Buying Fund Shares". Dividends will not accrue on shares that are redeemed and paid on a same day basis. Other redeeming shareholders will accrue dividends on the redemption date.

If you have changed your address of record within the previous 30 days, the Funds will not mail your proceeds, but rather will wire them or send them by ACH to a pre-existing bank account on record with the Funds.

The Funds may hold proceeds for shares purchased by ACH or check until the purchase amount has been collected, which may be as long as five business days.

You may also need to have medallion signature guarantees for all registered owners or their legal representatives if:

- You want to redeem shares with a value of \$50,000 or more and you want to receive your proceeds in the form of a check; or
- You want your payment sent to an address, bank account or payee other than the one currently designated on your Fund account.

We may also need additional documents or a letter from a surviving joint owner before selling the shares. Contact J.P. Morgan Institutional Funds Service Center for more details.

You can sell your shares in one of two ways:

### **Through Your Financial Intermediary**

Tell your Financial Intermediary which Fund's shares you want to sell. Once the Fund accepts your order, which must be submitted in good order to your Financial Intermediary the Fund will process it at the NAV calculated at the next cut-off time. Your Financial Intermediary will be responsible for sending the necessary documents to J.P. Morgan Institutional Funds Service Center. This may not occur on the day that an order is submitted to a Financial Intermediary. Your Financial Intermediary may charge you for this service.

Your Financial Intermediary may have earlier cut-off times for redemption orders.

The Funds have authorized one or more Financial Intermediaries to accept purchase and redemption orders on their behalf. Such Financial Intermediaries are authorized to designate other intermediaries to accept purchase and redemption orders on a Fund's behalf. The Funds will be deemed to have received a redemption order when a Financial Intermediary or, if applicable, that Financial Intermediary's authorized designee, accepts the order. Such orders will be priced at the Fund's NAV next calculated after it is accepted by the Financial Intermediary. In such cases, if requested by a Fund, a Financial Intermediary will be responsible for providing information with regard to the time that such order for redemption was received.

Orders submitted through a Financial Intermediary that has not received such authorization to accept orders on the Funds' behalf will be priced at the Fund's NAV next calculated after it receives the order from the Financial Intermediary and accepts it, which may not occur on the day submitted to the Financial Intermediary. Since not all Financial Intermediaries have received such authorization, you may wish to contact your Financial Intermediary to determine if it has received such authorization.

### **Through the J.P. Morgan Institutional Funds Service Center**

Call 1-800-766-7722. We will mail you a check or send the proceeds via electronic transfer or wire to the bank account on our records.

Or

Send a letter signed by an authorized signer with your instructions to:

**J.P. Morgan Institutional Funds Service Center  
500 Stanton Christiana Road, 3-OPS3  
Newark, DE 19713**

## How Your Account Works (continued)

### Redemptions-In-Kind

Generally, all redemptions will be for cash. However, if you redeem shares worth \$250,000 or more, a Fund reserves the right to pay part or all of your redemption proceeds in readily marketable securities instead of cash. If payment is made in securities, a Fund will value the securities selected in the same manner in which it computes its NAV. This process minimizes the effect of large redemptions on the Fund and its remaining shareholders.

### EXCHANGING FUND SHARES

In general, the same rules and procedures that apply to sales and purchases apply to exchanges. All exchanges are based upon the net asset value that is next calculated after the Fund receives your order, provided the exchange out of one Fund must occur before the exchange into the other Fund. Therefore, in order for an exchange to take place on the date that the order is submitted, the order must be received prior to the close of both the Fund that you wish to exchange into and the Fund that you wish to exchange out of, otherwise, the exchange will occur on the following business day on which both Funds are open. A shareholder that exchanges into shares of a Fund that accrues dividends daily, including a money market fund, will not accrue a dividend on the day of the exchange. A shareholder that exchanges out of shares of a Fund that accrues a daily dividend will accrue a dividend on the day of the exchange.

Reserve Shares may be exchanged for Reserve Shares of other J.P. Morgan Funds, subject to any investment minimum and eligibility requirements.

The J.P. Morgan Funds do not charge a fee for this privilege. In addition, the J.P. Morgan Funds will provide 60 days' written notice of any termination of or material change to your exchange privilege.

Generally, an exchange between J.P. Morgan Funds is considered a sale of Fund shares. Carefully read the prospectus of the Fund you want to buy before making an exchange. You should consult your tax advisor before making an exchange.

We reserve the right to limit the number of exchanges or to refuse an exchange. Your exchange privilege will be revoked if the exchange activity is considered excessive.

You can exchange your shares in one of two ways:

#### Through Your Financial Intermediary

Tell your Financial Intermediary which Fund's shares you want to exchange. They will send the necessary documents to J.P. Morgan Institutional Funds Service Center. Your Financial Intermediary may charge you for this service.

The Funds have authorized one or more Financial Intermediaries to accept purchase and redemption orders on their

behalf. Such Financial Intermediaries are authorized to designate other intermediaries to accept purchase and redemption orders on a Fund's behalf. The Funds will be deemed to have received an order when a Financial Intermediary or, if applicable, that Financial Intermediary's authorized designee, accepts the order. Such orders will be priced at the Fund's NAV next calculated after it is accepted by the Financial Intermediary. In such cases, if requested by a Fund, a Financial Intermediary will be responsible for providing information with regard to the time that such order for exchange was received.

Orders submitted through a Financial Intermediary that has not received such authorization to accept orders on the Funds' behalf will be priced at the Fund's NAV next calculated after it receives the order from the Financial Intermediary and accepts it, which may not occur on the day submitted to the Financial Intermediary. Since not all Financial Intermediaries have received such authorization, you may wish to contact your Financial Intermediary to determine if it has received such authorization.

#### Through the J.P. Morgan Institutional Funds Service Center

Call 1-800-766-7722 to ask for details.

### OTHER INFORMATION CONCERNING THE FUNDS

The Funds use reasonable procedures to confirm that instructions given by telephone are genuine. These procedures include recording telephone instructions and asking for personal identification. If these procedures are followed, the Funds will not be responsible for any loss, liability, cost or expense of acting upon unauthorized or fraudulent instructions; you bear the risk of loss.

Due to the relatively high cost of maintaining small accounts, if your account value falls below the Funds' minimum investment requirement, the Funds reserve the right to redeem all of the remaining shares in your account and close your account or charge an annual sub-minimum account fee of \$10 per Fund. Before either of these actions is taken, you will be given 60 days' advance written notice in order to provide you with time to increase your account balance to the required minimum, by purchasing sufficient shares, in accordance with the terms of this prospectus. To collect the \$10 sub-minimum account fee, the Funds will redeem \$10 worth of shares from your account.

You may not always reach the J.P. Morgan Institutional Funds Service Center by telephone. This may be true at times of unusual market changes and shareholder activity. You can mail us your instructions or contact your Financial Intermediary. We may modify or cancel the sale of shares by telephone without notice.

You may write to:

**J.P. Morgan Institutional Funds Service Center**  
**500 Stanton Christiana Road, 3-OPS3**  
**Newark, DE 19713**

Shares of the JPMorgan U.S. Government Money Market Fund are intended to qualify as eligible investments for federally chartered credit unions pursuant to Sections 107(7), 107(8) and 107(15) of the Federal Credit Union Act, Part 703 of the National Credit Union Administration (NCUA) Rules and Regulations and NCUA Letter Number 155. This Fund intends to review changes in the applicable laws, rules and regulations governing eligible investments for federally chartered credit unions, and to take such action as may be necessary so that the investments of this Fund qualify as eligible investments under the Federal Credit Union Act and the regulations thereunder.

### **Suspension of Redemptions**

The Funds may suspend your ability to redeem or may postpone payment for more than seven days (more than one day for the JPMorgan Prime Money Market Fund and the JPMorgan Liquid Assets Money Market Fund) when:

1. Trading on the NYSE is restricted;

2. The NYSE is closed (other than weekend and holiday closings);
3. Federal securities laws permit (with regard to JPMorgan Prime Money Market Fund and JPMorgan Liquid Assets Money Market Fund, upon the occurrence of any of the conditions set forth under Section 22(e) of the Investment Company Act of 1940);
4. The SEC has permitted a suspension; or
5. An emergency exists, as determined by the SEC.

If the Board of Trustees, including a majority of the Independent Trustees, determines that the deviation between a Fund's amortized cost price per share and the market-based NAV per share may result in material dilution or other unfair results, the Board of Trustees, subject to certain conditions, may suspend redemptions and payments in order to facilitate the permanent termination of the Fund in an orderly manner. If this were to occur, it would likely result in a delay in your receipt of your redemption proceeds.

See "Purchases, Redemptions and Exchanges" in the Statement of Additional Information for more details about this process.

# Shareholder Information

## DISTRIBUTIONS AND TAXES

Each Fund has elected to be treated and intends to qualify each year as a regulated investment company. A regulated investment company is not subject to tax at the corporate level on income and gains from investments that are distributed to shareholders. A Fund's failure to qualify as a regulated investment company would result in corporate-level taxation and, consequently, a reduction in income available for distribution to shareholders.

Each Fund can earn income and realize capital gain. Each Fund deducts any expenses and then pays out the earnings, if any, to shareholders as distributions.

Each Fund declares dividends of net investment income, if any, daily, so your shares can start earning dividends on the day you buy them. Each Fund distributes such dividends monthly in the form of additional Fund shares of the same class, unless you tell us that you want distributions in cash or as a deposit in a preassigned bank account. The taxation of dividends will not be affected by the form in which you receive them. For each taxable year, each Fund will distribute substantially all of its net investment income and short-term capital gain.

For federal income tax purposes, dividends of net investment income (other than "exempt-interest dividends" as described below) and any net short-term capital gain generally are taxable as ordinary income. If, at the close of each quarter of its taxable year, at least 50% of the value of a Fund's total assets consists of tax-exempt interest obligations, the Fund will be eligible to designate distributions of interest derived from tax-exempt-interest obligations as "exempt-interest dividends." Properly reported exempt-interest dividends paid by the Tax Free Money Market Fund, Municipal Money Market Fund, Michigan Municipal Money Market Fund, New York Municipal Money Market Fund or Ohio Municipal Money Market Fund generally are not subject to federal income taxes, but may be subject to state and local taxes and may be subject to federal alternative minimum tax, both for individuals and corporate shareholders. It is unlikely that dividends from any of the Funds will qualify to any significant extent for the reduced tax rate applicable to qualified dividend income. The state or municipality where you live might not charge you state and local taxes on properly reported exempt-interest dividends earned on certain bonds. Shareholders who receive social security or railroad retirement benefits should also consult their tax advisors to determine what effect, if any, an investment in any of the Funds may have on the federal taxation of their benefits. Exempt-interest dividends are generally included in income for purposes of determining the amount of benefits that are taxable.

An additional 3.8% Medicare tax is imposed on certain net investment income (including ordinary dividends and capital

gain distributions received from a Fund and net gains from redemptions or other taxable dispositions of Fund shares, but excluding any exempt interest dividends from a Fund) of U.S. individuals, estates and trusts to the extent that such person's "modified adjusted gross income" (in the case of an individual) or "adjusted gross income" (in the case of an estate or trust) exceed certain threshold amounts.

Dividends of interest earned on bonds issued by the U.S. government and its agencies may be exempt from some types of state and local taxes. The interest on securities guaranteed by the FDIC under its Temporary Liquidity Guarantee Program may be subject to state and local income taxes.

If you receive distributions that are properly reported as capital gain dividends, the tax rate will be based on how long the Fund held a particular asset, not on how long you have owned your shares. Each Fund expects substantially all of its distributions of capital gain to be attributable to short-term capital gain which is taxed as ordinary income.

A Fund's investments in certain debt obligations and asset backed securities may require the Fund to accrue and distribute income not yet received. In order to generate sufficient cash to make the requisite distributions, a Fund may be required to liquidate other investments in its portfolio that it otherwise would have continued to hold, including when it is not advantageous to do so.

Regarding the Prime Money Market Fund and the Liquid Assets Money Market Fund, a Fund's investment in foreign securities may be subject to foreign withholding or other taxes. In that case, the Fund's yield would be decreased.

The information below is only a general summary based on current statutes and regulations as well as current policies of each state, all of which may change possibly with retroactive effect. You should consult your tax advisor concerning your own tax situation and the state and local tax consequences of investing in the Funds.

*Michigan Taxes.* Dividends received from the Michigan Municipal Money Market Fund that are derived from interest attributable to tax exempt securities of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions ("Michigan Municipal Obligations") will be exempt from Michigan personal income tax and Michigan corporate income tax. Conversely, to the extent that the Fund's dividends are derived from interest on obligations other than Michigan Municipal Obligations or certain U.S. government obligations (or are derived from short-term or long-term gains), such dividends may be subject to Michigan income tax and Michigan corporate income tax, even though the dividends may be exempt for federal income tax purposes. Except as noted above with respect to Michigan income taxation, distributions of net income may be taxable to investors as dividend income under other state or local laws even though a



substantial portion of such distributions may be derived from interest on tax-exempt obligations which, if realized directly, would be exempt from such income taxes.

*New York Taxes.* Dividends received from the New York Municipal Money Market Fund that are derived from interest attributable to obligations of the State of New York or certain other governmental entities (for example, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico or the U.S. Virgin Islands), the interest on which was excludable from gross income for purposes of both federal income taxation and New York State and City personal income taxation (“New York Tax-Exempt Bonds”) and designated as such, generally are exempt from New York State and New York City personal income tax as well as from the New York City unincorporated business tax (but not New York State corporation franchise tax or the New York City general corporation tax), provided that such dividends constitute exempt-interest dividends under Section 852(b)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. Dividends and other distributions (aside from exempt-interest dividends derived from New York Tax-Exempt Bonds) generally are not exempt from New York State and New York City taxes. For New York State and City tax purposes, distributions of net long-term capital gain will be taxable at the same rates as ordinary income. Distributions by the Fund from investment income and capital gains, including exempt-interest dividends, also generally are included in a corporation’s net investment income for purposes of calculating such corporation’s obligations under the New York State corporation franchise tax and the New York City general corporation tax, if received by a corporation subject to those taxes, and will be subject to such taxes to the extent that a corporation’s net investment income is allocated to New York State and/or New York City. To the extent that investors are subject to state and local taxes outside of New York State, all dividends paid by the Fund may be taxable income for purposes thereof. To the extent that the Fund’s dividends are derived from interest attributable to the obligations of any other state or of a political subdivision of any such other state or are derived from capital gains, such dividends generally will not be exempt from New York State or New York City tax. The New York minimum tax excludes tax-exempt interest as an item of tax preference. Interest incurred to buy or carry shares of the Fund is not deductible for federal, New York State or New York City personal income tax purposes. The foregoing is a general summary of the New York State and New York City tax consequences of investing in the Fund. Investors should consult their tax advisors about New York and other state and local tax consequences of investment in the Fund.

*Ohio Taxes.* Distributions from the Ohio Municipal Money Market Fund that are attributable to interest on obligations issued by or on behalf of the State of Ohio, its political subdivisions and agencies or instrumentalities thereof (Ohio Obligations) are exempt from Ohio personal income tax and Ohio municipal and school district income taxes. Shareholders that are subject to the Ohio commercial activity tax may exclude such distributions from their taxable gross receipts for purposes of such tax. Shareholders that are subject to the Ohio corporation franchise tax may exclude such distributions from the Ohio corporation franchise tax net income base. Note that for most entities, the corporation franchise tax has been phased out as of the 2010 tax year and replaced by the Ohio commercial activity tax. Distributions that are attributable to profit on the sale, exchange or other disposition of Ohio Obligations will not be subject to Ohio personal income tax or Ohio municipal or school district income taxes and will not be included in the net income base of the Ohio corporation franchise tax or the gross receipts base of the Ohio commercial activity tax.

Please see the Statement of Additional Information for additional discussion of the tax consequences of these above-described and other investments to each Fund and its shareholders.

Please see the Statement of Additional Information for additional discussion of the tax consequences of these above-described and other investments to each Fund and its shareholders.

The dates on which dividends and capital gain, if any, will be distributed are available online at [www.jpmorganfunds.com](http://www.jpmorganfunds.com).

Early in each calendar year, each Fund will send you a notice showing the amount of distributions you received in the preceding year and the tax status of those distributions.

Any investor for whom a Fund does not have a valid Taxpayer Identification Number may be subject to backup withholding.

The Funds are not intended for foreign shareholders. Any foreign shareholders would generally be subject to U.S. tax withholding on distributions by the Funds, as discussed in the Statement of Additional Information.

The tax considerations described in this section do not apply to tax-deferred accounts or other non-taxable entities.

The above is a general summary of the tax implications of investing in the Funds. Because each investor’s tax consequences are unique, please consult your tax advisor to see how investing in the Funds will affect your own tax situation.

# Shareholder Information (continued)

## IMPORTANT TAX REPORTING CONSIDERATIONS

Your Financial Intermediary or the Fund (if you hold your shares in a Fund direct account) is required to report gains and losses to the IRS in connection with redemptions of shares by S corporations purchased after January 1, 2012. If a shareholder is a corporation and has not instructed the Fund that it is a C corporation in its account application or by written instruction to J.P. Morgan Funds Services, P.O. Box 8528, Boston, MA 02266-8528, the Fund will treat the shareholder as an S corporation and file a Form 1099-B.

## SHAREHOLDER STATEMENTS AND REPORTS

The Funds or your Financial Intermediary will send you transaction confirmation statements and monthly account statements. Please review these statements carefully. The Funds will correct errors if notified within 10 days of the date printed on the transaction confirmation or account statement. Your Financial Intermediary may have a different cut-off time. J.P. Morgan Funds will charge a fee for requests for statements that are older than two years. Please retain all of your statements, as they could be needed for tax purposes.

After each fiscal half-year, you will receive a financial report from the Funds. In addition, the Funds will periodically send you proxy statements and other reports.

If you have any questions or need additional information, please write to the J.P. Morgan Institutional Funds Service Center at 500 Stanton Christiana Road, 3-OPS3, Newark, DE 19713 or call 1-800-766-7722.

## AVAILABILITY OF PROXY VOTING RECORD

The Trustees have delegated the authority to vote proxies for securities owned by each Fund to JPMIM. A copy of each Fund's voting record for the most recent 12-month period ended June 30 is available on the SEC's website at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov) or on the J.P. Morgan Funds' website at [www.jpmorganfunds.com](http://www.jpmorganfunds.com) no later than August 31 of each year. Each Fund's proxy voting record will include, among other things, a brief description of the matter voted on for each portfolio security, and will state how each vote was cast, for example, for or against the proposal.

## PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS DISCLOSURE

Each business day, each Fund will make available upon request an uncertified complete schedule of its portfolio holdings as of the prior business day.

Not later than 60 days after the end of each fiscal quarter, each Fund will make available, upon request, a complete schedule of

its portfolio holdings as of the last day of that quarter. In addition to providing hard copies upon request, the Funds will post these quarterly schedules on the J.P. Morgan Funds' website at [www.jpmorganfunds.com](http://www.jpmorganfunds.com) and on the SEC's website at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov).

Not later than five business days after the end of each calendar month, each Fund will post detailed information regarding its portfolio holdings, as well as its dollar-weighted average maturity and dollar-weighted average life, as of the last day of that month on the J.P. Morgan Funds' website and provide a link to the SEC website where the most recent twelve months of publicly available information filed by the Fund may be obtained.

In addition, not later than five business days after the end of each calendar month, each Fund will file a schedule of detailed information regarding its portfolio holdings as of the last day of that month with the SEC. These filings will be publicly available on a delayed basis on the J.P. Morgan Funds' website at [www.jpmorganfunds.com](http://www.jpmorganfunds.com) and the SEC's website 60 days after the end of each calendar month.

Shareholders may request portfolio holdings schedules at no charge by calling 1-800-766-7722. A description of the Funds' policies and procedures with respect to the disclosure of the Funds' portfolio holdings is available in the Statement of Additional Information.

In addition, each Fund may post portfolio holdings on the J.P. Morgan Funds' website at [www.jpmorganfunds.com](http://www.jpmorganfunds.com) or on the J.P. Morgan external websites.

On each business day, all Funds will post their level of weekly liquid assets as of the prior business day and the Funds (other than tax free and municipal money market funds) will post their level of daily liquid assets as of the prior business day on the J.P. Morgan Funds' website at [www.jpmorganfunds.com](http://www.jpmorganfunds.com).

## DISCLOSURE OF MARKET-BASED NET ASSET VALUE

On each business day, each of the Funds will post its market-based NAV per share (Market-Based NAV) for the prior business day, as calculated using current market quotations (or an appropriate substitute that reflects current market conditions) to value its NAV per share to four decimal places on the J.P. Morgan Funds' website at [www.jpmorganfunds.com](http://www.jpmorganfunds.com).

The Market-Based NAV will be provided for informational purposes only. For purposes of transactions in the shares of each Fund, in accordance with Rule 2a-7, the price for shares will continue to be the NAV per share of the applicable share class, calculated using the amortized cost method to two decimals, as described under "How Your Account Works."

# What the Terms Mean

**Asset-backed securities:** Interests in a stream of payments from specific assets, such as auto or credit card receivables.

**Commercial paper:** Short-term securities with maturities of 1 to 270 days which are issued by banks, corporations and others.

**Demand notes:** Debt securities with no set maturity date. The investor can generally demand payment of the principal at any time.

**Distribution fee:** Covers the cost of the distribution system used to sell shares to the public.

**Dollar-weighted average maturity:** The average maturity of the Fund is the average amount of time until the organization(s) that issued the debt securities in the Fund's portfolio must pay off the principal amount of the debt. "Dollar-weighted" means the larger the dollar value of debt security in the Fund, the more weight it gets in calculating this average. To calculate the dollar-weighted average maturity, the Fund may treat a variable or floating rate security as having a maturity equal to the time remaining to the security's next interest rate reset date rather than the security's actual maturity date.

**Dollar-weighted average life:** The dollar weighted average portfolio maturity without reference to the exceptions used for variable or floating rate securities regarding the use of the date of interest rate resets in lieu of the security's actual maturity date.

**Floating rate securities:** Securities whose interest rates adjust automatically whenever a particular interest rate changes.

**Liquidity:** The ability to easily convert investments into cash without losing a significant amount of money in the process.

**Management fee:** A fee paid to the investment adviser to manage the Fund and make decisions about buying and selling the Fund's investments.

**Municipal lease obligations:** These provide participation in municipal lease agreements and installment purchase contracts, but are not part of general obligations of the municipality.

**Municipal obligations:** Debt securities issued by or on behalf of states, territories and possessions or by their agencies or other groups with authority to act for them. Interest on certain municipal obligations, generally issued as general obligation and revenue bonds, is exempt from federal taxation and state and/or local taxes in the state where issued.

**Other expenses:** Miscellaneous items, including transfer agency, administration, custody and registration fees.

**Qualified banks:** (i) U.S. banks with more than \$1 billion in total assets, and foreign branches of these banks; or (ii) foreign banks with the equivalent of more than \$1 billion in total assets and which have branches or agencies in the U.S. or (iii) other U.S. or foreign commercial banks which the Fund's adviser judges to have comparable credit standing.

**Repurchase agreement:** A special type of a short-term investment. A dealer sells securities to a Fund and agrees to buy them back later for a set price. This set price includes interest. In effect, the dealer is borrowing the Fund's money for a short time, using the securities as collateral.

**Reverse repurchase agreement:** Contract whereby the Fund sells a security and agrees to repurchase it from the buyer on a particular date and at a specific price. Considered a form of borrowing.

**Shareholder service fee:** A fee to cover the cost of paying Financial Intermediaries to provide certain support services for your account.

**U.S. government securities:** Debt instruments (Treasury bills, notes, and bonds) guaranteed by the U.S. government or its agencies or instrumentalities for the timely payment of principal and interest.

**Variable rate securities:** Securities whose interest rates are periodically adjusted.

# Financial Highlights

The financial highlights tables are intended to help you understand each Fund's financial performance for each of the past one through five fiscal years. Certain information reflects financial results for a single Fund share. The total returns in the tables represent the rate that an investor would have earned (or lost) on an investment in a Fund (assuming reinvestment of all dividends and distributions). This information has been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, whose reports, along with each Fund's financial statements, are included in the respective Fund's annual report, which is available upon request.

To the extent that a Fund invests in other funds, the Total Annual Operating Expenses included in the Fee Table will not correlate to the ratio of expenses to average net assets in the financial highlights below.

## Reserve

	Per share operating performance						
	Net asset value, beginning of period	Investment operations			Distributions		
		Net investment income (loss)	Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	Total from investment operations	Net investment income	Net realized gain	Total distributions
<b>Prime Money Market Fund</b>							
Year Ended February 28, 2014	\$1.00	\$- (a)	\$- (a)	\$- (a)	\$- (a)	\$- (a)	\$- (a)
Year Ended February 28, 2013	1.00	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)
Year Ended February 29, 2012	1.00	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)
Year Ended February 28, 2011	1.00	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)
Year Ended February 28, 2010	1.00	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	-	- (a)
<b>Liquid Assets Money Market Fund</b>							
Year Ended February 28, 2014	1.00	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)
Year Ended February 28, 2013	1.00	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)
Year Ended February 29, 2012	1.00	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)
Year Ended February 28, 2011	1.00	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)
Year Ended February 28, 2010	1.00	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	-	- (a)
<b>U.S. Government Money Market Fund</b>							
Year Ended February 28, 2014	1.00	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)
Year Ended February 28, 2013	1.00	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)
Year Ended February 29, 2012	1.00	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)
Year Ended February 28, 2011	1.00	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)
Year Ended February 28, 2010	1.00	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	-	- (a)
<b>U.S. Treasury Plus Money Market Fund</b>							
Year Ended February 28, 2014	1.00	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)
Year Ended February 28, 2013	1.00	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)
Year Ended February 29, 2012	1.00	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)
Year Ended February 28, 2011	1.00	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	-	- (a)
Year Ended February 28, 2010	1.00	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	-	- (a)

(a) Amount rounds to less than \$0.01.

(b) Includes insurance expense of 0.02%.

(c) Includes insurance expense of 0.01%.

(d) Amount rounds to less than 0.01%.

(e) Includes earnings credits and interest expenses, if applicable, each of which is less than 0.01% unless otherwise noted.

**Ratios/Supplemental data**

**Ratios to average net assets**

Net asset value, end of period	Total return	Net assets end of period (000's)	Net expenses (e)	Net investment income (loss)	Expenses without waivers, reimbursements and earnings credits
\$1.00	0.01%	\$1,426,646	0.23%	0.01%	0.71%
1.00	0.01	1,449,080	0.32	0.01	0.71
1.00	0.01	1,526,992	0.29	0.01	0.71
1.00	0.01	1,781,936	0.31	0.01	0.71
1.00	0.04	2,569,511	0.52(b)	0.04	0.72
1.00	0.01	184,873	0.24	0.01	0.73
1.00	0.01	178,029	0.34	0.01	0.72
1.00	0.01	249,909	0.30	0.01	0.72
1.00	0.02	286,293	0.33	0.01	0.72
1.00	0.05	380,945	0.57(b)	0.07	0.73
1.00	0.01	48,890	0.09	0.01	0.71
1.00	0.00(d)	34,522	0.17	0.00(d)	0.71
1.00	0.01	23,828	0.14	0.00(d)	0.71
1.00	0.02	44,382	0.24	0.00(d)	0.71
1.00	0.00(d)	65,425	0.43	0.00(d)	0.71
1.00	0.00(d)	943,099	0.08	0.00(d)	0.71
1.00	0.00(d)	915,908	0.15	0.00(d)	0.71
1.00	0.00(d)	998,994	0.09	0.00(d)	0.71
1.00	0.01	1,074,397	0.21	0.00(d)	0.71
1.00	0.00(d)	1,223,618	0.29(c)	0.00(d)	0.71

# Financial Highlights (continued)

## Reserve (continued)

	Per share operating performance						
	Net asset value, beginning of period	Investment operations			Distributions		
		Net investment income (loss)	Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	Total from investment operations	Net investment income	Net realized gain	Total distributions
<b>Federal Money Market Fund</b>							
Year Ended February 28, 2014	\$1.00	\$- (a)	\$- (a)	\$- (a)	\$- (a)	\$- (a)	\$- (a)
Year Ended February 28, 2013	1.00	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)
Year Ended February 29, 2012	1.00	- (a)	-	- (a)	- (a)	-	- (a)
Year Ended February 28, 2011	1.00	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)
Year Ended February 28, 2010	1.00	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	-	- (a)

(a) Amount rounds to less than \$0.01.

(b) Amount rounds to less than 0.01%.

(c) Includes earnings credits and interest expense, if applicable, each of which is less than 0.01% unless otherwise noted.

**Ratios/Supplemental data**

**Ratios to average net assets**

Net asset value, end of period	Total return	Net assets end of period (000's)	Net expenses (c)	Net investment income (loss)	Expenses without waivers, reimbursements and earnings credits
\$1.00	0.01%	\$ 2,429	0.09%	0.00%(b)	0.74%
1.00	0.01	18,231	0.12	0.01	0.73
1.00	0.00(b)	11,368	0.09	0.01	0.73
1.00	0.02	6,455	0.23	0.00(b)	0.71
1.00	0.00(b)	107,259	0.38	0.00(b)	0.71

# Financial Highlights (continued)

## Reserve (continued)

	Per share operating performance						
	Net asset value, beginning of period	Investment operations			Distributions		
		Net investment income (loss)	Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	Total from investment operations	Net investment income	Net realized gain	Total distributions
<b>100% U.S. Treasury Securities</b>							
<b>Money Market Fund</b>							
Year Ended February 28, 2014	\$1.00	\$-	\$- (a)	\$- (a)	\$- (a)	\$- (a)	\$- (a)
Year Ended February 28, 2013	1.00	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)
Year Ended February 29, 2012	1.00	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)
Year Ended February 28, 2011	1.00	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)
Year Ended February 28, 2010	1.00	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	-	-	-
<b>Tax Free Money Market Fund</b>							
Year Ended February 28, 2014	1.00	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)
Year Ended February 28, 2013	1.00	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)
Year Ended February 29, 2012	1.00	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	-	- (a)
Year Ended February 28, 2011	1.00	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)
Year Ended February 28, 2010	1.00	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	-	- (a)
<b>Municipal Money Market Fund</b>							
Year Ended February 28, 2014	1.00	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	-	- (a)
Year Ended February 28, 2013	1.00	-	- (a)	- (a)	-	-	-
Year Ended February 29, 2012	1.00	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	-	- (a)
Year Ended February 28, 2011	1.00	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)
Year Ended February 28, 2010	1.00	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	-	- (a)
<b>Michigan Municipal Money Market Fund</b>							
Year Ended February 28, 2014	1.00	-	-	-	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)
Year Ended February 28, 2013	1.00	-	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)
Year Ended February 29, 2012	1.00	-	- (a)	- (a)	-	-	-
Year Ended February 28, 2011	1.00	- (a)	-	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)
Year Ended February 28, 2010	1.00	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	-	- (a)
<b>New York Municipal Money Market Fund</b>							
Year Ended February 28, 2014	1.00	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)
Year Ended February 28, 2013	1.00	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)
Year Ended February 29, 2012	1.00	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	-	- (a)
Year Ended February 28, 2011	1.00	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)
Year Ended February 28, 2010	1.00	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	-	- (a)

(a) Amount rounds to less than \$0.01.

(b) Amount rounds to less than 0.01%.

(c) Includes insurance expense of 0.03%.

(d) Includes insurance expense of 0.02%.

(e) Includes insurance expense of 0.01%.

(f) Includes earnings credits and interest expense, if applicable, each of which is less than 0.01% unless otherwise noted.



Ratios/Supplemental data

Ratios to average net assets

Net asset value, end of period	Total return	Net assets end of period (000's)	Net expenses (f)	Net investment income (loss)	Expenses without waivers, reimbursements and earnings credits
\$1.00	0.00%(b)	\$ 44,246	0.07%	0.00%	0.71%
1.00	0.00(b)	56,977	0.10	0.00(b)	0.71
1.00	0.00(b)	69,684	0.05	0.01	0.71
1.00	0.01	46,241	0.15	0.00(b)	0.71
1.00	0.00	309,357	0.22	0.00(b)	0.70
1.00	0.02	4,484,279	0.12	0.01	0.71
1.00	0.01	6,804,823	0.21	0.00(b)	0.71
1.00	0.01	7,340,658	0.22	0.00(b)	0.71
1.00	0.03	6,317,759	0.30	0.00(b)	0.71
1.00	0.00(b)	6,223,699	0.45(d)	0.01	0.73
1.00	0.00(b)	32,909	0.19	0.00(b)	0.72
1.00	0.00	45,250	0.30	0.00	0.72
1.00	0.00(b)	54,714	0.32	0.00(b)	0.72
1.00	0.01	59,602	0.37	0.00(b)	0.72
1.00	0.06	125,114	0.59(d)	0.06	0.74
1.00	0.01	86,453	0.14	0.00	0.79
1.00	0.00(b)	100,448	0.24	0.00	0.78
1.00	0.00	114,758	0.24	0.00	0.77
1.00	0.05	139,538	0.35	0.00(b)	0.77
1.00	0.02	220,793	0.32(e)	0.00(b)	0.76
1.00	0.02	233,242	0.15	0.01	0.73
1.00	0.01	353,286	0.25	0.00(b)	0.72
1.00	0.00(b)	372,876	0.26	0.00(b)	0.72
1.00	0.10	395,301	0.34	0.01	0.72
1.00	0.02	364,918	0.58(c)	0.02	0.74

# Financial Highlights (continued)

## Reserve (continued)

	Per share operating performance						
	Net asset value, beginning of period	Investment operations			Distributions		
		Net investment income (loss)	Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	Total from investment operations	Net investment income	Net realized gain	Total distributions
<b>Ohio Municipal Money Market Fund</b>							
Year Ended February 28, 2014	\$1.00	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$- (a)	\$-	\$- (a)
Year Ended February 28, 2013	1.00	-	- (a)	- (a)	-	-	-
Year Ended February 29, 2012	1.00	-	-	-	- (a)	-	- (a)
Year Ended February 28, 2011	1.00	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)
Year Ended February 28, 2010	1.00	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)	- (a)

(a) Amount rounds to less than \$0.01.

(b) Includes insurance expense of 0.03%.

(c) Includes earnings credits and interest expense, if applicable, each of which is less than 0.01% unless otherwise noted.

(d) Amount rounds to less than 0.01%.

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**Ratios/Supplemental data**

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**Ratios to average net assets**

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Net asset value, end of period	Total return	Net assets end of period (000's)	Net expenses (c)	Net investment income (loss)	Expenses without waivers, reimbursements and earnings credits
\$1.00	0.00%(d)	\$22,583	0.15%	0.00%	0.92%
1.00	0.00(d)	17,748	0.24	0.00	0.87
1.00	0.01	20,665	0.22	0.00	0.86
1.00	0.08	30,018	0.36	0.01	0.89
1.00	0.14	23,851	0.61(b)	0.03	0.87

## Additional Fee and Expense Information

### ADDITIONAL FEE AND EXPENSE INFORMATION FOR JPMT II FUNDS AND FORMER ONE GROUP MUTUAL FUNDS

In connection with the 2004 final settlement between Banc One Investment Advisors Corporation (BOIA), subsequently known as JPMorgan Investment Advisors Inc. (JPMIA), with the New York Attorney General arising out of market timing of certain mutual funds advised by BOIA, BOIA agreed, among other things, to disclose hypothetical information regarding investment and expense information to Fund shareholders. The hypothetical examples are provided for JPMT II Funds or those Funds that have acquired the assets and liabilities of a JPMT II Fund or a series of One Group Mutual Funds.

The “Gross Expense Ratio” includes the contractual expenses that make up the investment advisory, administration and shareholder servicing fees, Rule 12b-1 distribution fees, fees paid to vendors not affiliated with JPMIM that provide services to the Funds and other fees and expenses of the Funds. The “Net Expense Ratio” is Gross Expenses less any fee waivers or expense reimbursements memorialized in a written contract between the Funds and JPMIM and/or its affiliates, as applicable.

	<u>Class</u>	<u>Net Expense Ratio</u>	<u>Gross Expense Ratio</u>
JPMorgan Prime Money Market Fund	Reserve	0.70%	0.71%
JPMorgan Liquid Assets Money Market Fund	Reserve	0.70	0.73
JPMorgan U.S. Government Money Market Fund	Reserve	0.70	0.71
JPMorgan U.S. Treasury Plus Money Market Fund	Reserve	0.70	0.71
JPMorgan 100% U.S. Treasury Securities Money Market Fund	Reserve	0.70	0.71
JPMorgan Municipal Money Market Fund	Reserve	0.70	0.72
JPMorgan Michigan Municipal Money Market Fund	Reserve	0.70	0.79
JPMorgan Ohio Municipal Money Market Fund	Reserve	0.70	0.92

A Fund’s annual return is reduced by its fees and expenses for that year. The examples below are intended to help you understand the annual and cumulative impact of the Fund’s fees and expenses on your investment through a hypothetical investment of \$10,000 held for the next 10 years. The examples assume the following:

- On July 1, 2014, you invest \$10,000 in the Fund and you will hold the shares for the entire 10 year period;
- Your investment has a 5% return each year;
- The Fund’s operating expenses remain at the levels discussed below and are not affected by increases or decreases in Fund assets over time;
- At the time of purchase, any applicable initial sales charges (loads) are deducted; and
- There is no sales charge (load) on reinvested dividends.
- The annual costs are calculated using the Net Expense Ratios for the period through the expiration of any fee waivers or expense reimbursements memorialized in a written contract between the Funds and JPMIM and/or its affiliates; and the Gross Expense Ratios thereafter.

“Gross Cumulative Return” shows what the cumulative return on your investment at the end of each 12-month period (year) ended June 30 would be if Fund expenses are not deducted. “Net Cumulative Return” shows what the cumulative return on your investment at the end of each year would be assuming Fund expenses are deducted each year in the amount shown under “Annual Costs.” “Net Annual Return” shows what effect the “Annual Costs” will have on the assumed 5% annual return for each year.

***Your actual costs may be higher or lower than those shown.***

## JPMorgan Prime Money Market Fund

Period Ended	Reserve Shares			
	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
June 30, 2015	\$ 72	5.00%	4.30%	4.30%
June 30, 2016	76	10.25	8.77	4.29
June 30, 2017	79	15.76	13.44	4.29
June 30, 2018	82	21.55	18.31	4.29
June 30, 2019	86	27.63	23.38	4.29
June 30, 2020	89	34.01	28.68	4.29
June 30, 2021	93	40.71	34.20	4.29
June 30, 2022	97	47.75	39.95	4.29
June 30, 2023	101	55.13	45.96	4.29
June 30, 2024	106	62.89	52.22	4.29

## JPMorgan Liquid Assets Money Market Fund

Period Ended	Reserve Shares			
	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
June 30, 2015	\$ 72	5.00%	4.30%	4.30%
June 30, 2016	78	10.25	8.75	4.27
June 30, 2017	81	15.76	13.40	4.27
June 30, 2018	85	21.55	18.24	4.27
June 30, 2019	88	27.63	23.29	4.27
June 30, 2020	92	34.01	28.55	4.27
June 30, 2021	96	40.71	34.04	4.27
June 30, 2022	100	47.75	39.77	4.27
June 30, 2023	104	55.13	45.73	4.27
June 30, 2024	109	62.89	51.96	4.27

## JPMorgan U.S. Government Money Market Fund

Period Ended	Reserve Shares			
	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
June 30, 2015	\$ 72	5.00%	4.30%	4.30%
June 30, 2016	76	10.25	8.77	4.29
June 30, 2017	79	15.76	13.44	4.29
June 30, 2018	82	21.55	18.31	4.29
June 30, 2019	86	27.63	23.38	4.29
June 30, 2020	89	34.01	28.68	4.29
June 30, 2021	93	40.71	34.20	4.29
June 30, 2022	97	47.75	39.95	4.29
June 30, 2023	101	55.13	45.96	4.29
June 30, 2024	106	62.89	52.22	4.29

## Additional Fee and Expense Information (continued)

### JPMorgan Michigan Municipal Money Market Fund

Period Ended	Reserve Shares			
	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
June 30, 2015	\$ 72	5.00%	4.30%	4.30%
June 30, 2016	84	10.25	8.69	4.21
June 30, 2017	88	15.76	13.27	4.21
June 30, 2018	91	21.55	18.04	4.21
June 30, 2019	95	27.63	23.00	4.21
June 30, 2020	99	34.01	28.18	4.21
June 30, 2021	103	40.71	33.58	4.21
June 30, 2022	108	47.75	39.20	4.21
June 30, 2023	112	55.13	45.06	4.21
June 30, 2024	117	62.89	51.17	4.21

### JPMorgan Ohio Municipal Money Market Fund

Period Ended	Reserve Shares			
	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
June 30, 2015	\$ 72	5.00%	4.30%	4.30%
June 30, 2016	98	10.25	8.56	4.08
June 30, 2017	102	15.76	12.98	4.08
June 30, 2018	106	21.55	17.59	4.08
June 30, 2019	110	27.63	22.39	4.08
June 30, 2020	115	34.01	27.39	4.08
June 30, 2021	120	40.71	32.58	4.08
June 30, 2022	124	47.75	37.99	4.08
June 30, 2023	130	55.13	43.62	4.08
June 30, 2024	135	62.89	49.48	4.08

### JPMorgan U.S. Treasury Plus Money Market Fund

Period Ended	Reserve Shares			
	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
June 30, 2015	\$ 72	5.00%	4.30%	4.30%
June 30, 2016	76	10.25	8.77	4.29
June 30, 2017	79	15.76	13.44	4.29
June 30, 2018	82	21.55	18.31	4.29
June 30, 2019	86	27.63	23.38	4.29
June 30, 2020	89	34.01	28.68	4.29
June 30, 2021	93	40.71	34.20	4.29
June 30, 2022	97	47.75	39.95	4.29
June 30, 2023	101	55.13	45.96	4.29
June 30, 2024	106	62.89	52.22	4.29

## JPMorgan 100% U.S. Treasury Securities Money Market Fund

Period Ended	Reserve Shares			
	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
June 30, 2015	\$ 72	5.00%	4.30%	4.30%
June 30, 2016	76	10.25	8.77	4.29
June 30, 2017	79	15.76	13.44	4.29
June 30, 2018	82	21.55	18.31	4.29
June 30, 2019	86	27.63	23.38	4.29
June 30, 2020	89	34.01	28.68	4.29
June 30, 2021	93	40.71	34.20	4.29
June 30, 2022	97	47.75	39.95	4.29
June 30, 2023	101	55.13	45.96	4.29
June 30, 2024	106	62.89	52.22	4.29

## JPMorgan Municipal Money Market Fund

Period Ended	Reserve Shares			
	Annual Costs	Gross Cumulative Return	Net Cumulative Return	Net Annual Return
June 30, 2015	\$ 72	5.00%	4.30%	4.30%
June 30, 2016	77	10.25	8.76	4.28
June 30, 2017	80	15.76	13.42	4.28
June 30, 2018	83	21.55	18.27	4.28
June 30, 2019	87	27.63	23.34	4.28
June 30, 2020	91	34.01	28.61	4.28
June 30, 2021	95	40.71	34.12	4.28
June 30, 2022	99	47.75	39.86	4.28
June 30, 2023	103	55.13	45.85	4.28
June 30, 2024	107	62.89	52.09	4.28

## HOW TO REACH US

### MORE INFORMATION

For investors who want more information on these Funds the following documents are available free upon request:

### ANNUAL AND SEMI-ANNUAL REPORTS

Our annual and semi-annual reports contain more information about each Fund's investments and performance.

### STATEMENT OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION (SAI)

The SAI contains more detailed information about the Funds and their policies. It is incorporated by reference into this prospectus. This means, by law, it is considered to be part of this prospectus.

You can get a free copy of these documents and other information, or ask us any questions, by calling us at 1-800-766-7722 or writing to:

**J.P. Morgan Institutional Funds Service Center  
500 Stanton Christiana Road, 3-OPS3  
Newark, DE 19713**

If you buy your shares through a Financial Intermediary, you should contact that Financial Intermediary directly for more information. You can also find information online at [www.jpmorganfunds.com](http://www.jpmorganfunds.com).

You can write or e-mail the SEC's Public Reference Room and ask them to mail you information about the Funds, including the SAI. They will charge you a copying fee for this service. You can also visit the Public Reference Room and copy the documents while you are there.

**Public Reference Room of the SEC  
Washington, DC 20549-1520  
1-202-551-8090  
E-mail: [publicinfo@sec.gov](mailto:publicinfo@sec.gov)**

Reports, a copy of the SAI and other information about the Funds are also available on the EDGAR Database on the SEC's website at <http://www.sec.gov>.

Investment Company Act File Nos.

JPMorgan Trust I .....	811-21295
JPMorgan Trust II .....	811-4236